Morning Oregonian.

NO. 260. PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1874. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

The idea of a partial renewal of the Assemby by periodical elections is gaining ground among all parties. A motion to that effect will probably be soon introduced in the Chamber.

Abandons the Carlists.

MADRID, Dec. 7.—The Bishop of Urgel announces that he has abandoned the Carlist cause and has advised Don Alfonso to do the same.

Spanish War News.

SANTANDER, Dec. 7.—Advices from Carlist headquarters have been received. Gen. Darrigardy has returned there, and has been appointed to the command of the Center, Gen. Tristany to be in the North. It is expected that Serrano will order a general attack on the Carlists in Navarre.

Rothschilds' Loan to the Spanish Republic.

PARIS, Dec. 8.—Rothschilds' banking house has advanced thirty million reals to Spain.

Rise of One Shilling in Wheat.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—The *Mark Lane Express* says the weather is wintry. Many Russian ports have closed till Spring. There is small fluctuation in wheat, which is firm, with a rise of one shilling. It is thought the lowest rates have been passed. The weather generally is favorable for the new crop.

CHINA.

China in Po[illegible]ion of Formosa.

HONGKONG, Dec. 3.—The Japanese troops retired from Fo[illegible] on the 3d inst.

PACIFIC CO[illegible]T NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—Last night, about 6:45, Frank Curly, 17 years old, was walking along Harrison street, near Ninth, on his way home, when he was approached by a drunken man, Frank McAvoy, who plunged a knife twice into his left side, inflicting wounds which are supposed to be fatal. McAvoy escaped. Curly was taken to St. Mary's hospital.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—F. W. Cushing, time clerk in the Naval Construction Department at Mare Island, charged with falsifying the pay roll in such a manner that pay for two men not employed was drawn for his own benefit, was brought to the city yesterday by the U. S. Marshal. The prisoner was admitted to bail in the sum of $2,000. The investigation is appointed for to-day before U. S. Commissioner Sawyer. This forenoon, however, Cushing, by his counsel, gave notice he would waive preliminary examination. His case will therefore be submitted directly to the grand jury.

Interior California.

BAKERSFIELD, Dec. 8.—A sad accident occurred here this afternoon, resulting in the death of a man named Camp. From the best information obtained it appears that he had been out hunting, was on his way home, and stopped near a man engaged in hauling water to the depot. As he placed his gun on the ground the charge exploded, carrying the contents through the unfortunate man's heart.

A large force of Chinamen is being placed at work opening the new wagon road from the end of the S. P. R. R. near Allen's camp to a point east of Tehatchpi Pass. This is the preliminary step towards the project which is about being made to bring all the Panamint and Cerro Gordo bullion trade to the S. P. R. R. Parties possessed of ample means are connected with the enterprise, which is calculated to enhance the development of the mining region on our eastern boundaries.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 8.—On Saturday Mr. Pike, living about eight miles below town, met with a distressing accident while handling a double-barreled gun loaded with buckshot. One barrel accidentally went off and the charge tore through his left arm, tearing the flesh away and shattering the bone just above the elbow joint.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 8.—The Aliso mills, destroyed by fire last summer, are being rebuilt. New machinery is being put in, and it will be in running order in a short time.

It is reported that Harris, who was defeated for Marshal by 23 votes, will contest the election on the ground of illegal voting.

TRUCKEE, Dec. 8.—This morning as number six, west bound freight train, was side tracking for west bound passenger train, at Boca, the freight train broke in two and collided with the passenger train, completely demolishing the caboose and one emigrant car, killing two passengers instantly and badly wounding three others who are not expected to live, also seriously injuring Conductor Bennett who was a passenger at the time. He was thrown some 60 feet down an embankment into a pile of rock. Quite a number are still missing and are supposed to be in the river as the emigrant car was thrown down the embankment. The dead and wounded were brought to this place. One of the men killed is supposed to be a brother of Litchenstein, a broker of San Francisco. No one was injured on the passenger train. It left here five hours late.

Shooting affray has just occurred in Chinatown between Lun On Chong and Ah Kee, two Chinamen. Lun On Chong was shot in the hand and shoulder, and Ah Kee shot in the head. Neither considered dangerous.

An Indignant Populace—Almost a Lynching.

MERCED, Dec. 8.—The town is all excitement in consequence of the shooting of Edward Madden, editor of the *Tribune*, by Harry Granice, yesterday. Last night crowds gathered on the street who meant to deal summarily with the murderer of Madden. The Sheriff, anticipating the condition of affairs, had removed the prisoner to Huffman's ranch, one mile from town, in charge of two responsible subofficers. The people found out that the prisoner had been removed and about 9 o'clock information reached town as to his whereabouts. The mob, mounted on mustangs, went out to his place of concealment and demanded him of the officers. One of the officers was in bed with him and had him handcuffed, one of the cuffs being placed upon his own person, to guard against any possible escape. The two got out of bed and ran out of doors and it seems that the prisoner here made his escape. Reports are numerous as to how he made his escape. Officers are now in search; great excitement prevails. The town is full of parties who have come from abroad to learn the particulars of the tragedy. Last night the mother of the deceased arrived. The remains were taken to Stockton to-day where they will be interred in the family lot. A great many accompanied the cortege from here. The crowd broke into the jail after the prisoner had been removed. They then went to the *Argus* office and upset things generally. The office looks like a wreck this morning. It seems that Steele made a bill of sale of the property to Wigginton, a banker here, who held a mortgage of $2,500 on it at the time of the affray. There is no likelihood of the murderer's escape as he is hemmed in on all sides. Madden was universally esteemed. He was young and promising, and had not a single enemy in the whole Valley. He was unarmed. Granice is a stepson of Steele, editor of the *Argus*. He is young and of little account. He was instigated by Steele, no doubt. The citizens understood this and waited on Steele last night and gave him 24 hours to get out of town. He left immediately, which was the best thing he could do under the circumstances. The excitement has been high for 24 hours, and still no signs of abatement. It is barely possible the murderer has been hung by the mob.

The Search for the Assassin.

MERCED, Dec. 8.—The escape of Granice from the authorities created an immense excitement, the country for miles around being searched. Large numbers of citizens have been out all day, but owing to a dense fog which hangs over the valley there is little or no prospect of his recapture until he is driven by hunger and privation to seek shelter in some farm house. The sheriff has just returned from the hunt and states that the fog is so dense that one can scarce see ten feet. The fields are scattered over with determined men, and the murderer is so hemmed in that escape is impossible.

NEVADA.

EUREKA, Dec. 8.—About 11 o'clock yesterday morning a China washman was killed in Ruby Hill by a miner named Nick Garland. It appears that the Chinaman accosted Garland as he was going to work in reference to a wash bill. A dispute arose, and during the altercation the Chinaman was stabbed, it is supposed, with the sharp point of a miner's candlestick which Garland held in his hand. Officers have not succeeded in arresting him.

James Miller, the messenger who was shot by the stage robbers last Wednesday night, was considered on Sunday evening in a critical condition. His arm was badly swollen and he appeared to be gradually sinking, but rallied considerably yesterday. His physicians consider the chances favorable for his recovery.

ARIZONA.

PRESCOTT, Dec. 8.—Johnson & McHenry, discoverers of the General Crook lode, have a 50-foot shaft in their claim. The vein at that depth is three feet wide and very rich in gold. The mining news from all the camps is very encouraging.

TUCSON, Dec. 8.—In the District Court, the case of Holmes, for the murder of Col. Duffield, the Judge charged the jury at 9 o'clock last evening. The jury tied up all night and have not yet agreed.

J. A. Moore contemplates putting on a semi-weekly line of stages from Maricopa via Phœnix to Prescott, making the trip through in two days.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Death of Hon. W. W. Bristow.

EUGENE CITY, O., Dec. 8.—W. W. Bristow, State Senator from Lane county, died at his residence at 7:30 o'clock this morning, after an illness of about two week. He will be buried by the Masonic Order, at 12 o'clock Thursday, Dec. 10th, in the family burying ground at Pleasant Hill, Lane county.

Albany Municipal Election.

ALBANY, O., Dec. 8.—The city election yesterday was warmly contested. The following officers were elected: Mayor, David Froman (Rep.); Recorder, M. A. Baker (Dem.); Marshal, Richard Fox (Rep.); Treasurer, Nelson Wright (Rep.); Councilmen, L. E. Blain, G. F. Simpson, G. F. Settlemeier (Reps.), Allen Parker, J. L. Hill, L. Kline (Dems.).

THE TERRITORIES.

Salt Lake boasts of 200 new houses this year.

Card sharps are taking in the unsophisticated at several points on the Sound.

It is said that 1,400 Indians have been taken into the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints during the past six months.

The Pension Agency at Santa Fe, New Mexico, has been discontinued, and the pensioners turned over to the Topeka (Kansas) Agency.

The total vote of Colorado Territory, at her recent general election, is set down at 16,522, which the Denver *Tribune* pronounces a very light vote.

The Santa Fe *New Mexican* wants Government officers and agents in its Territory to purchase in open market such supplies as they may need.

The Corinne *Mail* learns that one of its ex-editors, John W. Pike, contemplates a trip to England, and then throws cold water on his movements by telling him walking is bad.

Timothy Dwyer, of Olympia, has been sentenced to the county jail for one year for assault and battery, on the recommendation of the jury that convicted him, that he be punished as severely as the law would allow.

In Arizona, near Camp Apache, Mr. G. K. Gilbert, of the expedition under the immediate direction of Lieut. G. M. Wheeler, reports a bed of coal belonging to the true carboniferous series.

The *New Mexican Borderer* accuses Delegate Elkins, of its Territory, of a desire to have a State formed out of portions of New Mexico, Colorado and Arizona. Arizonans are not anxious for such a job.

The Walla Walla *Statesman* says: At the Idaho election over 200 votes were cast for Hon. S. S. Fenn, and these are returned different from the balance of the vote, which was for S. S. Fenn, without the complimentary prefix. On this basis, the attempt is made to *count* Fenn out.

The New Mexico *Flag*, of October 10th, says that Gen. Thomas C. Devin was about to assume command of the District. Gen. Gregg was about to leave for the East, on leave. Lt. Buffum was inspecting the telegraph line, between Santa Fe and Pueblo. The post of Tulerosa has been discontinued.

The Arizona *Miner* is choice in its selection of words regarding its contemporary, the Yuma *Sentinel*. The *Miner* says: "Bummer Berry, of the *Sentinel*, will be attended to in due season, despite our repugnance to bandying words with such a filthy, cowardly, low, lying, drunken, brutal oleomargine producing beast."

Utah is making rapid progress in railways this season. Iron is arriving at Salt Lake city for the Utah Southern, and an army of men are at work south of Provo, casting up the grade for the ties and rails. The Utah Western has received 16 car loads of iron, and the balance to lay the first 22 miles is between Salt Lake city and Omaha.

Trouble has already begun in the Black Hills in consequence of miners going there in search of gold, in disobedience of Government orders. Dispatches state that the Indians had been defending their territory, and the result was a desperate fight between a prospecting party and the savages. Two white men and ten Indians were killed, with nearly everybody else concerned badly wounded. Another party of miners have not been heard from since entering the debatable ground.

B. F. McCormick, formerly of the Dalles, and a man well known to early residents, was up before the District Court at Walla Walla, last week, on the charge of assaulting and maiming another old resident named Boise. The offense was committed in the year 1861, thirteen years ago, and an indictment found at the time, but the accused was never brought to trial. About a month since, McCormick returned to Walla Walla, and almost immediately afterward measures were taken to bring him to trial.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* notes as a piece of "cool impudence" the fact that W. H. Dame, Bishop of the Mormon Church, President of a small stake at Parowan, and Colonel in the Nauvoo Legion (Danites) sent a cool message to U. S. Marshal Maxwell, asking that official for permission to go out and preach to the Latter-day brethren in the wards contiguous to the penitentiary, where Dame is now in durance vile on an indictment for participation in the Mountain Meadows Massacre. What a nice sermon that would be, if he were allowed to lift his bloody hands even in a Mormon pulpit!

The Salt Lake *Tribune* says a judgment has just been rendered in the District Court in favor of Cora Conway, and against Peter Clinton, late City Alderman, John D. T. McAllister, Charles Crow and Wm. Hyde, catspaws of the first two, for $6,100, is an indication that we are drifting towards that condition of society wherein the law rises above disorders and misrule. On 29th of August, 1872, under a pretended judgment of Clinton's court, in the City Hall, the house of plaintiff was "abated" as a nuisance, her furniture and goods of every description destroyed and utterly demolished. The court incidentally remarked, there is now no perceptible legal difference between the dens of the priesthood and the unsanctified, refuge of any other description of social harlotry. The law which must punish and abate either will inevitably destroy the other. When Conway's threshold is abated for the sin marks on the lintels, Brigham Young, Wells, Cannon and the rest of their class should be compelled to clean their more degraded habitations. Let them fall together!

The Poughkeepsie *Eagle* says: "Twenty years ago a Greene county father refused to let his young daughter go to a candy pull, and she disappeared. The other day she returned, lifted eleven children out of the wagon, and entered the house and took off her things as coolly as if she had not been gone over a day." It looks like a case of Time's whirligig.

DECISION IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

United States District Court, District of Oregon.—Monday, Dec. 7, 1874.

In re Comstock & Co.—In Bankruptcy.

A statute of Oregon provided that "A foreign corporation, before doing business in the State, must duly execute" a power of attorney, appointing an agent upon whom all process might be served in suits against such corporation: *Held*, that such a corporation before complying with said act, had no power to contract or sell in the State, and that the act was prohibitory and anything done by the corporation contrary to it, was illegal and void.

The doctrine of estopple *in pais* does not extend so far as to enable a person or corporation to do in effect what is forbidden by law, or they are otherwise incapable of doing, and therefore a party to a contract with a foreign corporation made in violation of the above mentioned act, is not estopped to show its illegality for the purpose of preventing a recovery upon it.

DEADY, J.

On September 20, 1874, the Bank of British Columbia filed an amended proof of debt against the estate of C. B. Comstock & Co., for the sum of $9,020 88. On September 26 the assignee filed an objection to such amended proof to the effect that such Bank was a foreign corporation, and had never complied with §§. 8 and 9 of the act of the State, of October 24, 1864, requiring a foreign corporation before transacting business in this State, to appoint an attorney upon whom all process necessary to give jurisdiction over such corporations to the Courts of this State, may be served.

Counsel for the Bank moves to strike out the objection, because: (1). Said objection is improperly pleaded with objections "which are substantial in character." (2). The assignee is estopped to deny that the Bank is a foreign corporation authorized to do business in this State, for the reason that it appears the bankrupts "so dealt and traded with it;" and (3). Said Comstock & Co. borrowed the money of the Bank "which is the subject of this proof" and "thereby did acknowledge that the Bank was a foreign corporation authorized under the laws of the State of Oregon to do business in said State, and therefore the assignee of said Comstock & Co. cannot now be heard to deny the same."

The first point made in support of the motion was not argued.

William H. Effinger, counsel for the Bank, cited 2 N. B. R. 131; 2 Par. on Con. 798–9, note: 19 N. Y. 484; 3 Sandf. 170; 13 Am. L. R. N. S. 610; 14 Ind. 90.

Wm. Strong, counsel for the assignee, cited 13 Pet. 583; 8 Wall, 180; 2 Paine, 516; 8 Wend. 480; 11 Ohio State, 191; Potter's Dwarris on Statutes, 222; Herman on Estoppel §§. 510 and 571.

On the argument it was admitted by counsel for the assignee, that he stood in the same relation to the matter as the bankrupts, and could not be heard to make this objection unless they could. Without expressing an opinion upon this proposition, it is assumed for the purposes of this case that such is the law.

It was also admitted that the Bank is a foreign corporation, empowered by its charter to loan money and collect the same within this State, so far as the laws thereof permit.

Two questions appear to arise in the case. (1.) Does the Oregon statute *prohibit* the transaction of business therein by a foreign corporation until its requirements are complied with? (2.) Is the assignee estopped to show a want of compliance by the Bank with the statute because the bankrupts were parties to the transaction alleged to have been done in violation of it?

The existences of the foreign corporation, styled the Bank of British Columbia, is admitted by the assignee. But it is denied that such corporation has the power to transact business in this State, except by its consent, and then only upon the terms of such consent; and it is claimed that a transaction in violation of such terms is illegal and void for want of power in the corporation.

A foreign corporation has no existence beyond the limits of the sovereignty which created it. As was said in Bank of Augusta v Earle, 13 Pet., 538, "It exists only in contemplation of law, and by force of the law; and where that law ceases to operate, and is no longer obligatory, the corporation can have no existence. It must dwell in the place of its creation, and cannot migrate to another sovereignty."

Yet by the comity of nations the existence of a foreign corporation will be recognized in other countries, and if not prejudicial to their interests or repugnant to their policy it will be permitted to transact business therein. In Story's Con. of Laws, §. 38, it is said: "In the silence of any positive rule, affirming or denying or restraining the operation of foreign laws, courts of justice presume the tacit adoption of them by their own Government, unless they are repugnant to its policy or prejudicial to its interests."

The doctrine is thus stated by Mr. Justice Field in Paul v. Virginia, 8 Wall., 181:—"The corporation being the mere creature of local law, can have no legal existence beyond the limits of the sovereignty where created. As said by this court in Bank of Augusta v. Earl, 'It must dwell in the place of its creation and cannot migrate to another sovereignty.' The recognition of its existence even by other States, *and the enforcement of its contracts made therein depend purely upon the comity of those States*—a comity which is never extended where the existence of the corporation or the exercise of its powers are prejudicial to their interests or repugnant to their policy. Having no absolute right of recognition in other States, but depending for such recognition and the enforcement of its contracts upon their assent, it follows, as a matter of course, that *such assent may be granted upon such terms and conditions as those States may think proper to impose*. They may exclude the foreign corporation entirely; they may restrict its business to particular localities, or they may exact such security for the performance of its contracts with their citizens as in their judgment will best promote the public interest. The whole matter rests in their discretion."

The Bank then has no power to make a contract within this State, without its permission or assent. If the State is silent on the subject, by the comity of nations, its permission is presumed, unless it would be contrary to its policy or interest. But the State has spoken on the subject and given its consent to the transaction of business within its jurisdiction by the bank, not absolutely, but upon a condition or a limitation. This condition or limitation is found in the first clause of §. 8 of the act aforesaid, which provides that "A foreign corporation *before* transacting business in the State, *must* duly execute and acknowledge a power of attorney and cause the same to be recorded in the County Clerk's office of each county where it has a resident agent."

The State having this right to permit the Bank to do business within its limits or not, with or without terms, has seen proper, for the security of its citizens, to require the execution and record of this power of attorney *before* the transaction of such business. The purpose of this requirement as disclosed in §. 9 of the act, is to thereby secure the appointment of an attorney authorized to receive service of process for the Bank, so as to enable the citizens or inhabitants of Oregon who may do business here with it, to sue it in the courts of the State, and thereby avoid the delay and expense which would often be tantamount to a denial of justice, of following it into the courts of the foreign jurisdiction where it was created.

It follows, of course, from these premises, that the Bank had no power to contract in the State until it had complied with the terms upon which the permission to do business was granted. It was required to perform the condition *before* it transacted business. From the passage of the act of 1864 *supra*, the assent of the State which was implied by the comity of nations was expressly qualified, so as to be in effect as follows: "The Bank of British Columbia is permitted to transact business in this State, but *before* doing so it *must* execute and record a power of attorney," etc.

Whilst it is manifest to the most ordinary observation that it was the intention of the Legislature to permit the transaction of business in this State by a foreign corporation only upon the terms provided in the act, yet as it contains no provision imposing a specific penalty for neglect to appoint an attorney as required or authorizing a proceeding by the State against such corporation for illegal exercise of corporate powers therein, unless the appointment of an attorney is held to be a condition precedent to its right to do business in the State, the act is nugatory.

But it is said that this statute is directory, and therefore the acts of the foreign corporation done in disregard of it are not illegal and void. It is the duty of a court to give effect to the intention of the Legislature as far as practicable, and such intention should be ascertained from the words used in the statute and the subject matter to which it relates. The words of this act are certainly mandatory in form. *Before* transacting any business the corporation *must* appoint an attorney. Language could not make it plainer. The purpose of the act is apparent. As has been said, it is to secure the people of the State the right to sue the foreign corporation in the courts of the State; but unless the attorney is appointed *before* the business is transacted it will not be attained. In Rex v. Locksdale, 1 Burr. 447, Lord Mansfield laid down the rule that whether a statute is mandatory or not, depends upon whether the thing directed to be done is the essence of the thing required. Now the appointment of an attorney is the very essence of the thing required in this case. In fact nothing else is required, and without this the statute would be utterly inoperative.

This act, being mandatory, is therefore a prohibition against the transaction of business by the Bank in this State without first complying with its terms, and as a necessary consequence all acts done in violation of it are illegal and void. The legal effect of the act is the same as if it read: It shall be unlawful for any foreign corporation to transact business in this State before appointing an attorney, etc.

In Springfield Bank v. Merrick et al., 14 Mass., 324, it was held that when a statute prohibited banking corporations of that State from receiving or negotiating the bills of banks not so incorporated, a promissory note payable in such bills to a banking corporation of Massachusetts was void and no action could be maintained upon it by the payee.

In Russell v. DeGrand, 15 Mass., 37, it was held that a promissory note given for the premium on a policy of insurance on a vessel bound on a voyage prohibited by the laws of the United States, was void.

In Wheeler v. Russell, 17 Mass., 280, it was held that a promissory note given in payment for shingles sold contrary to a statute requiring them to be surveyed before offered for sale, was void. In delivering the opinion of the court, the Chief Justice said: "No principle of law is better settled than that no action will be upon a contract made in violation of a statute or of a principle of the common law."

In White v. The Franklin Bank, 22 Pick., it was held, that when upon the making of a deposit in a bank the depositor received a certificate in which it was stated that the money was to remain on deposit for a *certain time*, and a statute provided that no bank should make or issue any certificate or contract for the payment of money at a future day certain, such certificate was issued in violation of such statute and as against the bank illegal and void.

In Belding v. Pitkin, 2 Caines' R., 149, Thompson, J., said, "it is a first principle, and not to be touched, that a contract in order to be binding, must be lawful." In Shiffner v. Gordon, 12 East, 304, Lord Ellenborough laid it down as a settled rule, "that when a contract which is illegal, remains to be executed, the Court will not assist either party, in an action to recover for the non-execution of it."

In Bank of the U. S. v. Owens, 2 Pet., 538, the Court held that a contract contrary to a clause in the act incorporating the bank, which forbid it to take a greater interest than six per cent., but did not declare such contract void, was, nevertheless illegal and void. In answer to the question, "whether such contracts are void in law, upon general principles," the Court say: "The answer would seem to be plain and obvious, that no Court of justice can, in its nature, be made the handmaid of iniquity. Courts are instituted to carry into effect the laws of a country; how can they, then, become auxiliary to the consummations of violation of law?"

In Harris v. Runnels, 12 How, 83, Mr. Justice Wayne says: "The object of all law is to repress vice and *to promote the general welfare of society*; and it does not give its assistance to a person to enforce a demand, originating in his breach or violation of its principles and enactments. Contracts in violation of statutes are void; and they are so, whether the consideration to be performed or the act to be done be a violation of the statute." And again (p. 84) he says:—"When the statute is silent, and contains nothing from which the contrary can be properly inferred, a contract in contravention of it is void."

Now this statute is manifestly made "to promote the general welfare" of the people of this State. It is silent as to the consequences of its violation, and therefore the general rule, applies—"a contract in contravention of it is void."

The following cases arose under statutes similar in purpose to the act of this State, and they all hold that a contract in contravention of the statute is illegal and void, unless the contrary is provided.

In Williams v. Cheeney, et al, 3 Gray, 222, it was held that a promissory note given for the premium of insurance to a foreign insurance company which had not complied with the statutes of Massachusetts upon that subject was void in the hands of the company. In Jones v. Smith, supra, 501, in a like case, it was said by the court, Metcalf, J., "It was essential to the validity of the contract of insurance, which was the consideration of this note, that the insurance company should previously have complied with the provisions of the statutes of the commonwealth." This ruling was followed in Roche v. Ladd et al, 1 Allen, 441, in which, according to the syllabus of the case, the court, Hoar, J., held that "A note given for the premium upon a policy of insurance issued in violation of St. 1856, c. 252, concerning insurance companies, is invalid." In National M. F. I. Co. v. Pursel, 10 Allen, 232, it was held by the court, Hoar, J., that a contract of insurance with a foreign company in violation of the following enactment—"Every foreign insurance company *before* doing business in this State shall, in writing, appoint a citizen thereof, resident therein, a general agent, upon whom all lawful processes against the company may be served," was void. This statute is substantially the same as the Oregon act.

In the R. S. In. Co. v. Slaughter et al, 20 Ind. 520, it was held that a contract of insurance made with a foreign insurance company, contrary to the statute of Indiana, was void.

In Cin. Mut. H. A. Co. v Rosenthal, 55 Ill., 90, it was held that a contract of insurance with a foreign company made in violation of the law of Illinois was void. The statute in that case provided that it should not be lawful for foreign insurance companies to do business in that State, without first procuring a certificate of authority from the Auditor of the State. In the course of the opinion the court (p. 91) say: "When the Legislature *prohibits* an act or declares that it shall be unlawful to perform it, every rule of interpretation must say that the Legislature intended to interpose its power to prevent the act, and, as one of the means of its prevention, that the courts shall hold it void. This is as manifest as if the statute had declared that it should be void. To hold otherwise would be to give the person or corporation, or individual, the same rights in enforcing prohibited contracts, as the good citizen who respects and conforms to the law. To permit such contracts to be enforced, if not offering a premium to violate a law, it certainly withdraws a large portion of the fear that deters men from defying the law. To do so, places the person who violates the law on an equal footing with those who strictly observe its requirements. That this contract is absolutely void as to appellee we entertain no doubt."

In this case, on behalf of the insurance company, it was contended that as the act imposed a penalty upon the agent for doing business contrary to it, it thereby appeared that the Legislature did not intend to make the contract void. After disposing of this objection, the court (p. 92) say: "Had no penalty been provided, no one would have, for a moment, hesitated to say that the note was, under this law, utterly void." In the Oregon act there is no penalty, nothing but the unqualified command or prohibition, which has universally been held to render invalid all acts done contrary to it.

In Ætna Insurance Co. v. Harvey, 11 Wis. 395, it was held that no action could be maintained by a foreign insurance company upon a note given for a premium of insurance, where the company had neglected to comply with the statute of Wisconsin, which provided that it should not be lawful for any such company to transact business in the State without first having filed a statement of its affairs and condition with the Secretary of State. In the course of the opinion the court (p. 396) say: "The sole question therefore presented in the case is as to the effect of such non-compliance upon the contract, and the note sued on. It was claimed for the plaintiff in error, that inasmuch as the statute [illegible] not say that any policy issued or note taken in violation of its provisions should be void, that therefore they should not be so held. And that the only effect of the law would be to render the agent liable to prosecution for violating it or to an action for damages. But we do not see how this position can be sustained, in view of the well established rule of law, that a contract made in violation of a statute is void, and that courts will never lend aid to its enforcement."

Upon these authorities, as well as upon the plain reason of the matter, I think there can be no doubt but that the Oregon act prohibited the making of the contract by the Bank, which is here sought to be enforced, and therefore, as against it, it is illegal—unlawful, against law—and void.

Is the assignee estopped to show the invalidity of this contract because the bankrupts were parties to the transaction?

I do not think the authorities cited by counsel for the Bank upon this question are in point. They are the Methodist E. U. C. v Pickett, 19 N. Y. 484, and Palmer v Lawrence, 3 Sandf. 170. In the latter case the court say, "that a defendant who has contracted with a corporation *de facto*, is never permitted to allege any defect in its organization, as effecting its capacity to contract or sue; but that all such objections, if valid, are only available on behalf of the sovereign power of the State." In the former one the rule is stated thus: "The rule established by law as well as reason is, that parties recognising the existence of corporations by dealing with them, have no right to object to any irregularity in their organization or any subsequent abuse of their powers, *not connected with such dealing*. As long as these are overlooked or tolerated by the State, it is not for individuals to call them in question."

In this case it is admitted that the Bank is a corporation, but a foreign one. No defect or irregularity in its organization is sought to be alleged or any subsequent abuse of its powers. But, on the other hand, it is alleged and shown: (1). That as to this transaction it was not a corporation at all—not even a corporation *de facto*, and was therefore utterly without power to contract with Comstock & Co. (2). [illegible] if it was a corporation existing by the [illegible] of nations, in this State, it was by the State expressly prohibited from making this contract when and as it did, and therefore the same is illegal and void.

This foreign corporation having no power to do business in this State except by the con[illegible] of the State, and consent having been given upon a condition precedent, which was never performed, the power to make this contract was never in the corporation. So far as it was concerned, the act was *ultra vires*.

The doctrine of estoppel *in pais* has never been carried so far as to prevent a party from showing that a corporation even if it be one *de jure* had not the power to do a particular thing or that it was done in violation of a statute. When, in a given case, it appears there is a corporation *de facto* acting under a law which gives power to do the act in question, the party dealing with such a corporation so as to recognize its existence, is therefore estopped from alleging any irregularities in its organization, with a view of showing that such act is illegal. But where the objection is a want of power in the corporation and not a defect in its organization, the case is [illegible]. For instance, a corporation formed under the laws of Oregon for the purpose of navigating the Wallamet river would have no power to engage in the manufacture of shoes, and if it did so its acts would be illegal. No one would be estopped to allege the fact whenever it became material. To do so, would only be to deny its existence as a corporation to manufacture shoes, and as to this it would be neither a corporation *de facto* or *de jure*. Again if such corporation was forbidden by statute to carry Indians on its boats, it could not make or enforce a contract for that purpose, and no one would be estopped from alleging the fact in bar of an action by the corporation for the passage money.

In Russell v. DeGrand, supra, the voyage upon which the vessel was insured being an illegal one, the defendant, though a party to the agreement, was permitted to show its illegality to defeat a recovery upon it. So in the cases above cited, arising under the laws of Massachusetts, Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin, concerning foreign insurance companies doing business in those States, the defendants, although parties to the transactions, were allowed to show that they were contrary to law and void. The reason of the rule is apparent and satisfactory. The maintenance of the public policy of a State, as manifested by its legislation, is of much more importance than the real or supposed equities of the parties to an illegal transaction, and therefore they are not estopped to show such illegality for the purpose of preventing the enforcement of a contract in opposition to such policy. Otherwise the public law and policy would be at the mercy of individual interest and caprice.

In 2 Par. on Con. (5 Ed) 799, it is said: "It must be obvious, however, that the doctrine of estoppel can go no further than to preclude a party from denying that he has done that which he has power to do;" and with like reason the converse of this proposition must be true—a party is not thereby precluded from denying that another has made a contract which he had no power to make or was prohibited from making, although he may have been a party to such illegal contract. In note to the text of Par. on Con. supra, it is said: "A corporation may show its incapacity for a certain contract or course of action." "There cannot be an estopple *to show a violation of a statute*, even to the prejudice of an innocent party." Steadman v. Duhamel, 1 C. B. 888. "Legal incapacity cannot be removed by fraudulent representations, nor can there be an estoppel involved in the act to which the incapacity relates, that can take away that incapacity." Kent v. Coleman, 39 Penn. St, 290.

In Lowell v. Daniels, 2 Gray 161, it was held that a married woman was not estopped to show that her deed, which upon its face appeared to have been made when she was femme sole, was in fact made when she was covert, and therefore void. In the course of the opinion, Thomas, J. (p. 169) says, "This doctrine of estoppel *in pais* would seem to be stated broadly enough, when it is said that such estoppel is as effectual as the deed of the party. To say, that one may, by acts in the country, by admission, by concealment or by silence, in effect do what could not be done by deed, would be practically to dispense with all the limitations the law has imposed upon the capacity of infants or married women to alienate their estates." To the same effect, in the case of an infant, is Brown v McCune, 5 Sandf. 224. In the same way, to allow this corporation, by means of an alleged estoppel, which grows out of the very act prohibited, to indirectly do an act for which it had neither capacity or right, would be practically to dispense with the limitation which the State has imposed upon its power of doing business therein.

On this [illegible] I do not wish to be understood as [illegible] any opinion upon the question whether this contract or transaction is void as [illegible] the [illegible], or whether in this [illegible] it [illegible] within the rule laid down by [illegible] with approbation in [illegible], supra, which allows an action in disaffirmance of [illegible] for the purpose of preventing "the defendant from retaining the benefit which he derived" therefrom.

The objection to the proof of [illegible] is well taken and the motion to strike out is denied with costs. I also [illegible] that this [illegible] ought to have been [illegible] by [illegible] to the objection.

[illegible]

Salem cast about 535 votes at her city election on Monday.

An exchange says, "The chilling winds remind us that [illegible] hard times and dull [illegible]. God pity the rich, the poor can beg."

The T[illegible]urer of Marion county has just paid into the State [illegible] of $8,010 24, [illegible] in full of Marion county [illegible] tax as found due the [illegible] tax rolls, [illegible] C.

The [illegible] the entire Republican ticket [illegible] except Recorder, for [illegible] had a [illegible]. The officers elected are: [illegible] J. G. Wright; Treasurer, J. H. [illegible]; Marshal, John [illegible].

Last Monday [illegible] city [illegible] Recorder, J. L. [illegible]; Treasurer, D. P. [illegible] [illegible], J. L. [illegible] D. [illegible], M. C. [illegible] and H. H. [illegible].

F. M. [illegible] editor by [illegible] and [illegible] to be [illegible] ing war on [illegible] on G[illegible] and the [illegible] but a [illegible] orthog[illegible] cal errors that it is [illegible] it a fair [illegible].

At the [illegible] Royal A. [illegible] in [illegible] ing officers [illegible] L. B. S[illegible], H. P.; [illegible] nyan, S.; D. H. Ma[illegible] wright, P. S.; B. F. [illegible] ly, M. of 3d V.; J. M. Johns[illegible], M. of 2d V.; R. A. Pratt, M. of 1st V.; [illegible] Tr[illegible]; D. [illegible] F. J. [illegible] Tyler.

Victoria has [illegible] during the past [illegible]

A [illegible]

Four [illegible] lumber at Moody & Co.'s [illegible]

The Victoria papers [illegible] tentions and [illegible] wards.

[illegible] and found a [illegible] [illegible] the 21st.

[illegible] says about our Volney V[illegible] Smith and his designs upon the [illegible]:

The [illegible] of Very [illegible] gun. The [illegible] tion, and the [illegible] token of a very [illegible]

That is not a fair way of [illegible] Volney is to [illegible] his [illegible] the "Executive Mansion" of the [illegible] But [illegible] to the dignity of [illegible]

The [illegible] or Don [illegible] be unconstitutional [illegible] ple of that [illegible] the entire vote of the [illegible]. What, then [illegible] Scammonio's [illegible] tution [illegible] the polity [illegible] or the will of the corrupt [illegible]?

FEARFUL CONDITION OF A[illegible] SYLVANIA COAL REGION. —A [illegible] mitted by the [illegible] been [illegible] for the past [illegible] five car[illegible] work [illegible] of six, and a man named Pat D[illegible] pany let the [illegible] the scene with a [illegible] work on the [illegible] several [illegible] ing, who go daily to [illegible] siding in the locality have [illegible] letters from this [illegible] are drawn rough cuts of coffins [illegible] crossbones, ordering [illegible] borhood within a given [illegible] death. Among these [illegible] Constable Trifer, Mr. [illegible] Helenius, a wealthy gentl[illegible] Judge [illegible] and Dr. J. W. Gibbs. [illegible] years twenty-four murders [illegible] and no [illegible] derers escaped, only two of [illegible] raigned and one was acquitted, the [illegible] imprisoned for only a few [illegible] in Scranton who ventures [illegible] at night carries a revolver.

THE CIVIL R[illegible] Washington, D[illegible] bill on the [illegible] Congress [illegible] the Civil [illegible] two are important [illegible] be reached, so the Civil Rights bill will be thrust, though un[illegible] and as both the [illegible] of the bill are exp[illegible] an exciting time is anticipated [illegible] of the session. The friends of the bill, fearing an executive veto, even should it pass, are now talking of a [illegible] the mixed school [illegible] to set apart the proceeds of the [illegible] of the public lands, which shall constitute an Educational Fund, and the amount this [illegible] propose shall be distrib[illegible] on this basis of illiteracy.

STANLEY'S EXPEDITION HEARD FROM.—London, Nov. 16.—Advices have been received from Mr. H. M. Stanley, the [illegible] sioner in Africa, from Zanzibar, dated October 19, which state that he had surveyed the delta of the Rufiji river and had found two navigable months and distinct channels into the interior of Africa. The route of the slave trade crosses this river. The result of the exploration suggests [illegible] ing the slave traffic. A [illegible] gun and a few marines stationed along the river would easily accomplish the work. Mr. Stanley while [illegible] ding the river [illegible] valuable information and [illegible] a trading station for the [illegible] of gold and native produce, oils, gums and drugs.

MR. EMERSON DEFEATED. London, Nov. 16, 1874.—Mr. Disraeli has [illegible] elected rector of the University of G[illegible] by 700 [illegible] [illegible] 500 for Ralph W[illegible] E[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC 9, 1874.

W. W. BRISTOW.

We are called upon this morning to make the sad announcement of the death of another prominent citizen of Oregon. Hon. W. W. Bristow, State Senator from Lane county, died yesterday morning at his [illegible] at [illegible], of typhoid fever. He was taken with the fever while on a business visit to the more southern part of the State, but so far recovered as to be able to come home, and his final recovery was considered certain; but a relapse hurried him to the grave.

Mr. Bristow was 48 years of age. He was born in Kentucky, and came to Oregon 26 years ago, with his parents, brothers and [illegible]. The family settled early in Lane county. So the deceased Senator was one of Oregon's pioneers. He was a member of the Convention that framed our State Constitution, and his firmness and unswerving loyalty to his convictions of right won him the respect and esteem of that body. He served the people in other positions afterwards, and in 1872 was elected a State Senator for Lane county, and served in that capacity in two sessions of the Legislature. His term would have expired in 1876 had not death terminated it. He was a Republican in politics, but too [illegible] in following his convictions of duty to be a strict party [illegible]. To him [illegible] than to any other [illegible] Eugene City is indebted for the location there of the State University, and the aid obtained in constructing the building. This institution was nearest his [illegible] for it [illegible] and zeal [illegible] thought of no such thing as failure. Our personal relations to him were such that he often conversed with us very [illegible] on public matters, and he seldom [illegible] to allude in such conversations to [illegible] plan he had for helping along the State University. In all other matters, however, that concerned the prosperity, growth and happiness of this young State, he took a lively and appreciative interest. With clear views, strong convictions, definite purposes, and an abiding attachment to the State in which he had spent all the years since his youth, Bristow was one of the men whom Oregon could least afford to lose. But Providence willed that he should go hence, and he is cut down in the flower of his manhood and in the midst of his usefulness.

With less [illegible], but not less sincere grief than theirs, we mingle our tears with those of the bereaved family of our departed friend.

ULCERATED AGAIN.

The Southern ulcer has broken out again. It is at Vicksburg this time. The [illegible] to the number of several hundred, conceiving their rights trampled upon, have laid siege to the city, and severe fighting has already taken place, resulting in the killing of a considerable number of [illegible], the majority of the killed being of the insurrectionary band. The enforced resignation of a negro [illegible] failed to file the official bond required by law, was the starting point of the trouble. It seems strange that the city of Vicksburg can not defend itself against a few hundred colored insurgents, but must needs call upon the military of the United States for protection and aid.

But the question of the immediate ability of a Southern city to fight its own battles, is of little moment, compared to that of the state of society that makes it necessary to prove such ability. Every day it becomes more and more clear that there is something radically defective in the method of governing the South. We say, in the method of governing it, for the South has had to be or has been—governed from Washington ever since the war, notwithstanding the forms of self-government with which it has been invested. For the most essential objects of [illegible], the problem of reconstruction [illegible] solved. The rehabilitation of the States must be done over again. How or when is the end to come? [illegible] first the people directly affected by the disorders, but after them, the whole country and the [illegible] of republican government everywhere.

FURTHER AGITATION OF THE HEGIRA.

A convention of colored men from 30 counties of the cotton belt of Alabama met at Montgomery on the 2d of December to concert measures for a wholesale [illegible] of colored people to some [illegible] where they are already in the majority. This is the further prosecution of the plan of which we made mention some time since. The object is to concentrate the colored people till they are so greatly in the majority that the whites, unwilling to remain, will emigrate and leave them in [illegible] possession. Mr. Frederick Douglass is the leading mind in the scheme, if not the one that first proposed it. He advocates the concentration of the colored people in South Carolina and [illegible] and Florida, or in Mississippi and Louisiana, these States, especially South Carolina, Mississippi and Louisiana, having already the largest colored population.

The editor of the Salem *Mercury*, who seems to be about as well posted as the average Bourbon in the affairs of the nineteenth century, says that "the Independent candidate for Governor of Massachusetts received only 150 votes in the recent election." If the *Mercury* will forget all about the resolutions of '98 for a moment it can learn that there was no "Independent" candidate for Governor of Massachusetts election. Such ignorance is unpardonable even in a Bourbon.

A Washington telegram of December 2d says Secretary Bristow, on that day, tendered the position of Supervising Architect of the Treasury—the position heretofore held by Mullett—to John McArthur, Jr., of Philadelphia. Mr. McArthur asked for a few days to consider the matter. It is believed that if he can arrange his private business so as to admit of accepting the position, he will do so.

The first annual session of the Alabama State Grange met at Montgomery on the 1st instant. There were present one hundred delegates, representing fifty of the sixty-five counties of the State. Each county, with twelve subordinate Granges or less, sends only a single delegate.

A GOOD LITERARY WORK ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

One of the greatest literary enterprises of the times is "The Native Races of the Pacific States," by Hubert H. Bancroft. About fifteen years ago, Mr. Bancroft commenced the collection of books and pamphlets relating to the history of the region west of the Rocky mountains, and extending from Panama to the Alaskan Peninsula. Being at the head of the leading publishing house of the Pacific, he had peculiar facilities for obtaining such works, and in a short time his collection surpassed any other of similar character in the country. Inclined by decided literary tastes and habits, Mr. Bancroft soon conceived the idea of sifting out from this mass of material, much of it crude and incoherent, all the facts that might be of value to the future historian of the Pacific, and preparing from them a series of volumes. The plan contemplated rather the gathering and preserving of suitable matter for a great literary work than the production of such a work.

Naturally enough the subject of the different races that have inhabited the western slope of the continent suggested itself to the mind as a convenient and broad base of operations, since the complete history of a race, its habits, customs, language, and development or decay, embraces all the real history of the country it lived in. To the production of such a history of the aboriginal races of the Pacific Mr. Bancroft determined to devote himself; and in order to do this the more thoroughly, he gave up the management of the business house, resolved to have no other care till the proposed work should be completed. For years he has been at work, and has kept several competent men engaged all the while translating, arranging, comparing materials. His collection of books and pamphlets bearing on the subject accumulated till it embraces all that can be found in any language, and is much larger than any one not informed in the premises would suppose possible, numbering over 16,000 volumes.

Mr. Bancroft's work is to be in five octavo volumes, illustrated with maps and engravings. It will be brought out by the Appletons of New York and Longmans of London. Volume I. will appear in the present month, and the others will follow at intervals of three or four months.

Of the merits of this great work, from a purely literary point of view, we can speak only at second hand, taking our impressions from what those say who have had an opportunity to examine portions of it in the advance sheets. President Gilman, of the University of California, an accurate scholar, speaks of the work in terms of high praise, pronouncing it one that will at once interest the general reader, satisfy scholarly curiosity, and impart accurate information. Benj. P. Avery, late editor of the *Overland Monthly*, says it will make, when completed, the most important work in American literature ever undertaken by a private person. Similar commendation has been accorded to the work by J. Ross Brown, Archbishop Alemany, Hon. M. P. Deady, Brantz Mayer, and others of acknowledged literary standing. So we take it, the plan of the great work has been honored in the execution.

A statement of the general divisions of the subject treated of in the respective volumes, will serve to exhibit an outline of the plan. Volume I. treats of Wild Tribes; Their Manners and Customs. Volume II., of Civilized Nations of Mexico and Central America. Volume III., Mythology and Languages of Both Savage and Civilized Nations. Volume IV., Antiquities and Architectural Remains. Volume V., Aboriginal History and Migrations.

The cowardly assassin of Edward Madden, editor of the Merced *Tribune*, has escaped from imprisonment, and the people of Merced are up and in arms against him. We can't help hoping they will be successful in their search; for however imprudent and unjustified may have been the conduct of the dead editor, there can be no excuse for his cowardly murderer.

Government Architect Mullett, in his annual report, recommends the erection of a substantial brick Custom House and Appraiser's Store at Portland.

Washington correspondents assert that Senator Goldthwaite, of Alabama, will soon resign on account of ill health.

CURRENCY.

$90,000 in Currency wanted.—For the next 60 days we will take Currency at par in exchange for Merchandise on all "cash" sales. All goods sold at a "reasonable" profit.

CURRIER & CO.,
d5d1m 73 First Street.

MARRIED:

In Washington county, Nov. 29, by Rev. H. Lyman, Mr. William B. Wilson and Miss Martha J. Crow, both of said county.

At Olympia, Dec. 6, Thomas Tallentine and Miss Mattie Chapman.

At Yelm Prairie, W. T., Dec. 5, L. N. Rice and Miss Mell Longmire.

In Salem, Dec. 6, James L. Folkes and Miss Lellie Force.

At Walla Walla, Dec. 3, James Medlock and Miss Martha Wilson.

DIED:

At Eugene City, Dec. 8, Hon. W. W. Bristow, State Senator from Lane county, aged 48 years.

In Salem, Dec. 6, Alfred, son of W. L. and M. J. Wade, aged 2 years and 11 months.

At Independence, Polk county, Dec. 3, Charles S. Whiting, aged 10 years and 5 months.

NEW TO-DAY.

DRESS GOODS, NEW STOCK JUST OPENED, every shade and color in fine all wool Goods.
JOHN WILSON.

WANTED.

A STOVE MOUNTER IMMEDIATELY. Apply at Lake's Stove Foundry. d9d3

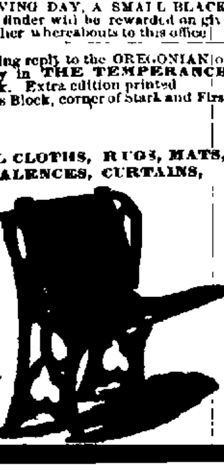
STRAYED.

ON THANKSGIVING DAY, A SMALL BLACK MARE. The finder will be rewarded on giving information of her whereabouts to this office.

SEE A telling reply to the OREGONIAN of Monday in THE TEMPERANCE STAR of this week. Extra edition printed. Office in Pittock's Block, corner of Stark and First streets.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS, SHADES, VALENCES, CURTAINS,

A well selected and large stock. Also, Moulding for Cornices and Pictures, at the lowest prices by the



OREGON Furniture MFG CO., COMPANY,
PORTLAND.

NEW TO-DAY.

RECEIVED FROM FRANCE!

FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

Christmas & New Year!

No Old Bankrupt Stock,

BUT ALL THE

LATEST STYLES!

OF

Appliqui and Pointe Lace Collars.

Appliqui and Pointe Lace Barbes.

Chantilly Lace Barbes.

Pointe Collars with Barbe Ends.

Lace and Silk Handkerchiefs.

Black Lyon Silk.

A large Invoice, the largest and best Assortment ever come to this market has to be sold,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

P. van FRIDAGH,

70 First Street, Dekum's Building.
d9d1w

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE East Portland Postoffice Dec 8th, 1874. Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised.

Ladies' List.

Burns, Mrs Theresa
[illegible], Mrs Mary
[illegible], Mrs T.
Chapman, Mrs Caroline 2
Chase, Miss Hattie P
Culbson, Miss
Curran, Mrs Mary 2
Hayden, Miss Barthomyan
Hill, Miss Cornelia
Hay, Miss Lucy
Langworthy, Miss Mary
Monzles, Miss Laura
Mitchell, Miss Lena
Mardain, Mrs Lizzie
Powell, Miss Lizzie
Ransford, Mrs E E
Scott, Miss Dettie
Spillar, Mrs Mary
Taylor, Miss Kate V
Vantersdale, Mrs
Woodcock, Mrs AmandaJ
Walker, Miss Nancy

Gentlemen's List.

Alexander, Edward 2
Barker, R M
Burt, Charles
Bird, Joseph 2
Carr, James
Chenette, Joseph
Conhorn, M D
Dasher, Esqr
Ford, J W & R P
Johnson, A W
Johnson, C A
Johnson, Haley
Kenner, James P
Moulton, T J
McMahon, Michael
Neff, Richard B
Perry, J L
Parker, J B
Quivey, L
Rogers, G W
Strong, Solomon
Stevenson, John W
Swanson, J T
Taber, Ervine
Van Ranseller, J C
Van Schuyver, Wesley

WILLIAM S. SMITH, P. M.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. In the matter of the St. Helens Mill Company, bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a second general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held in the city of Portland, in said District, on Wednesday the 30th day of December, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M. at the office of H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, for the purpose named in the 27th section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.
d9d1aw3t ARTHUR CRISFIELD, Assignee.

STRAW PAPER 10,000 REAMS FOR SALE, In any quantity and at lowest rates, AT THE AGENCY OF CLACKAMAS MILLS, 72 Front street.

VARNISHES,

OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MANUfacture—

A FULL SUPPLY.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

L. H. WAKEFIELD. JOHN BARROWS.

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce.
San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1874.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Sugar Toys, Sugar Hearts,
Crystalized Toys and Hearts,
Glazed Toys and Figures,
Fancy Boxes, Cornucopias,
Wax Candles, Candle-holders,
Christmas Tree Ornaments,
Flower and Dove Baskets,
Gelatin Goods,
French and American Candies,
Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts, etc.,
Plain and Ornamented Cakes,
Lebkuchen and Pfefferneusse,

Wholesale and Retail at prices that defy competition, at

ALISKY & HEGELE'S
Premium Candy Factory,
No. 107 FIRST STREET.

N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated PAN-ROASTS! are served.

DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY! AT AUCTION.

WE WILL SELL, AT SALESROOMS, ON **SATURDAY, DEC. 19,**

At 10 o'clock, precisely, the following described Real Estate:

All of Block No. 330;
Lots 3 and 6 in Block No. 329;
Lots 3 and 6 in Block No. 120;
South Half of Block No. 331;
West Half of East Half of Lots 7 and 8, in Block No. 230.

ALSO,

The South 85 feet of Lot 4 in Block 252. This Lot is on the northwest corner of Morrison and Eighth streets, being 100 feet on Morrison and 85 feet on Eighth street—one of the best locations for sale in the city.

SALE POSITIVE. Terms—Cash.
OSCAR KILBOURN & CO., Auctioneers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Last Boat for Wallula!

PASSENGERS LEAVING PORTLAND ON FRIday morning 11th instant will connect with the last boat for Wallula this season.
J. C. AINSWORTH,
Dec. 7, 1874. d8d3t President.

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A. FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

is offered to the Trade at low rates, by
n18tf ALLEN & LEWIS.

SCHOOL TAXES.

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 1, Multnomah county, Oregon—You are hereby notified that the tax for the year 1874 is now due and collectable, and I am by virtue of a warrant from the Directors of said District dated November 24th, 1874, commanded to collect the same within thirty days. J. D. HOLMAN, Clerk.

Office at Atkinson & Wakefield's, corner Stark and Front streets. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3:30 P. M. n25d1m

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND

CHARITY FAIR!

IN AID OF

ST. VINCENT'S HOSPITAL,

Now being Erected in the Northern part of this City.

AT

PHILHARMONIC HALL, FIRST STREET.

(Bet. Washington and Stark.)

Commencing on Monday, December 7th, and continuing throughout this week.

Admission Twenty-Five Cents—Children half Price.

Hall open each evening from 6 to 10.30.
d9d6t

MASONIC HALL!

GRAND AMATEUR

Vocal & Instrumental Concert

Under the auspices of the

LADIES' GUILD OF TRINITY CHURCH,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 9, 1874.

The list of Performers comprises the

PORTLAND AMATEUR ORCHESTRA,
Under the Conductorship of Mr. S. HARRIS.
THE AMPHION QUARTETTE CLUB,
And the principal Amateurs of the City.

Reserved Seat Plan open this morning.

Musical Director ....MR. J. L. DePRANS.

THE SKATING RINK!

On Fourth street, bet. Pine and A,

Skating EVERY DAY, except Sunday, from 10 to 12, and from 2 to 4 o'clock.

Admission Free. Use of Skates 25 Cents.

Skating every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, from 8 to 10 o'clock.

MUSIC BY .... BRASS BAND.

Admission 25 cts.; Use of Skates 25 cts.

Wednesday has been set apart exclusively for Ladies. H C MORRICE, Lessee.
n10d1m

MUSIC! MUSIC!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the citizens of Portland to the fact that he has secured the services of the celebrated Violinist Prof. JOHN CORDES, and other talented Musicians of this city, for the purpose of giving superior Music than ever before, for Balls and Parties. Orders through Postoffice or myself promptly attended to.
n19d1m CHAS GRAHAM, Cor First and Oak streets.

J. K. GILL & CO.

75 FIRST STREET,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

Are now receiving direct from New York the Most Beautiful and Extensive Stock of

HOLIDAY GOODS

ever imported to this market, in their line, consisting of

FINE EDITIONS OF

Standard and Juvenile Books,
Autograph and Photograph Albums,
Russia Leather Goods,
Family Bibles,
Prayer Books,
Parlor Games,
Building Blocks,
Table Croquett, &c.

It will be to your advantage to examine our Stock before purchasing.

No. 75 FIRST SRTEET.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

IS CALLED TO THE GREAT INDUCEMENTS now being offered to the public to that large and well selected stock of

Dry Goods, Millinery

AND

FANCY GOODS,

Which is now being sold

AT COST.

Parties wishing to buy Holiday Presents will save 30 per cent by buying them now.

Stock and Fixtures for Sale at a great Sacrifice.

n23 MRS. H. ACH, 97 First street.

NEW

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

COR. FRONT & MORRISON STREETS,

Opposite St. Charles Hotel.

n25d&w C. M. WIBERG.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PARTNERship heretofore existing between T. V. Shoup and W. S. Newbury under the style and name of SHOUP & NEWBURY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
T. V. SHOUP.
W. S. NEWBURY.
Portland, Oregon, Nov. 21, 1874.

W. S. NEWBURY will continue the business and in the practice of his Profession as Attorney and Counselor at Law at the old office of the late firm of Shoup & Newbury, First street, second door south of Ladd & Tilton's Bank, Portland. d4d6t

OFFICE OF THE

Oregon Steam Ship Company,

PORTLAND, Dec. 1, 1874.

AFTER THIS DATE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the rate on up Freight by the Boats of this Company between Portland and Corvallis and intermediate points will be

ONE DOLLAR PER TON.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

R. DINSMORE, Broker,

72 First Street.

Money loaned on real estate and personal security. Legal Tenders bought and sold. GOLD DUST BOUGHT. Interest allowed on time deposits of coin. Exchange on S. F. d1d3m

J. B. ROBERTS, GENERAL BROKER,

98 First Street.

Money Loaned on approved security. Notes discounted. Currency and Gold Dust bought and sold. d1d1m

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Christmas is Coming AND HENRICHSEN IS HERE!

Having just returned from San Francisco with an assortment of Goods in my line second to none this side of S. F. as regards selection and size, I invite the citizens of Portland, and all others to call and examine the large variety of DIAMOND, CAMEO, TURQUOISE, TOPAZ, ONYX, AMETHYST, and the very latest styles of ENAMELED GOLD JEWELRY in Sets, Buttons, Bracelets, Finger Rings, etc., etc.

Attention is also called to the splendid assortment of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, of Foreign and Domestic Manufacture. SOLID SILVER and PLATED WARE of the most celebrated Manufactories of the United States, in endless variety, and everything that can be found in any First Class Jewelry Establishment.

A MANUFACTORY, (the only one in Portland,) is attached to the Store, where any article can be made or repaired without sending to San Francisco.

L. C. HENRICHSEN,
No. 109 First Street.

B. L. STONE,

JEWELER,

Would respectfully invite the attention of the public to his Large and Elegant assortment of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, Solid SILVER WARE etc., etc.

By selecting my goods in person I can offer to my customers the Newest Styles and choicest articles.

Arrangements have been made with the San Francisco and Eastern Manufacturers to supply me with all the latest productions in Fine Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Antique Clocks, and all goods in my line by every steamer, and my facilities for purchasing enable me to offer to my customers at retail Goods as cheap as they can be bought at wholesale by other Jewelers, with large inducements to dealers.

I keep no plated Jewelry of any description. Every article is warranted to be just as represented, and I have but ONE PRICE for all goods.

Watches and Jewelry made to order, and Repairing promptly attended to by skillful workmen.

Agents for SETH THOMAS' CLOCKS; World-renowned DIAMOND SPECTACLES. [illegible] are manufactured with great care, ground with the utmost [illegible], and scientifically adjusted to the eye, and can be [illegible] equally well by [illegible] or day light.

B. L. STONE,
103 Front St., bet. Alder and Morrison,
Portland, Oregon.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

JOHN B. MILLER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISco with a large and well selected Stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Suitable for Holiday Presents, consisting of

Fine Stem and Key Winding Watches of the most Celebrated makers of Europe.

Also, American Watches of E. Howard & Co., Elgin, Waltham, New York, and Springfield Watch Factories. Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated Stem Winding Roskoff Watch, which for cheapness and durability cannot be excelled by any maker in this world.

Watches, Chronometers and Jewelry repaired and warranted.
n24d1m J. B. MILLER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW GOODS!

J. FLEISHNER.

Has relocated at his old stand, 127 First Street, and has opened an

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES!

Selected personally during a recent visit to San Francisco.

PRICES THE LOWEST!

Call and be Convinced.

THE HOLIDAYS!

FIRST IN THE FIELD!

SCHMEER BROS.

65 First Street,

HAVE OPENED THEIR STOCK OF

Holiday Confectioneries

THE VARIETY OF FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CANDIES, TOYS, ETC.,

is entirely new, large and complete. Wholesale orders from the country solicited. Prices marked down.

Suppers prepared for Balls and Parties on short notice.

Call before purchasing elsewhere. n21d1m

NEW YORK MARKET.

CHAS. A. MALARKEY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Fish, Poultry, Game & Oysters,

SECOND STREET,

(One door North of Washington.)

PUGET SOUND FISH 5 cents per pound—wholesale.

Just received, a large stock of

TURKEYS, GEESE, ETC.,

For the Holiday Trade.

Prices within the reach of all.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE OWNERS OF THE "PACIFIC WHARF and Warehouse," located at the foot of Salmon street in this city, announce to the public that they are now ready to receive Produce and Merchandise on storage, at low rates.

The wharf affords excellent accommodation for discharging and loading ocean vessels of the largest class. Wharfage rates reasonable.

Liberal cash advances will be made on grain stored in large quantities in the warehouse. Warehouse receipts will be given.

For particulars apply to
CHARLES HOLMAN.
Portland, Oregon, Nov. 30, 1874. n30 1m

RAGS, BOTTLES, JUNK.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR THE ABOVE. 2,500 grain sacks for sale at Kafka's Junk Store, corner of Oak and Front streets.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

AJAX,

FRED. BOLLES.......... Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port,

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1874,
At 12 o'clock M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, SAN JUAN, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGEL and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

JOHN HAYES.......... Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

SATURDAY, DEC. 26, 1874,
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR [illegible] LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,

J. F. WHITNEY.......... Master.

EMPIRE,

C. H. BUTLER.......... Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with steamers at Coos Bay.

F. SCHETTER, Agent, Coos Bay; D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco, 106 Davis street, near California. oc5d6m

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

[illegible] PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR WALLULA—Monday, and Friday at 5 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
S. G. REED, Vice Pr't.

Oregon Steamship Company's STEAMBOATS.

Notice.

FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, Sept. 22d, the [illegible]

E. N. COOKE

Will leave OREGON CITY every day (Sunday excepted) at 7:30 A. M. for Portland; returning, will leave Portland for Oregon City at 2:30 P. M.

[illegible] for DAYTON and all [illegible] will take CARS at 7:30 A. M., [illegible] with the [illegible] DAYTON on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, connecting at Oregon City with the O. & C. R. R. Co. at 3 P. M. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Portland.

THROUGH TICKETS sold at the Office of the O. & C. R. R. Co., at REDUCED RATES.

All Freight by this line delivered [illegible] FREE OF DRAYAGE.

[illegible] 5 P. M.
J. D. [illegible], A.

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

Steamer "GOV. GROVER" for Corvallis, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

Steamer "WALLAMET CHIEF" for Albany, on Tuesday and Friday at 6 A. M.

Steamer "SHOSHONE" for Points on the Yamhill River, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Steamer "BEAVER" for Astoria, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.
FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER,

OHIO,

Leaves the Wharf foot of Alder street, Portland, for Salem, Albany, Corvallis and all intermediate points, on Mondays and Thursdays of each week. Leaves Corvallis on return Wednesdays and Saturdays, until further notice. No delays on account of low water. Rates of freight reasonable. For any further information apply on board, or to G. L. Lindsley, Agent, on the wharf.
n21tf U. B. SCOTT, Master.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf, for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

56 First street, between Stark and Oak,

Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURS,

Offer this Season a very Large and Superior stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Dealers Supplied at Reduced Rates.

Orders and repairing promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

T. DITTENHOEFER,

Dealer in

TOBACCO, CIGARS & YANKEE NOTI[illegible]

And a full

Stock of Toys for the Holid[illegible]

HAS REMOVED TO

No. 37, Cor. Front and Pine Street[illegible]

SALT WATER FISH.

Five Cents Per Pound

1,000 LBS. OF ALL KINDS OF FISH RECEIVed daily from Puget Sound, which will be sold to Dealers and Hotels at the above price.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.
ZEKE & CO., Agents,
n21h1m 120 First street.

A. B. [illegible]

AUCTI[illegible]

OF REAL ESTATE

Sale Day: [illegible]

To parties that I will [illegible]

Regular [illegible]

GROCERIES [illegible]

I will sell at [illegible]

300 bxs [illegible]
250 bxs [illegible]
150 bxs [illegible]
10 bbls [illegible]
10 bbls [illegible]

12 doz [illegible] SHIRTS [illegible]

Two [illegible]

An Elegant [illegible]

One IRON SAFE [illegible]

Firemen's [illegible]

Assets [illegible]

MUTUAL INSURANCE [illegible]

Fire and Marine [illegible]

CHAS. E. STORY

PORTLAND [illegible]

Investment [illegible]

Cash Assets [illegible]

PALMER, DOWARD [illegible]

General Agent [illegible] N. B. [illegible] Territory.

Insurance [illegible]

Capital [illegible]

Assets [illegible]

BRANCH [illegible]

First National [illegible]

my1dtf

ENLARGEMENT [illegible]

J. GILLESPIE, M. ZAN, San Francisco.

[illegible] Brooms, Wood[illegible]

A Large and [illegible]

Of every variety [illegible]

C. v. WI[illegible]

Books, [illegible]

IN THE [illegible] at [illegible] the undersigned [illegible] Jefferson, Nov. 21, 187[illegible]

CITY [illegible]

[illegible] time ago of the [illegible] used in the Oregon [illegible] well known gentlemen of [illegible] the projected enterprise of [illegible] in operation a large [illegible] of Albina [illegible] out of the brick building [illegible] Iron Works [illegible] of December. A large [illegible] commence operations [illegible] to build the foundry. [illegible] of the new Company [illegible] the foundry. [illegible] the new enterprise are [illegible] energy, and possess the [illegible] to insure the success of [illegible] that they "mean business."

[illegible] WORDS."—We [illegible] of examining the "Book of Words" [illegible] at Trinity Church concert this evening [illegible] strongly advise all intending [illegible] purchase one of the [illegible] Co.'s, before the concert [illegible] sure the limited number printed [illegible] before 8 o'clock. [illegible] Shakespeare [illegible] upon the various [illegible] contains [illegible] and plot of the [illegible] great credit on [illegible] Misses, and we [illegible] novelty will [illegible] will go to the [illegible] of each book will be [illegible]

[illegible] THANKS.—Gen. [illegible] thanks, in his behalf [illegible] the map drafted by [illegible] last evening by [illegible] at the [illegible] Ward kindly [illegible] invaluable service to [illegible] out the various [illegible] that famous [illegible] inadvertently [illegible] a public [illegible] his lecture.

[illegible] ADVERTISING AGENCY.—[illegible] a circular [illegible] & Chessman, St. [illegible] the head of [illegible] of Geo. P. [illegible] by the firm [illegible] are enterprising [illegible] them success.

[illegible]—We are informed [illegible] Depot, [illegible] since. She states [illegible] found in a day or so [illegible] entertainments soon after [illegible] consists of five persons.

[illegible] NOT ADJOURN.—The State Circuit [illegible] not adjourn last Monday [illegible] adjourned until next [illegible] hearing of a case. On Saturday [illegible] probably adjourn until the second [illegible]

[illegible] AFTERNOON.—A full attendance [illegible] and others interested, is [illegible] the meeting of the Sewing Society [illegible] Church, at the [illegible] afternoon. Special business to be [illegible]

[illegible]—The ladies and [illegible] to take part in the [illegible] had a private rehearsal at [illegible] evening.

LOCAL [illegible]

[illegible] night of the Fair.
[illegible] river is falling again.
[illegible] concert this evening.
[illegible] County Court will convene to-day.
The Catholic Fair will run all week.
[illegible] was a bright, cheerful day.
[illegible] McGibney is now [illegible]
[illegible] have experienced but little cold [illegible] yet.
[illegible] Lodge [illegible]
Excelsior Lodge No. 1, K. of P., this [illegible] half o'clock.
The steamer Welcome is [illegible] Oregon City.
[illegible] new books have [illegible] Library.
[illegible] Pease now has [illegible] schooner Welcome.
The steamer Ajax will [illegible] on Thursday.
Up to 5 o'clock last evening [illegible] at Police Court.
The work on the [illegible] are nearly completed.
Navigation on the [illegible] with the present [illegible]
Adjourned meeting of [illegible] at 7:30 this evening.
The new postoffice [illegible] occupation in about two months.
A water main is being laid along [illegible] between Third and Fourth.
[illegible] are busily engaged [illegible] repairs to the [illegible]
Write the address on the [illegible] you mail it. Numerous [illegible] the postoffice because [illegible]
The organ belonging to [illegible] been taken to pieces and [illegible]

Charles Newell, formerly [illegible] received the appointment [illegible] the Government Printing [illegible] ton.

The person who took from [illegible] Hon. Jos. N. Dolph a copy of [illegible] Report is requested to return [illegible] diately.

Several ladies, residents of [illegible] complain of the impertinence of [illegible] thrusts himself in their presence [illegible] and renders their position rather [illegible] ble. He should be taught a lesson.

THE FAIR.

There was a marked increase in the [illegible] ance at the Charity Fair last evening [illegible] young ladies, with books in hand, are [illegible] up the pages [illegible] The new attractions are the gold headed [illegible] and the easy chair—the former to be [illegible] the most popular [illegible] (not give the vote), and the [illegible] popular physician. Other [illegible] will be produced in due season.

A demand for postal facilities will [illegible] presented to the officials, as the [illegible] find it impossible, in many instances, [illegible] the parties addressed. [illegible] numerous [illegible] their utmost to prevent the necessity [illegible] dead letters.

[illegible] department is in [illegible] mortals are sent away [illegible]

[illegible] residing over the [illegible] stand an even [illegible] they sell, and we [illegible] attentive to the [illegible] the sweetmeats [illegible] prevailed. They [illegible] and vigor [illegible]

[illegible] NOTICES.

[illegible] dry goods [illegible] just received [illegible] every shade [illegible] camel's hair [illegible] emprees [illegible] Ladies [illegible]

[illegible], Van Fridagh [illegible] many new and [illegible] nothing old, [illegible] they will be [illegible] see his novelty [illegible] about dry goods [illegible] with the [illegible] themselves.

PERSONAL.

[illegible] Mason, Esq., of [illegible] has our thanks for favors.

AUCTION AND CO

A. B. RICHAR

AUCTIONE

COR. OF [illegible] ONT AND

Auction [illegible]
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, [illegible] CHANDISE AND HO

Sale Days—Wednesday and [illegible]

At Private [illegible]
of [illegible]
Liberal advances made on [illegible]
To parties declining House [illegible]
that I will purch[illegible] Second-H
A. B. RICHAR

Regular and Pe[illegible]
OF
DRY GOO
GROCERIES, FURN
AND
GENERAL MERCH

I will sell at my Auction R

WEDNESDAY, DECEM
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
GROCERI
300 bxs Rope's CANDLES.
250 bxs Challenge SOAP.
150 bxs Bleaching SOAP.
10 bbls Zante CURRANTS.
10 bbls English PORTER.
ALSO,
DRY GOO
20 pieces SHEETING,
ALSO,
12 doz. prs PANTS,
SHIRTS and DRAWERS, TOWELS
SHELF BOXES, &c.
ALSO,
Two Elegant MIRRORS.
ALSO,
FURNITURE,
ALSO,
An Elegant Assortment of PICTUR
ALSO,
One IRON SAFE.
A. B. RICHARDS

INSURANC

Fireman's Fund In
OF CAL
FIRE AND MA
Assets Exceed - $
OREGON BRANC
[illegible]
EDWARD HAL

HOME
MUTUAL INSURANCE
OF SAN FRAN
Fire and Marine I

[illegible] WALTON
CHAS R. STORY
N. B. EDDY
H. H. [illegible]

DIRECTO
[illegible]

HAMILT

[illegible]
Investment & In
COMPANY,
OF SAN FRAN
[illegible] AND MA
Incorporated in
Cash Assets, - -
OFFICERS:
FRANK DONAHUE, A. J. [illegible]
President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING,
This Company has no connection [illegible] combination; its busin[illegible] the Le[illegible] Paying [illegible] each [illegible] ing to its own merits.
The undersigned, having been [illegible] for the above Company, are [illegible] to accept applications and issue [illegible] and Marine risks at equitable rates.
A. P. HOTALING & C
Office 23 F[illegible]
[illegible] Agents for Oregon and W[illegible] [illegible] through [illegible] Territory.

UNION
Insurance C
[illegible] AND MA
Capital, [illegible] up in Gold Coin
Assets, exceed -
BRANCH OFFICE FOR
First National Bank Build
BOWEN B. [illegible]
my16tf

ENLARGEMENT OF
J. GILLESPIE,
M. ZAN,
San Francisco.
ZAN BROTH
Wholesale Dea
Brooms, Wood & Willow
They are now [illegible]
A large and Splendid
Of every variety of Goods in the above

C. W. WINTZIN
Dealer in all kinds of
Books, Stationery, Notio
Picture Fram[illegible], &c.
No. 24 Stark St., next to Gas Co
Pictures framed. Orders from the co[illegible] ly attended to.

LOUIS DAU,
PRACTICAL OPTIC
And Manufacturer of
Mathematical & Telegraph Ins
No. 60 FIRST, bet. Oak and
PORTLAND, OREGON.

HARRINGTON'S
OREGON
Prepared for Ship
Is now ready and for sale by E. MARTIN &
D. F. HARRINGTON, Portland.

PARTNER WANT
IN THE JEFFERSON [illegible] at Jefferson, Marion county [illegible] address the undersigned.
Jefferson, Nov. 21, 1874.

CITY.

[illegible] WORKS.—Mention was [illegible] ago of the purchase of the [illegible] in the Oregon Iron Works, by [illegible] gentlemen of this city, [illegible] enterprise of constructing [illegible] a large foundry in [illegible] all the machinery will [illegible] building known as [illegible] Works, between the present [illegible]. A large force of men [illegible] ons in Albina next [illegible] the foundry. It is also the [illegible] Company to build a large [illegible] ndry. The persons identi[illegible] new enterprise are gentlemen of [illegible], and possess the requisite [illegible] of the same. We [illegible] they "mean business."

[illegible]—We have had the op[illegible] ing the "Book of Words," [illegible] Church concert this even[illegible] advise all intending visit[illegible] of the books at G. A. [illegible] the concert, as we are [illegible] number printed will be [illegible]. The book is embel[illegible] and other quotations [illegible] parts of the concert, [illegible] portions of the orches[illegible] of the "[illegible]" from [illegible]. As a work of art it [illegible] on the typography. Mr. [illegible], and we are quite [illegible] this [illegible] will find [illegible] ready sale. The [illegible] go to the Church fund. The [illegible] book will be 25 cents.

THANKS.—Gen. Howard desires us [illegible] in his behalf, to Lieut. F. K. [illegible] the map drafted by that gentleman [illegible] evening by the General during [illegible] the Congregational Church. [illegible] sketched the map, which [illegible] service to the lecturer in [illegible] the various movements of the [illegible] "march to the sea." [illegible] Gen. Howard omitted [illegible] acknowledgement at the [illegible].

[illegible] AGENCY.—We are in re[illegible] from the new agency of [illegible], St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Row[illegible] of the well known New York [illegible] P. Rowell & Co., and Mr. Ches[illegible] conducted the excellent paper [illegible]. The new firm are there[illegible] conversant with the business [illegible], reliable and attentive [illegible] success.

[illegible] in receipt of a letter from [illegible], written at Olympia a few [illegible] that she will be in [illegible] or so, and will give parlor [illegible] after her arrival. Her [illegible].

[illegible] The State Circuit Court [illegible] day, as was intended [illegible] Saturday for the spe[illegible] of a [illegible] Saturday Court will adjourn [illegible] and Tuesday in [illegible].

[illegible] of all [illegible] and others [illegible], is requested, [illegible] of the Sewing Society of the [illegible], at the [illegible]'s residence, [illegible] is to be trans[illegible].

[illegible]—The [illegible] and gentlemen [illegible] part in the [illegible] this even[illegible] at Masonic Hall.

[illegible] at the Fair.

[illegible] ing.

[illegible] will convene to-day.

[illegible] will run all week.

[illegible] a bright, cheerful day.

[illegible] is now [illegible] ding at Eugene

[illegible] but little cold weather

[illegible] No. 86, I. O. G. T., this

[illegible] No. 1, K. of P., this evening

[illegible] is making daily trips

[illegible] have [illegible] added to the

[illegible] his temporary command of

[illegible] will not sail until 12

[illegible] last evening no arrest was [illegible] Court.

[illegible] improvements at Masonic [illegible] completed.

[illegible] on the Upper Columbia will [illegible] week.

[illegible] ing of City Rifles at their [illegible] this evening.

[illegible] rooms will be ready for [illegible] about two months.

[illegible] is being laid along Yamhill [illegible] Third and Fourth.

[illegible] busily engaged in making [illegible] Police Court building.

[illegible] on the Postal Card before [illegible] ous cards accumulate in [illegible] they have no address.

[illegible] to Trinity Church has [illegible] and placed in a building [illegible] Third street.

[illegible] of the *Herald*, has [illegible] of Proof-Reader in [illegible] Office at Washing[illegible].

[illegible] the law office of [illegible] of First Benedict's [illegible] the same imme[illegible].

[illegible] of Washington street [illegible] ace of a man who [illegible] presence after dark, [illegible] rather uncomforta[illegible] taught a lesson.

THE FAIR.

[illegible] marked increase in the attend[illegible] Charity Fair last evening. The [illegible], with books in hand, are fast fill[illegible], much to their joy, and the [illegible] are most fortunate indeed. [illegible] are the gold headed cane [illegible] chair—the former to be voted to [illegible] editor (being modest we will [illegible] vote), and the latter to the most [illegible]. Other articles to be voted [illegible] produced in due season. [illegible] for postal facilities will be duly [illegible] the officials, as the young ladies [illegible], in many instances, to dis[illegible] addr[illegible]. They, as well as [illegible] assistants, are diligent and do [illegible] to prevent the necessity of ad[illegible] dead letters. [illegible] department is in capable hands, [illegible] mortals are sent away fully satis[illegible]. [illegible] presiding over the destinies of [illegible] stand are even sweeter than [illegible] they sell, and we fear the [illegible] are more attentive to the young [illegible] they are to the sweetmeats. [illegible] and mirth prevailed. They promise [illegible] with unabated vigor during the [illegible].

BUSINESS NOTICES.

[illegible] Wilson, the popular dry goods mer[illegible] on Third street, has just received a large [illegible] of dress goods of every shade, color [illegible]. He also has camel's hair cloth, [illegible], cashmeres, empress cloth, [illegible] wear, etc. Ladies should give [illegible].

[illegible] usual custom, Van Fridagh has [illegible] the holidays, many new and attrac[illegible]. He presents nothing old, as all his [illegible] know, and they will be agreeably [illegible] when they see his novelties. We [illegible] about dry goods, but leave [illegible] with the ladies, who can [illegible] lves.

PERSONAL.

[illegible], Esq., of Scio, called yesterday. [illegible] for favors.

"SHERMAN'S MARCH TO THE SEA."

Gen. Howard delivered a lecture on the above subject, last evening, at the First Congregational Church, [illegible] in behalf of a benevolent society of ladies. The auditorium was crowded with a very intelligent and fashionable assemblage. Although quite lengthy, the lecture was listened to throughout with great pleasure.

MARCH TO FIRST OBJECTIVES—GORDON AND MILLEDGEVILLE—GRISWOLDVILLE BATTLE—TOWN SACKING—FORAGING—PROMINENT CONFEDERATES.

The march begins November 14th. There are so many contingencies that the objective points are taken tentatively. Kilpatrick reports to Gen. Howard; the *right* moves on Gordon as the first objective, the left on Milledgeville; seven days there is no communication with Gen. Sherman, who moved with the left. The right presses, cavalry in front meeting and driving Wheeler's cavalry toward Macon. Under the cover of this movement a bridge, across the Ocmulgee, is thrown at Planters' factory, and the command is crossed and takes up a new movement apparently on Macon in three columns; under the cover of cavalry and the display of infantry the trains are drawn off to Gordon and gradually parked. The trains of right wing, including the cavalry, stretched out some forty miles in length—*i. e.*, they would do so if in one row. The cavalry puts its train with the infantry, so as to be free to move. Gen. Woods' division of infantry is ordered to make a strong demonstration in the direction of Macon, placing his back towards Gordon. Walcott's brigade is thrown forward, supporting the cavalry. The enemy, under Gen. G. W. Smith, accumulates at Macon perhaps 5,000 men; goes out to drive back what is regarded as only cavalry; Walcott's brigade waits for this force in a good place near swamps, with its flanks protected first by the swamps and second by the cavalry outside of the natural obstructions. With the coolness of veterans it meets the old men and boys aggregated against them. The result was almost a slaughter of the enemy's assaulting column, with very small loss to the brigade. The loss to the enemy in killed and wounded was estimated at 2,500. All our wounded that could be moved at all were taken along in the ambulances; these included General Walcott himself. It was reported that not one of the wounded men died during the march, rough over corduroyed roads as it was. Gen. Howard, at the appointed time, was at Gordon with his entire force. Gen. Sherman, with Slocum's wing, had passed along the Augusta railroad, destroying it. Gen. Howard describes the way it was done; how the rails were heated and twisted, and the ties burned. Slocum turns off towards Milledgeville at Madison. General Howard shows what was done at this little town, and [illegible] a characteristic and amusing incident, where a soldier seems to be carrying off a young lady, is arrested by an officer, turns out to be only a dressmaker's model. The joke is left upon the gallant officer who came to the rescue. Foraging; how restrained, its success and its dangers to the safety and discipline of a command. The approach to and occupation of the capital of Georgia. Howell Cobb; his warnings and threats, directed toward us. The legislator said: "Every citizen with his gun, and every negro with his spade and ax—you can destroy the enemy by retarding his march. Be firm!" Yet Howell Cobb and the legislators fled at Slocum's approach; nay, they ran before Captain Duncan and his twelve scouts, sent from the right column to communicate.

NOV. 22D—SECOND OBJECTIVE LINE, I. E.: MILLEN AND STATESBORO—KILPATRICK AND GENERAL DAVIS—WAYNESBORO PRISON PEN.

All up abreast of Milledgeville and Gordon, Sherman now sends Kilpatrick to operate on the left front. He has first to make the enemy feel confident that the whole aim is Augusta; to keep the train clear of Wheeler's cavalry; to speed away, break the railroad and save our prisoners at Millen. General Davis gives him generous support from his 14th Corps. He does all but rescue the prisoners. General Howard here speaks of the cavalry engagement in which Kilpatrick is sure to whip, whether he moves back or forwards. He never really believed he was defeated. Surely he kept Wheeler's entire attention, so that few infantry men saw an enemy's horseman. He broke Wheeler's lines at the railroad and drove him through Waynesboro.

The next line taken is a north and south one through Millen and Statesboro. The left wing meets with such opposition as has been mentioned; [illegible] the Oconee and the Ogeechee high up with comparatively little difficulty. The right wing passes through land low and swampy, along a narrow causeway. The Oconee crossing is defended by General Wayne; General Giles A. Smith sends on some cavalry and infantry; the cavalry are across but come back (those that are not killed or wounded) in haste; General Osterhaus is discouraged as the causeway is covered so that every man that shows himself is shot. General Howard says: "Deploy your skirmishers; keep on till you receive no return fire in the thick woods up and down the Oconee." It is done; the bridge is thrown, and the enemy is gone. Only heads of the columns have been disturbed.

At Millen Gen. Howard stood by Gen. Sherman while the large Junction depot was burning. A German and his wife, on a porch near by, looked on with fear and sorrow. Gen. Sherman's face expressed a sort of triumphant satisfaction, mingled with curiosity as the peculiarity of the roofing displayed itself in skeleton in the flames. When the crash came he said, "Now let us go." Gen. Howard describes the log enclosure which held our prisoners.

DEC. 3D—OBJECTIVE LINE, SAVANNAH CANAL—BATTLE OF CORSE, SMITH, &C.—CITY INVESTED—CAPT. DUNCAN WITH DISPATCHES FOR FLEET.

We turned about Millen as a pivot. Gen. Howard's command, in three columns, two habitually on the right bank of the Ogeechee, and one (Blair's corps) on the left. Bridges were frequently made or repaired, so that the river should not be an obstacle to the moving columns. Gen. Slocum takes the road to the left, one near the Savannah; Gen. Baird, with a division, aids in covering the rear after our change of front. Gen. Hardee sent up a force to obstruct and hinder,—bridges were destroyed, the trees were cut and the roads were filled up. But we could repair breaches of all kinds, and made short work of felled trees. His troops we could flank. If they appeared on the left bank of the river, the right columns were pushed forward, and *vice versa*. Rather than be out-flanked and caught the enemy falls back. The really serious opposition began at the Savannah Canal, about 16 or 17 miles from the city, or rather at the crossing of our road on the left bank with the Kingsbridge wagon-road. Gen. Corse discovered about 600 infantry with two pieces of artillery, and by the aid of Gen. Jno. E. Smith, of the 15th Corps, the enemy is dislodged and driven within the outer defenses of Savannah, 8 miles from the city. Simultaneously, Gen. Slocum has come up abreast, encountering the same kind of hinderances, and finding small detachments of the enemy that speedily gave way before his advance. The whole country around Savannah for miles is swampy, marshy land, and very flat. The cypress grows large at the trunk, with knees and roots in the marsh and along the numerous branches into which the creeks are divided. The roads would not last till a wagon train passed without being roughened with cross-logs.

HOW GEN. HOWARD CAME TO GEN. SHERMAN'S COMMAND.

Gen. Howard first gave a running sketch, mentioning the principal events from the defeat of Lee at Gettysburg to his connection with the operations of Gen. Sherman. One large division was taken from the 11th Corps and sent, under Gen. Gordon, to the neighborhood of Charleston, S. C. The other two divisions, under Shurtz and Steinwher, keeping up the 11th Corps' organization under Gen. Howard, were ordered west. This fragment of the 11th, with the 12th under Slocum, constituted a new command for Gen. Hooker. It took Gen. Howard five days to move his command, bag and baggage (near 10,000 men), from the banks of the Rappahannock to Bridgeport, Ala., on the Tennessee. About the 1st of October, 1863. Marched up the Tennessee on the enemy's side; fought together with Geary the battles in Lookout Valley, on the nights of Oct. 28th and 29th, against Longstreet; passed into Chattanooga, detached from Hooker and joined the army of the Cumberland, connecting with the flanking force of Gen. Sherman in the battle of Gen. Grant against Bragg that comprises the affairs of Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge; was joined to Gen. Sherman during Bragg's retreat and the Knoxville campaign; returning, went into winter quarters with his corps in Lookout valley, about the middle of December, 1863.

GENERAL PLANS AND ORGANIZATION.

Gen. Grant is transferred to the command of all the armies and Gen. Sherman to the Military Division of the Mississippi, March 9th, 1864. From this time till the opening of the spring campaign all officers of rank and responsibility, and probably hosts of others, are studying the military situation. [Gen. Howard here pointed out the existing lines of armies, Union and Confederate, already broken at the Mississippi—Lee's, Bragg's, now Joe Johnston's and Longstreet's, with smaller forces at Charleston and Mobile, presented a double line. Lee's strength was in his fine command; Longstreet and Johnston added great strength of position to tried troops. Gen. Grant seems to have had a simple plan, of which the battle of Chattanooga was a type: make strong demonstrations against a selected point on one flank or the other, so strong as to produce the conviction in the mind of his enemy, and even of his own soldiers, that the demonstration was the *real* attack. This would draw all available forces of the enemy thither; then press the center (and the other flank also if he has sufficient force) by *the real and vigorous assault*.

Apply this principle to the general line of armies between the Atlantic and the Rio Grande; let Meade attack Lee, and follow it up under his own eye so stoutly, even with loss, as to draw off Longstreet and other neighboring troops and leave Schofield free: Sherman to concentrate the three armies, "the Ohio" from the East, and "the army of the Tennessee" from the West, upon the Army of the Cumberland, at Chattanooga, and make this combined force make *the real and sure attack*, to break up the general line, separate the enemy's forces beyond the hope of mutual military aid or supply. The vigorous, simultaneous assaults, whether absolutely successful or not at Mobile and beyond the Mississippi, and the different cavalry raids, some of which were failures, helped; all helped the *main plan*, which, under Providence, was sure to win. So much for the planning.

Sherman and Grant separated at Cincinnati. Sherman came to us. The latter part of March, 1864, he inspected his army. General Howard was assigned to a new command—the 4th Corps (Army of the Cumberland), General Hooker to the 20th (11th and 12th consolidated). These, with the 14th Corps, under General G. H. Thomas, began the movement against Johnston at Dalton about the 18th of May, 1864. (General Howard here named the series of battles from Dalton to the last battle at Atlanta—the 28th of July—making almost 90 days of continuous fighting.) The Army of Johnston, to start with, numbered about 34,000, including all arms. Ours in round numbers, 90,000. Habitually the forces were 70,000 against 45,000.

HOWARD PROMOTED—HOOKER RELIEVED—BATTLE OF BETHEL CHURCH 28TH JULY, '64.

The 27th of July, 1864, General Howard takes command of the Army of the Tennessee, an army organized by Grant and held by Sherman and McPherson in succession. The army and its commander get acquainted the next day in a fierce engagement—Hood's third offensive attempt. Gen. Howard regards this battle as the proper beginning of the "Grand March," as it is the first battle south of Atlanta. He describes the battle briefly. The enemy leaves 642 dead on the field. Our loss comparatively small. The usual proportion is five to seven wounded to one killed.

FLANK MOVEMENT IN CURVES—BATTLE OF JONESBORO—ATLANTA FALLS.

The movement upon Hood's communications commences in the night of Aug. 26th. Army of Tennessee, (Gens. Logan, Blair and Ransom, commanding corps,) takes the outer curve, passing Fairburn and Renfro-place, surprising the enemy and saving the bridge across the Flint river; intrenching near Jonesboro all night; in the morning attacked by Hardee. Gen. Howard was credited by Gen. Sherman with the movement from Renfro-place; speaks of his Aide, Lieut.-Col. Stinson, under the shock of battle. Gen. Hardee, with half of Hood's army, was repulsed by Gen. Howard, and was defeated and driven from the field by the combined attack of the next day, where Gen. Jeff. C. Davis again added to his many laurels others of even greater freshness. Gen. Schofield, with the Army of the Ohio, held the pivot and Gen. Thomas described the intermediate curve. (The map shows the positions gained. Hood's forces are divided. By evacuating Atlanta and moving rapidly he reunites his army at Lovejoy station south of Jonesboro. Our army now moves quietly back to the vicinity of Atlanta to rest, get up absentees and supplies and be ready for the next move.

GEN. HOOD'S AGGRESSIVE OPERATIONS—ALATOONA.

After gathering up all the forces he could, Hood moves by his left flank, strikes the railroad above us beyond the Chattahoochie, but south of our secondary depot, (100,000 rations.) Alatoona.

Gen. Howard had detached one Division under Gen. Corse, from his army, and sent it to Rome, Ga., as soon as Gen. Sherman suspected Hood's intention. Col. Tourtelotte, now on Gen. Sherman's staff, defended the pass and the depot with three small Regiments. Corse came from Rome with two more; altogether, less than two thousand. The Confederate Division with at least 5,000, made the assault, October 5th. Gen. Howard describes the battle. Gen. Sherman telegraphs by signals, from the top of Lost Mountain, 15 to 20 miles distant. Corse answers that he had lost his right ear and part of his cheek, but could whip yet. Gen. Howard was with Gen. Sherman. Gen. Schofield passed so close that the enemy (French) had to withdraw.—

Gen. Howard moved by Rome back to Resecca, through Snake Creek Gap (five miles through a narrow pass filled with fallen trees); the infantry kept marching; orderlies, aids, officers, pioneers, &c., throwing out trees for the artillery and wagons. Gen. Howard here speaks of Gen. Ransom—his beauty, his youth, his ability, his patriotism, his death. Ransom and Gaylesburg, Alabama, where the pursuit of Hood stopped, are associated in his mind. He was carried away here, with a sweet, sad smile on his face, supported by an army stretcher, carried to Rome, Georgia, to die. He has honor here and joy above!

IMMEDIATE PREPARATIONS FOR FRONT AND REAR—SHERMAN AT ATLANTA.

The army is now rearranged. Thomas and Schofield go back. The Army of Tennessee, now 33,000 strong, the Army of Georgia, under Slocum, 30,000, and 5,000 cavalry under Kilpatrick constituted the moving force. During preparations Gen. Sherman's headquarters were at Kingston, Georgia. (Gen. Howard relates three incidents that occurred here: one regarding the ladies of a Howard family that bitterly disclaimed all relationship with the Howards North; another regarding Hon. E. P. Smith, present Commissioner of Indian Affairs, arrested and brought before Sherman in a sad plight, while ringing the Church bell; he was an agent of the Christian Commission. Another about Gen. Sherman coming to Gen. Howard's relief when he was urged to drink whisky.) Gen. Howard, with his army refitted at Smyrna Camp Ground; when ready, the track of the railroad is torn up, his army reaches Atlanta Nov. 13th and halts one day; conversation with Gen. Sherman. He is suffering from neuralgia in his arm and shoulder; an orderly is rubbing him severely while he explains his contingent plans: the General speaks of the appearance of Atlanta, the inhabitants gone, the city is substantially destroyed.

Gen. Howard describes the five narrow roadways east of the Savannah river—two are the railroads, two dirt roads from the North and one from the West. Gen. Hardee had them well defended with heavy guns and infantry supports — swamps, lakes and flooded rice fields met us off the causeways, yet we closed in all around and prepared for assaulting, making rafts and portable bridges to be used in a sudden spring. Meanwhile Kilpatrick is sent to reconnoitre on our right. At the Savannah canal Gen. Howard sent a dispatch by Capt. Duncan and Sergeant Amick. They were to float down the Ogeechee in the night, get through the obstructions with care, and communicate with the fleet if one could be found.

FORT M'ALLISTER.

Gen. Howard visited Gen. Sherman and asked permission to try McAllister, a Fort at the mouth of the Ogeechee that Kilpatrick reported too strong for cavalry assault. Then is explained the selection of Gen. Hazen's Division, the building of King's bridge by Col. C. B. Reese, engineer, 1,000 feet long, in less than three days, the crossing, the placing of one flank on the river above and the other below McAllister, the assault, Dec. 13, through abatis, torpedoes and rough ground, over parapet and behind traverses in the face of a terrible fire of artillery and musketry. Gen. Sherman and Howard look upon this assault from Cheves' rice mill, three or four miles distant, across water. The fleet is approaching but is not seen by Gen. Hazen; by signals they talk with Hazen and with a steamer in the Sound. The question from the steamer, "Is McAllister ours?" is hardly answered before the triumphant shout of victory is faintly heard at the rice mill. The Fort is visited. Our loss in killed and wounded was 90 men, and the enemy's between 40 and 50, and 150 captured with 22 heavy guns and ammunition.

THE EVACUATION AND CAPTURE.

Gen. Howard shows the condition of the troops, their need of speedy supply. A new base is now sure.

Gen. Hardee has about 15,000 men; can stand quite a siege, but of course, now it is only a question of time. He makes off the night of the 20th December, by the Union causeway that we had kindly left open. His going saved life and saved time. Gen. Sherman came into Savannah soon after its occupation, and sent the following expressive and characteristic words to President Lincoln: "I beg to present to you, as a Christmas gift, the city of Savannah, with 150 heavy guns and plenty of ammunition, and also about 25,000 bales of cotton."

Gen. Howard then sums up the march—upwards of 300 miles in 24 days. A breadth of upwards of 40 miles was rendered almost barren, the railroad connections destroyed, the cotton, the main dependence of the enemy, destroyed or captured, &c., 10,000 negroes gone not to return, 13,000 cattle, 5,000 horses, 4,000 mules captured, nearly 10,000,000 pounds of corn and as much fodder regularly taken. Seventy thousand men had eaten through the country like grasshoppers. No inhabitant of Georgia can exaggerate the desolation of this march. Indeed, the words of Sherman have force when such men as himself make aggressive war: "War is cruelty and it is difficult to refine it."

General Howard closed by reading the dispatch of President Lincoln:

> EXECUTIVE MANSION,
> WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 26, 1864.
>
> *My Dear Gen. Sherman*: Many, many thanks for your Christmas gift—the capture of Savannah.
>
> When you were about to leave Atlanta for the Atlantic coast, I was *anxious*, if not fearful; but feeling you were the better judge, and remembering that "nothing risked, nothing won," I did not interfere. Now the undertaking being a success, the honor is all yours, for I believe that none of us went further than to acquiesce. And taking the work of Gen. Thomas into the count, as it should be taken, it is indeed a great success. Not only does it afford the obvious and immediate military advantages, but in showing to the world that your army could be divided, putting the stronger part to an important new service, and yet leaving enough to vanquish the old opposing forces of the whole—Hood's Army,—it brings those who sat in darkness to see a great light.
>
> But what next? I suppose it will be safe if I leave Gen. Grant and yourself to decide.
>
> Please make my grateful acknowledgments to your whole army,—officers and men.
>
> Yours very truly,
> A. LINCOLN.

AMUSEMENTS.

CONCERT THIS EVENING.—Under the auspices of the Ladies' Guild of Trinity Church, a grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given at Masonic Hall this evening. From the extensive preparations which have been made, the persons who are to participate, and the character of the programme announced, we feel warranted in saying that it will be one of the best conducted affairs of the kind which has been given in the city for years. Among those who are announced to appear are a number of the most talented professional and amateur musicians of the city. We mention the following participants: Mesdames Michler, Corbett and Rosenheim, Messrs. Harris, Schuyler, Thielsen, Upshur, Townsend and Lancaster. The Amphion Quartette Club will also appear. The orchestra will be composed of the following well known instrumentalists: Harris, Brenner, Frank, Kay, Bell, Yost, Hegele, Finck Peterson, Wills, Schwendell, Zeck, Thielsen and DePrans. To those who attend a rich musical treat is in store.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

FRIDAY, Dec. 8, 1874.

A. Chrisfield, assignee, etc., vs C. M. Carter; cause dismissed by consent.

In re St. Helens Mill Co; in bankruptcy; order allowing assignee to make settlement of claim against C. M. Carter.

U. S. vs L. H. Adkins; District Attorney not being present, cause continued until to-morrow.

U. S. vs John Smith and John Maxwell; defendants arraigned and plead not guilty; cause continued until Friday next at 10 o'clock A. M.

Court adjourned until to-morrow at the usual hour.

Try that new brand of tobacco. It is A No. 1. At Foster's—American Exchange building.

FASHIONABLE OUTFITS.—Attention is again called to the extraordinary opportunities which are just now being afforded by the extensive clothing house of JOS. KOHN, opposite National Bank. There is no place in the State where a larger or finer assortment both for gentlemen, boys and children will be found. At all times the prices have been the lowest known to the market, but at the present time it will be found that they have been greatly reduced. Mr. Kohn keeps constantly on hand a large and superior stock of furnishing goods and underwear.

TO THE LADIES.

On First Street, above Morrison,
In the windows you will see
New Styles of Ladies' Boots and Shoes,
All made by RODGERS, T.

In Ladies' work he takes the sway,
Surpassed he cannot be,
In cutting and making Ladies' Shoes,
That skillful RODGERS, T.

The Polish Shoe is all the rage,
Full scolloped to the knee;
The side-laced Shoe, the Queen of Style,
Cause a rush to RODGERS, T.

So, Ladies, if you want your feet
From dampness to be free,
As winter it is now at hand,
Go and see RODGERS, T.

And he will show you all the styles,
A GOOD FIT will guarantee,
Or he will give you back your coin—
Commendable RODGERS, T. n10d1m3p

LOOK AT THE PRICES FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Fine French China Tea Sets, 44 pieces	$7 50
" " Marble Vases, per pair	50
" " Hand " "	75
" " Chill Iced " "	75
" " China " "	75
" " Ruby " "	75
" " Dore " "	1 50
" " Sing-la " "	3 00
" " Hoop-dee " "	1 25
" " Brackett Lamps	2 00
" " Stand " from 25 cts to	10 00

A very large stock of HOLIDAY GOODS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE and PLATED WARE at equally reduced rates. Give me a call.

H. W. MONNASTES,
120 First street, bet. Morrison and Yamhill.

PAUSE WHILE YOU READ THIS! The season for parties and balls has arrived and the cold dreary days and nights of winter will soon visit us. Every young man, old man and boy for that matter, likes to present a neat appearance when attending parties, the theater, or walking about the streets. They likewise desire to be well provided against the cold blasts of snow and rain. What contributes more to the personal appearance and comfort of a gentleman, or boy, than a nice closely fitting suit of clothes, set off with a heavy warm overcoat? Why will any one be so foolish as to go without either, when BECK & WALDMAN have everything in that line! Beck & Waldman in laying in their immense fall and winter stock of Clothing have exercised great care, and selected with reference to the demands of trade. They have purchased their goods low and are determined not to be undersold. Let the public note this fact.

For breaking up Colds, use JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

WANTS.

WANTED.

A SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER BY A THOROughly competent person, or will write up post and adjust accounts. Address "M" at this office or through the Postoffice. No objection to go in the country.

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TO RENT.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITE AND SINgle room pleasantly located on Third street, between Salmon and Main.
d1tf1m MRS. GEO. C. COOK.

TO LET.

THE DENTAL ROOMS OCCUPIED BY DR Cardwell. Inquire of P. W. GILLETTE, 64 Front street. n30tf

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THREE HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS centrally located. Enquire at N. E. cor. Third and B streets.

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For Sale,

THE DRUG STORE ON THE CORNER OF First and Ash streets. For particulars apply on the premises.

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G W Church, Albany
S Montgr, "
Mrs Lupen, "
P Devlin, Ireland
A M Smith & wf, Buena Vista
Mrs O H Wagner, O City
F Heizer, "
J W Norris, "
W J Martin, San Fran
John Smith, "

S F Barker, Glencoe
B W Bryan, Prairie City
F Graham & wf, Corvallis
B D Boswell, "
E Allen, "
C H Grubb, Vancouver
Col J R Wheatham, "
E Goddard, San Fran
W E Allen, Astoria
Mrs E M Collender, "
S F Scott, "

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S H Glat, Salem
F Brown, Scomakawa
F C Congdon, Country
G Silver, Nova Scotia
J Proebstel & wf, Vanc'vr
Miss Anni Nye, "

D P Mason, Scio
J B Irwin, "
R A Rumsey, Harrisburg
J G Bingham, Nisqually
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A Wheaidon, "
O J Carr, Salem
S S Jolly, "
S Hughes, Forest Grove
J Jones & wf, Dayton
J T Lovelace & wf, Van
G A Kirtley, Deer Lodge

Capt Moore, Kentucky
John H Walker, Ogn City
A Willis & wf, "
F C Withers, "
John Dodge, Oswego
Marie Duret, Olympia
H R Archer & wf, "
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C W Gardner, Lewis R
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M T Eddy, Bridgeport

S F Parker, Glencoe
G L Parker, "
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GEO. H. CHANCE, Dentist.
Office—First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office,)
PORTLAND.

REMOVAL.

JNO. FINNEN, dealer in the finest brands of TOBACCO, will be pleased to see his old patrons and the public generally at his new store, First st., two doors north of Alder. New brands of Cigars just received.

TO THE LADIES OF PORTLAND.

MRS. W. N. WALLACE has established a first class DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT in one of the new and Elegant Rooms on Stark Street, between First and Second, at which place she would respectfully solicit your patronage.

To Shake, or not to Shake!

Aye, that is the question. Is it better to quiver from head to foot in the paroxysms of fever and ague, or to banish the atrocious disease by a course of that standard anti-febrile remedy, Hostetter's Bitters. There cannot be much doubt at to the response of the malaria-stricken to this inquiry. From every locality on this continent whose inhabitants are tormented with the shivering plague comes an increased demand for the only genuine preventive and eradicant of malaria provided by science. The denizens of fever and ague districts well know how utterly inadequate to do more than give a brief respite are the so-called remedies of the faculty. Quinine, arsenic, bismuth—what are these but palliatives, which cease after a time to produce any beneficial effect whatever, and if persisted in wreak irreparable mischief upon the system? Everywhere they are being abandoned by intelligent persons, and that genuine vegetable specific for intermittent and remittent di[illegible], Hostetter's Bitters, substituted in their place.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in pre[illegible]ing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ABOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramp colic, cholera morbus, diarrhoea, nervous head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can *do it* by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease, and all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBoyle & Co, Druggists, 504 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

DRY GOODS.

THE POPULAR CLOTHIERS,

FISHEL & ROBERTS,

Cor. First and Washington Sts.,

HAVE THE

Largest & Most Complete Stock

OF

Men's & Boys' Clothing

IN OREGON,

The PRICE of which they have

REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES!

THEIR

MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is under charge of a Gentleman formerly Cutting for the

WORLD-RENOWNED

Fashionable Merchant Tailoring Establishment of EDW. ELY & CO.

Chicago.

THEY WILL

GUARANTEE BETTER FITS

THAN EVER.

THEIR

STOCK OF CLOTHS

Consists of the very BEST of

French, English and Domestic Goods,

AND

PRICES THE LOWEST!

CLARKE & HEN

NEW GOODS.

Just Received direct fro[illegible] Ve[illegible] ont, a [illegible] Lot of

MEN'S HAND-KNIT WOOLEN SOCKS

For Wa[illegible] Winter Wear.

Also, NEW, a Great Variety of MEN'S GLOVES, in Cloth, Kid, B[illegible] and Rubb[illegible].

NEW—
Warm Woolen Reversible Shawls.

NEW—
BUTTONS, Entirely New Styles in [illegible], [illegible], OXYDIZED, SHELL, &c.

NEW—
Dress Goods in Endless Variety.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

ESTABLISHED IN 18[illegible].

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM!

WILLIAM BECK & SON,

Importers and D[illegible] in

GUNS, RIFLES AND REVOLVERS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Sporting Am[illegible]uniti[illegible] of [illegible]

Fishing Tackle, Fancy Goods, B[illegible], Fancy Baskets, [illegible]

Cutlery, Bird Cages.

Al[illegible] Just Received, a Large [illegible] of

CHILDREN'S REVERSIBLE CARRIAGES,

Which we offer at reduced prices, to make r[illegible] for a LARGE and [illegible] OF

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS!

CONSISTING OF

Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Trumpets, Mechanical Walking Dolls

GAMES, DOLLS, STEAMBOATS, LOCOMOTIVES, [illegible]

Skates, Sleighs, Velocip[illegible], [illegible]

All of which we will sell, wholesale or [illegible], at the lowest [illegible]

Agents for California Powder W[illegible]

REPAIRING AND NEW [illegible]

107 Front Street, Portland, [illegible]

FRENCH CHINA.

Owing to our overstock of the above [illegible] we will sell a [illegible] of it at greatly reduced prices, in order to [illegible]

The Goods comp[illegible] a full [illegible] of

DECORATED AND PLAIN WHITE D[illegible] AND T[illegible], ETC.

They are of our own I[illegible] portation di[illegible] [illegible] Elegant Designs, and of the finest quality [illegible]. We [illegible] a full [illegible]

SILVER PLATED WARE

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Tea Sets, Cake Baskets, B[illegible], [illegible]

Card Receivers, V[illegible]

KNIVES, FORKS AND [illegible]

We will sell all the above Goods at prices that [illegible] any one, even a Granger.

W. JACKSON & CO.,
No. [illegible]

S. SHERLOCK,

Whol[illegible] and [illegible] in

SADDLERY, HARN[illegible], SADDLERY HARDWARE,

HILL'S CONCORD STAGE AND BUGGY HARNESS, ETC., ETC.

SALES ROOMS No. 61 Front St., [illegible] No. 63 [illegible]
PORTLAND.

150 DOZEN ASSORTED [illegible]

LUMBERMEN!

THE DIAMOND

SILVER STEEL CROSS CUT SAW!

GETS AWAY WITH ALL!

KIRK SHELDON, F[illegible]

The Exclusive Dealer for O[illegible] and W[illegible]

BLUE LIC[illegible]

BLUE LICK

WE[illegible]

HAVING [illegible] for the [illegible] Whiskey, I am [illegible] in barrels, hal[illegible] pared to offer [illegible]

H. [illegible]

Wh[illegible]
No. [illegible]

HACHE[illegible]

GR[illegible]

Cor. First an[illegible]

A COMPLETE [illegible]

FRESH GOODS.

PROMPT ATTENTI[illegible] FREE DELIVERY

PORTLAND GLUE FACTORY!

OFFICE ON FIRST STREET, BETWEEN Taylor and Salmon; next door to Hook and [illegible] House; have always on hand Glue, Curled Hair and Neat's Foot Oil, at San Francisco Prices. n16d1m METZGER & STEEL.

SADDLERY.

WELCH & MORGAN,

[illegible]
Manufacturers and Importers of
SADDLES,
HARNE[illegible]
And [illegible]
[illegible] LEATHER
[illegible] we sell at the
[illegible] MISSION.
[illegible] L. DEL[illegible]
[illegible] & CO.
[illegible] ission
[illegible] PACKETS
[illegible] street,
[illegible] CO, CAL.
[illegible] nt street,
[illegible] OGN.

WM. PFUNDER,

APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,

Co[illegible] of [illegible] and Oak st[illegible] (Portland)

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC 9 1874.

W W BRISTOW.

We are called upon this morning to make the sad announcement of the death of another prominent citizen of Oregon. Hon. W. W. Bristow, State Senator from Lane county, died yesterday morning at his residence at Eugene, of typhoid fever. He was taken with the fever while on a business visit to the more southern part of the State, but so far recovered as to be able to come home, and his final recovery was considered certain; but a relapse hurried him off to the grave.

Mr. Bristow was 48 years of age. He was born in Kentucky, and came to Oregon 26 years ago, with his parents, brothers and sisters. The family settled early in Lane county. So the deceased Senator was one of Oregon's pioneers. He was a member of the Convention that framed our State Constitution, and his firmness and unswerving loyalty to his convictions of right won him the respect and esteem of that body. He served the people in other positions afterwards, and in 1872 was elected a State Senator for Lane county, and served in that capacity in two sessions of the Legislature. His term would have expired in 1876 had not death terminated it. He was a Republican in politics, but the [illegible] in following his convictions of duty to be a strict party [illegible]. To him more than to any other [illegible] Eugene City is indebted for the location there of the State University, and the aid obtained in constructing the building. This institution was nearest his heart, [illegible] he labored for it with an [illegible] and zeal [illegible] thought of no such thing as failure. Our personal relations with him were such that he often conversed with us very freely on public matters, and he seldom failed to [illegible] in such conversations [illegible] he had for helping along the State University. In all other matters, however, that concerned the prosperity, growth and happiness of this young State, he took a lively and appreciative interest. With clear views, strong convictions, definite purposes, and an absorbing attachment to the State in which he had spent all the years since his youth, Bristow was one of the men whom Oregon could least afford to lose. But Providence willed that he should go hence, and he is cut down in the flower of his manhood and in the [illegible] of his usefulness.

With less poignant, but not less sincere grief than theirs, we mingle our tears with those of the bereaved family of our departed friend.

ULCERATED AGAIN.

The Southern ulcer has broken out again. It is at Vicksburg this time. The colored people to the number of several hundred, [illegible] their rights trampled upon, have [illegible] to the city, and severe fighting has already taken place, resulting in the killing of a considerable number of persons, the majority of the killed being of the insurrectionary band. The enforced resignation of a negro Sheriff who had failed to file the official bond required by law, was the starting point of the troubles. It seems strange that the city of Vicksburg can not defend itself [illegible] a few hundred colored insurgents, and must needs call upon the military of the United States for protection and aid.

But the question of the immediate ability of a Southern city to fight its own battles, is of little moment, compared to that of the state of society that makes it necessary to prove such ability. Every day it becomes more and more clear that there is something radically defective in the method of governing the South. We say, in the method of governing it, for the South has had to be or has been—governed from Washington ever since the war, notwithstanding the forms of self-government with which it has been invested. For the most essential objects of administration, the problem of reconstruction [illegible] resolved. The rehabilitation of the States must be done over every year. How or when is the end to come? [illegible] first the people directly affected by the disorders, but after them, the whole country and the [illegible] of republican government everywhere.

FURTHER AGITATION OF THE HEGIRA.

A convention of colored men from 20 counties of the cotton belt of Alabama met at Montgomery on the 2d of December to concert measures for a wholesale emigration of colored people to some State where they are already in the majority. This is the further prosecution of the plan of which we made mention some time since. The object is to concentrate the colored people till they are so greatly in the majority that the whites, unwilling to remain, will emigrate and leave them in exclusive possession. Mr. Frederick Douglass is the leading mind in the scheme, if not the one that first proposed it. He advocates the concentration of the colored people in South Carolina and Georgia and Florida, or in Mississippi and Louisiana, these States, especially South Carolina, Mississippi and Louisiana, having already the largest colored population.

The editor of the Salem *Mercury*, who seems to be about as well posted as the average Bourbon in the affairs of the nineteenth century, says that "the Independent candidate for Governor of Massachusetts received only 150 votes in the recent election." If the *Mercury* will forget all about the resolutions of "98" for a moment it can learn that there was no "Independent" candidate for Governor of Massachusetts election Such ignorance is unpardonable—even in a Bourbon.

A Washington telegram of December 2d says Secretary Bristow, on that day, tendered the position of Supervising Architect of the Treasury—the position heretofore held by Mullett—to John McArthur, Jr., of Philadelphia. Mr McArthur asked for a few days to consider the matter. It is believed that if he can arrange his private business so as to admit of accepting the position, he will do so.

The first annual session of the Alabama State Grange met at Montgomery on the 1st instant There were present one hundred delegates, representing fifty of the sixty-five counties of the State. [illegible] county, with twelve subordinate Granges or less, sends only a single delegate.

A GOOD LITERARY WORK ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

One of the greatest literary enterprises of the times is "The Native Races of the Pacific States," by Hubert H. Bancroft. About fifteen years ago, Mr. Bancroft commenced the collection of books and pamphlets relating to the history of the region west of the Rocky mountains, and extending from Panama to the Alaskan Peninsula. Being at the head of the leading publishing house of the Pacific, he had peculiar facilities for obtaining such works, and in a short time his collection surpassed any other of similar character in the country. Inclined by decided literary tastes and habits, Mr. Bancroft soon conceived the idea of sifting out from this mass of material, much of it crude and incoherent, all the facts that might be of value to the future historian of the Pacific, and preparing from them a series of volumes. The plan contemplated rather the gathering and preserving of suitable matter for a great literary work than the production of such a work.

Naturally enough the subject of the different races that have inhabited the western slope of the continent suggested itself to the mind as a convenient and broad base of operations, since the complete history of a race, its habits, customs, language, and development or decay, embraces all the real history of the country it lived in To the production of such a history of the aboriginal races of the Pacific Mr Bancroft determined to devote himself; and in order to do this the more thoroughly, he gave up the management of the business house, resolved to have no other care till the proposed work should be completed. For years he has been at a [illegible] kept several competent men engaged all the while translating, arranging, comparing materials His collection of books and pamphlets bearing on the subject accumulated till it embraces all that can be found in any language, and is much larger than any one not informed in the premises would suppose possible, numbering over 16,000 volumes.

Mr. Bancroft's work is to be in five octavo volumes, illustrated with maps and engravings. It will be brought out by the Appletons of New York and Longmans of London. Volume I. will appear in the present month, and the others will follow at intervals of three or four months.

Of the merits of this great work, from a purely literary point of view, we can speak only at second hand, taking our impressions from what those say who have had an opportunity to examine portions of it in the advance sheets. President Gilman, of the University of California, an accurate scholar, speaks of the work in terms of high praise, pronouncing it one that will at once interest the general reader, satisfy scholarly curiosity, and impart accurate information. Benj P. Avery, late editor of the *Overland Monthly*, says it will make, when completed, the most important work in American literature ever undertaken by a private person. Similar commendation has been accorded to the work by J. Ross Brown, Archbishop Alemany, Hon M. P. Deady, Brantz Mayer, and others of acknowledged literary standing. So we take it, the plan of the great work has been honored in the execution.

A statement of the general divisions of the subject treated of in the respective volumes, will serve to exhibit an outline of the plan Volume I. treats of Wild Tribes; Their Manners and Customs. Volume II., of Civilized Nations of Mexico and Central America. Volume III., Mythology and Languages of Both Savage and Civilized Nations. Volume IV., Antiquities and Architectural Remains Volume V., Aboriginal History and Migrations

The cowardly assassin of Edward Madden, editor of the Merced *Tribune*, has escaped from imprisonment, and the people of Merced are up and in arms against him. We can't help hoping they will be successful in their search, for however imprudent and unjustified may have been the conduct of the dead editor, there can be no excuse for his cowardly murderer.

Government Architect Mullett, in his annual report, recommends the erection of a substantial brick Custom House and Appraiser's Store at Portland.

Washington correspondents assert that Senator Goldthwaite, of Alabama, will soon resign on account of ill health.

CURRENCY.

$30,000 in Currency wanted.—For the next 60 days we will take Currency at par in exchange for Merchandise on all 'cash' sales All goods sold at a "reasonable profit"

CURRIER & CO,
d4d1m 73 First Street

MARRIED.

In Washington county, Nov 29, by Rev H Lyman, Mr William B Wilson and Miss Martha J Crow both of said county

At Olympia, Dec. 6, Thomas Tallentine and Miss Mattie Chapman

At Yelm Prairie W T, Dec 6, L N Rice and Miss Mell Longmire

In Salem, Dec. 6, James L. Folkes and Miss Lellie Force

At Walla Walla, Dec 3, James Medlock and Miss Martha Wilson

DIED.

At Eugene City, Dec 8, Hon W W. Bristow, State Senator from Lane county, aged 48 years

In Salem, Dec 6, Alfred, son of W L and M J Wade, aged 2 years and 11 months

At Independence, Polk county Dec 3, Charles S Wading aged 16 years and 5 months

NEW TO-DAY.

DRESS GOODS, NEW STOCK JUST OPENED, every shade and color in fine all wool Goods
JOHN WILSON

WANTED.

A STOVE MOUNTER IMMEDIATELY Apply at Lake's Stove Foundry d9d3t

STRAYED.

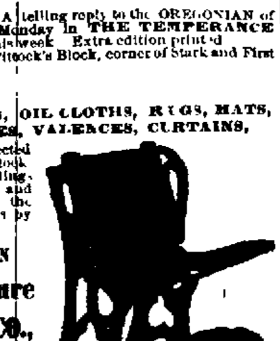
ON THANKSGIVING DAY A SMALL BLACK MARE The finder will be rewarded on giving information of her whereabouts to this office.

SEE A telling reply to the OREGONIAN of Monday in THE TEMPERANCE STAR of this week Extra edition printed
Office in Pittock's Block, corner of Stark and First streets

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS, SHADES, VALENCES, CURTAINS,

A well selected and large stock Also, Mouldings for Cornices and Pictures at the lowest prices by the

OREGON
Furniture
M'F'G CO.,
COMPANY,
PORTLAND.



NEW TO-DAY.

RECEIVED FROM FRANCE!

FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

Christmas & New Year!

No Old Bankrupt Stock,

BUT ALL THE

LATEST STYLES!

OF

Appliqui and Pointe Lace Collars.
Appliqui and Pointe Lace Barbes.
Chantilly Lace Barbes.
Pointe Collars with Barbe Ends.
Lace and Silk Handkerchiefs.
Black Lyon Silk.

A large Invoice, the largest and best Assortment ever come to this market has to be sold,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

P. van FRIDAGH,

79 First Street, Dekum's Building.
dsd1w

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE East Portland Postoffice Dec 8th, 1874 Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised

Ladies' List.

Burns, Mrs Thet[illegible]
Brown, Mrs Mary
B[illegible], Mrs T[illegible]
Chapman, Mrs Caroline 2
Chase, Miss M[illegible]
Culbson, Miss
Curran, Mrs Mary 2
Hayden, Miss Barthomyan
Hill, Miss Cornelia
Hay, Miss Lucy
Langworthy, Miss Mary
Menzies Miss Laura
Mitchell, Miss Lena
Macklin, Mrs Lizzie
Powell, Miss Lizzie
Ransted, Mrs E E
Scott, Miss Dettie
Spittar, Mrs Mary
Taylor, Miss Kate V
Vanterdale, Mrs
Woodcock, Mrs AmandaJ
Walker Miss Nancy

Gentlemen's List.

Alexander Edward 2
Barker R M
Burt, Charles
Bird, Joseph, 2
Carr James
Chenetts, Joseph
Conhorn M D
Dasher Esqr
Ford J W & R P
Johnson, A W
Johnson C A
Johnson, Ealey
Kenney James P
Moulton, T J
McMahon, Michael
Neil Richard B
Perry, J L
Parker, J B
Quivey, L
Rogers, G W
Strong Solomon
Stevenson John W
Swanson, J T
Taber Ervine
Van Rauseller, J C
Van Schuyver Wesley

WILLIAM S SMITH, P M

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon In the matter of the St. Helens Mill Company, bankrupt Notice is hereby given that a second general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held in the city of Portland, in said District, on Wednesday the 30th day of December, 1874, at 11 o'clock A M at the office of H H Northup, Esq, Register in Bankruptcy for said District, for the purpose named in the 27th section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

ARTHUR CRISFIELD,
d9d1aw3t Assignee.

STRAW PAPER 10,000 REAMS FOR SALE, In any quantity and at lowest rates, AT THE AGENCY OF CLACKAMAS MILLS, 72 Front street

VARNISHES,

OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MANUfacture—

A FULL SUPPLY.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

L. H. WAKEFIELD JOHN BARROWS.

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce
San Francisco. Oct 1, 1874

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Sugar Toys, Sugar Hearts,
Crystalized Toys and Hearts,
Glazed Toys and Figures,
Fancy Boxes, Cornucopias,
Wax Candles, Candle-holders,
Christmas Tree Ornaments,
Flower and Dove Baskets,
Gelatin Goods,
French and American Candies,
Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts, etc.,
Plain and Ornamented Cakes,
Lebkuchen and Pfeffernuesse,

Wholesale and Retail at prices that defy competition, at

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

Premium Candy Factory,

No. 107 FIRST STREET.

N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated PAN-ROASTS! are served.

DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY!

AT AUCTION.

WE WILL SELL, AT SALESROOMS ON

SATURDAY, DEC. 19,

At 10 o'clock precisely, the following described Real Estate

All of Block No 330.
Lots 5 and 6 in Block No 329.
Lots 3 and 6 in Block No 170.
South Half of Block No 331.
West Half of East Half of Lots 7 and 8, in Block No 259

ALSO,

The South 35 feet of Lot 4 in Block 232 This Lot is on the northwest corner of Morrison and Eighth streets, being 100 feet on Morrison and 35 feet on Eighth street—one of the best locations for sale in the city

SALE POSITIVE Terms—Cash

OSCAR KILBOURN & CO.,
Auctioneers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Last Boat for Wallula!

PASSENGERS LEAVING PORTLAND ON FRIday morning 11th instant, will connect with the last boat for Wallula this season

J. C. AINSWORTH,
Dec. 7, 1874 d8d3t President.

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

is offered to the Trade at low rates, by
n18tf ALLEN & LEWIS.

SCHOOL TAXES.

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT No 1, Multnomah county, Oregon—You are hereby notified that the tax for the year 1874 is now due and collectable and I am by virtue of a warrant from the Directors of said District dated November 24th 1874, commanded to collect the same within thirty days.

J D HOLMAN, Clerk.

Office at Atkinson & Wakefield's corner Stark and Front streets Office hours from 9 A M to 3.30 P. M. n25d1m

[illegible]AYS.

GRAND

CHARITY FAIR!

IN AID OF

ST. VINCENT'S HOSPITAL,

Now being Erected in the Northern part of this City,

AT

PHILHARMONIC HALL,

FIRST STREET.

(Bet Washington and Stark.)

Commencing on Monday, December 7th, and continuing throughout this week.

Admission Twenty-Five Cents—Children half Price

Hall open each evening from 6 to 10 o d4dct

MASONIC HALL!

GRAND AMATEUR

Vocal & Instrumental Concert

Under the auspices of the

LADIES' GUILD OF TRINITY CHURCH,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 9, 1874.

The list of Performers comprises the

PORTLAND AMATEUR ORCHESTRA,

Under the Conductorship of Mr S. HARRIS.

THE AMPHION QUARTETTE CLUB,

And the principal Amateurs of the City.

Reserved Seat Plan open this morning

Musical Director MR. G. L. DePRANS.

THE SKATING RINK!

On Fourth street, bet. Pine and A,

Skating EVERY DAY, except Sunday, from 10 to 12, and from 2 to 4 o'clock.

Ad[illegible] Use of Skates 25 Cents.

Skating every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, from 8 to 10 o'clock

MUSIC BY . . . . . . BRASS BAND

Admission 25 cts. | Use of Skates 25 cts.

Wednesday has been set apart exclusively for Ladies.

H C MORRICE, Lessee.
n10d1m

MUSIC! MUSIC!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the citizens of Portland to the fact that he has secured the services of the celebrated Violinist Prof JOHN CORDES, and other talented Musicians of this city, for the purpose of giving superior Music than ever before, for Balls and Parties. Orders through Postoffice or myself promptly attended to

CHAS GRAHAM
n18d1m Cor First and Oak streets.

J. K. GILL & CO.

75 FIRST STREET,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

Are now receiving direct from New York the Most Beautiful and Extensive Stock of

HOLIDAY GOODS

ever imported to this market, in their line, consisting of

FINE EDITIONS OF

Standard and
Juvenile Books,
Autograph and
Photograph Albums,
Russia Leather Goods,
Family Bibles,
Prayer Books,
Parlor Games,
Building Blocks,
Table Croquett, &c.

It will be to your advantage to examine our Stock before purchasing.

No. 75 FIRST SRTEET.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

IS CALLED TO THE GREAT INDUCEMENTS now being offered to the public to that large and well selected stock of

Dry Goods, Millinery

AND

FANCY GOODS,

Which is now being sold

AT COST.

Parties wishing to buy Holiday Presents will save 30 per cent by buying them now.

Stock and Fixtures for Sale at a great Sacrifice.

MRS. H. ACH,
n23 97 First street.

NEW

BOOT AND SHOE

STORE,

COR. FRONT & MORRISON STREETS,

Opposite St Charles Hotel

n2 1aw C. M. WIBERG.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PARTNERship heretofore existing between T V Shoup and W S Newbury under the style and name of SHOUP & NEWBURY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

T V SHOUP.
W. S. NEWBURY

Portland, Oregon, Nov 21 1874

W. S. NEWBURY will continue the business and in the practice of his Profession as Attorney and Counselor at Law at the old office of the late firm of Shoup & Newbury First street, second door south of Ladd & Tilton's Bank, Portland d4dct

OFFICE OF THE

Oregon Steam Ship Company,

PORTLAND Dec 1, 1874.

AFTER THIS DATE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the rate on up Freight by the Boats of this Company between Portland and Corvallis and in termediate points will be

ONE DOLLAR PER TON.

J D BILES, Agent

R. DINSMORE, Broker,

73 First Street.

Money loaned on real estate and personal security Legal Tenders bought and sold. GOLD DUST BOUGHT Interest allowed on time deposits of coin. Exchange on S F d1d3m

J. B. ROBERTS,

GENERAL BROKER,

98 First Street.

Money Loaned on approved security Notes discounted. Currency and Gold Dust bought and sold. d4d1m

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Christmas is Coming

AND

HENRICHSEN IS HERE!

Having just returned from San Francisco with an assortment of Goods in my line second to none this side of S. F. as regards selection and size, I invite the citizens of Portland, and all others to call and examine the large variety of DIAMOND, CAMEO, TURQUOISE, TOPAZ, ONYX, AMETHYST, and the very latest styles of ENAMELED GOLD JEWELRY in Sets, Buttons, Bracelets, Finger Rings, etc., etc.

Attention is also called to the splendid assortment of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, of Foreign and Domestic Manufacture. SOLID SILVER and PLATED WARE of the most celebrated Manufactories of the United States, in endless variety, and everything that can be found in any First Class Jewelry Establishment.

A MANUFACTORY, (the only one in Portland,) is attached to the Store, where any article can be made or repaired without sending to San Francisco.

L. C. HENRICHSEN,

No. 109 First Street.

B. L. STONE,

JEWELER,

Would respectfully invite the attention of the public to his Large and [illegible] assortment of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, Solid SILVER WARE, etc., etc.

By selecting my goods in person I can offer to my customers the Newest Styles and choice articles.

Arrangements have been made with the San Francisco and Western Manufacturers to supply me with all the latest productions in Fine Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Antique Clocks, and all goods in my line by every steamer, and my facilities for purchasing enable me to offer to my customers at retail Goods as cheap as they can be bought at wholesale by other Jewelers, with large inducements to dealers.

I keep no plated Jewelry of any description. Every article is warranted to be just as represented, and I have but ONE PRICE for all goods.

Watch and Jewelry made to order, and Repairing [illegible] attended to by [illegible] workmen.

Agents for SETH THOMAS' CLOCKS; World-renowned DIAMOND SPECTACLES [illegible] Spectacles are [illegible] with [illegible] care, [illegible] with the [illegible] to the eye and can be [illegible] by [illegible] dial or day light.

B. L. STONE,
103 Front St., bet. Alder and Morrison,
Portland, Oregon

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

JOHN B. MILLER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISco with a large and well selected Stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Suitable for Holiday Presents, consisting of

Fine Stem and Key Winding Watches of the most Celebrated makers of Europe.

Also American Watches of E. Howard & Co., Elgin Waltham, New York, and Springfield Watch Factories. Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated Stem Winding Roskoft Watch which for cheapness and durability cannot be excelled by any maker in this world.

Watches, Chronometers and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

n24d1m J B MILLER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW GOODS!

J. FLEISHNER.

Has relocated at his old stand, 137 First Street. and has opened an

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES!

Selected personally during a recent visit to San Francisco.

PRICES THE LOWEST!

Call and be Convinced.

THE HOLIDAYS!

FIRST IN THE FIELD!

SCHMEER BROS.

65 First Street,

HAVE OPENED THEIR STOCK OF

Holiday Confectioneries

THE VARIETY OF FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CANDIES, TOYS, ETC.,

is entirely new, large and complete Wholesale orders from the country solicited Prices marked down

Suppers prepared for Balls and Parties on short notice

Call before purchasing elsewhere n21d1m

NEW YORK MARKET.

CHAS. A. MALARKEY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Fish, Poultry, Game & Oysters,

SECOND STREET,

(One door North of Washington)

PUGET SOUND FISH 5 cents per pound—wholesale.

Just received, a large stock of

TURKEYS, GEESE, ETC.,

For the Holiday Trade.

Prices within the reach of all.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE OWNERS OF THE "PACIFIC WHARF and Warehouse," located at the foot of Salmon street in this city announce to the public that they are now ready to receive Produce and Merchandise on storage at low rates

The wharf affords excellent accommodation for discharging and loading ocean vessels of the largest class Wharfage rates reasonable.

Liberal cash advances will be made on grain stored in large quantities in the warehouse Warehouse receipts will be given

For particulars apply to

CHARLES HOLMAN.
Portland, Oregon, Nov. 30, 1874. n30 1m

RAGS, BOTTLES, JUNK.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR THE ABOVE. 2500 grain sacks for sale at Kafka's Junk Store, corner of Oak and Front streets.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

AJAX,

FRED. BOLLES . . . . . . Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port,

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1874,
At 12 o'clock M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, SAN JUAN, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGEL and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

JOHN HAYES . . . . . . Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports

SATURDAY, DEC. 26. 1874,
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR [illegible] SHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,

J. F. WHITNEY . . . . . . Master

[illegible]

C H BUTLER . . . . . . Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with steamers at Coos Bay.

F. SCHETTER, Agent, Coos Bay; D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco. 106 Davis street, near California. oc5d6m

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

[illegible] PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR WALLULA—Monday, and Friday at 5 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays [illegible]) at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M,

R. G. REED, Vice Pr[illegible]

Oregon Steamship Company's

STEAMBOATS.

[illegible]

FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, [illegible] 22d, the

E. N. COOKE

Will [illegible] OREGON CITY [illegible] day [illegible] at 7:30 A. M. for [illegible] will leave Portland for Oregon City at 2:30 P. M.

[illegible] for DAYTON and all [illegible] places will take CARS at 7:30 A. M. [illegible] at C[illegible] with the [illegible] on Monday, Wednesday and Friday [illegible] at Oregon City with the O & C R R Co at 3 P. M. on Tuesday, Thursday and [illegible] for Portland.

THROUGH TICKETS sold at the Office of the O. & C. R. R. Co., at REDUCED RATES.

All Freight by this line [illegible] FREE OF DRAYAGE.

[illegible] P. M.
J. D. [illegible]

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

Steamer "GOV. GROVER" for Corvallis, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

Steamer "WILLAMETTE CHIEF" for Albany, on Tuesday and Friday at 6 A. M.

Steamer "SHOSHONE" for Points on the Yamhill River, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 A. M.

Steamer "BEAVER" for Astoria, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T DODGE, Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER,

OHIO,

Leaves the Wharf foot of Alder street, Portland for Salem, Albany, Corvallis, and all intermediate points, on Mondays and Thursdays of each week. Leaves Corvallis on return Wednesdays and Saturdays, until further notice. No delays on account of low water Rates of freight reasonable. For any further information apply on board, or to G. L. Lindsley, Agent, on the wharf.

n21tf U. B. SCOTT, Master.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf, for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

56 First street, between Stark and Oak,

Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURS,

Offer this Season a very Large and Superior stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Dealers Supplied at Reduced Rates.

Orders and repairing promptly attended to

REMOVAL.

T. DITTENHOEFER,

Dealer in

TOBACCO, CIGARS & YANKEE NOTIONS,

And a full

Stock of Toys for the Holidays,

HAS REMOVED TO

No. 37, Cor. Front and Pine Streets.

SALT WATER FISH.

Five Cents Per Pound

1,000 LBS OF ALL KINDS OF FISH RECEIVed daily from Puget Sound which will be sold to Dealers and Hotels at the above price.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

ZEKE & CO., Agents,
n21h1m 120 First street.

AUCTION [illegible]

A. B. [illegible]

AUCTIO[illegible]

OF REAL ESTATE [illegible]

Sale Days [illegible]

Regular [illegible]

GROCERI[illegible]

300 bxs [illegible]
250 bxs [illegible]
150 bxs [illegible]
10 bbls [illegible]
10 bbls [illegible]

Two [illegible]

An Elegant [illegible]

One IRON S[illegible]

MUTUAL INSURANCE [illegible]

Fire and Marine [illegible]

CHAS R. STORY

Investment [illegible]

Insurance [illegible]

Capital, [illegible]

Assets, [illegible]

ENLARGEMENT [illegible]

J. GILLESPIE,
M. ZAN,
San Francisco.

ZAN BROS [illegible]

Brooms, Wood[illegible]

A Large and [illegible]

C. W. WIB[illegible]

Books, Stationery, [illegible]

Picture Fr[illegible]

No. 24 Stark St., next [illegible]

Pictures framed [illegible]

LOUIS [illegible]

PRACTICAL [illegible]

Mathematical & Tele[illegible]

No. 60 FIRST, bet[illegible]

PORTLAND

OREG[illegible]

Is now ready [illegible]
D F HARRINGTON, [illegible]

PARTNER[illegible]

IN THE [illegible] at Jefferson [illegible] address the undersigned.
Jefferson, Nov 21 1874.

[illegible] Daily Oregonian [illegible]

CITY [illegible]

[illegible] time ago of the purchase [illegible] used in the Oregon Iron Works [illegible] well known gentlemen of [illegible] of the projected enterprise of [illegible] in operation a large [illegible] of Albina, until the [illegible] out of the brick building [illegible] Iron Works, [illegible] of December. A large [illegible] operations [illegible] to build the foundry. It is [illegible] of the new Company to build [illegible] the foundry [illegible] the new enterprise are [illegible] energy, and possess the [illegible] to insure the success of [illegible] that they "mean business."

[illegible] of examining the "Book of Wo[illegible] at Trinity Church concert this [illegible] advise all [illegible] purchase one of the books [illegible] before the concert, [illegible] the limited number printed [illegible] before 8 o'clock. [illegible] Shakespeare [illegible] the contains [illegible] and plot of the [illegible] credit on the [illegible] novelty will [illegible] will go to the [illegible] of each book will be [illegible]

[illegible] THANKS.—Gen. Howard [illegible] thanks, in his behalf, to [illegible] for the map drafted by that [illegible] last evening by the [illegible] at the Congregational [illegible] Ward kindly [illegible] invaluable service to the [illegible] out the various [illegible] that famous [illegible] a public [illegible] his lecture.

[illegible] ADVERTISING AGENCY.—[illegible] a circular [illegible] & Chessman, St. Louis, Mo. [illegible] of Geo. P. Rowell [illegible]

[illegible] in a day or so. [illegible]

[illegible]—The State Circuit [illegible] not adjourn last Monday, [illegible] adjourned until next Saturday [illegible] hearing of a case. On Saturday [illegible] adjourn until the second [illegible]

[illegible] AFTERNOON.—A full attendance [illegible] and others interested, is [illegible] the meeting of the Sewing Society [illegible] Church, at the Pastor's [illegible] afternoon. Special business [illegible]

[illegible]—The ladies [illegible] to take part in the [illegible] had a private rehearsal at [illegible] evening.

LOCAL [illegible]

[illegible] night of the Fair.
[illegible] river is falling again.
[illegible] concert this evening.
[illegible] County Court will convene to-day.
[illegible] Catholic Fair will run all week.
[illegible] was a bright, cheerful day.
[illegible] McKibeny is now residing at [illegible]
[illegible] have experienced but little cold [illegible]
[illegible] Lodge, No. [illegible]
Excelsior Lodge No. 1, K. of P., this [illegible] o'clock.
[illegible] steamer Welcome is making [illegible] Oregon City.
[illegible] new books have been [illegible] Library.
[illegible] now has temporary [illegible] steamer Welcome.
[illegible] steamer Ajax will [illegible] on Thursday.
[illegible] 3 o'clock last evening [illegible] Police Court.
[illegible] work on the improvements at [illegible] are nearly completed.
Navigation on the Upper [illegible] with the present week.
Adjourned meeting of [illegible] at 7:30 this evening.
[illegible] new postoffice [illegible] occupation in about two months.
A water main is being laid along [illegible] between Third and Fourth.
[illegible] are busily engaged [illegible] repairs to the [illegible]
Write the address on the [illegible] you mail it. Numerous [illegible] the postoffice because they [illegible]
[illegible] been taken to pieces and [illegible]
Charles Newell, formerly [illegible] received the appointment [illegible] the Government Printing [illegible]
The person who took from [illegible] Hon. Jos. N. Dolph a copy of [illegible] Report is requested to return [illegible] diately.
Several ladies, residents of [illegible] complain of the impertinence of [illegible] thrusts himself in their [illegible] should be taught a lesson.

THE FAIR.

There was a marked increase in the [illegible] at the Charity Fair last evening [illegible] young ladies, with books in hand, are [illegible] up the [illegible] The new attractions are the [illegible] and the easy chair—the [illegible] (give the vote), and the [illegible] physician. [illegible] will be produced in [illegible]

A demand for postal [illegible] presented to the officials, as the [illegible] find it impossible, in many instances, [illegible] the parties addressed. [illegible] their utmost to prevent the necessity [illegible] advertising dead letters.

The dining department is in [illegible] and hungry mortals are sent away full [illegible] fed.

The Misses presiding over the [illegible] confectionery stand are even [illegible] the sweet morsels they sell, and [illegible] young men are more attentive to the [illegible] ladies than they are to the sweetmeats.

Music and mirth prevailed They [illegible] to continue with unabated vigor du[illegible] season

BUSINESS NOTICES.

John Wilson, the popular dry goo[illegible] chant on Third street, has just received [illegible] invoice of dress goods of every shad[illegible] and grade He also has camel's hai[illegible] diagonals serges, cashmeres, empres[illegible] hosiery, underwear, etc. Ladies sho[illegible] him a call

As is his usual custom, Van Frid[illegible] vided for the holidays, many new an[illegible] goods He presents nothing old, [illegible] customers know, and they will be [illegible] surprised when they see his novel[illegible] don't know much about dry goods, [illegible] matter entirely with the ladies [illegible] judge for themselves.

PERSONAL.

D. P Mason, Esq., of [illegible] has our thanks for favors.

AUCTION AND COM[illegible]

A. B. RICHARD[illegible]

AUCTIONE[illegible]

COR. OF FRONT AND OA[illegible]

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GE[illegible]
CHANDISE AND HO[illegible]

Sale Days---Wednesday and [illegible]

At Private Sale,
of [illegible]

Liberal advances made on [illegible]
To parties declining Housek[illegible]
that I will purchase Second-H[illegible]
A. B. RICHARDSON, [illegible]

Reg-lar and Peremp[illegible]

OF

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, FURNIT[illegible]

AND

GENERAL MERCHA[illegible]

I will sell at my Auction [illegible]

WEDNESDAY, DECEM[illegible]

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

GROCERIES,

300 bxs Rope's CANDLES,
250 bxs Challenge SOAP,
150 bxs Bleaching SOAP,
10 bbls Zante CURRANTS,
10 bbls English PORTER.

ALSO,

DRY GOODS,

20 pieces SHEETING.

ALSO,

12 doz. prs PANTS,
SHIRTS and DRAWERS, TOWELS,
SHELL BOXES, &c.

ALSO,

Two Elegant MIRRORS.

ALSO,

FURNITURE.

ALSO,

An Elegant Assortment of PICTURE[illegible]

ALSO,

One IRON SAFE.

A. B. RICHARDSON, A[illegible]

INSURANCE.

Fireman's Fund Ins[illegible]
OF CALIFORNIA.

FIRE AND MARI[illegible]

Assets Proceed - $97[illegible]

OREGON BRANC[illegible]
[illegible]
EDWARD HALL [illegible]

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE C[illegible]
OF SAN FRANC[illegible]

Fire and Marine In[illegible]

[illegible]

DIRECTO[illegible]

[illegible]

HAMIL[illegible]

[illegible]

Investment & Insu[illegible]

COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MAR[illegible]

Incorporated in 18[illegible]

Cash Assets, - - $[illegible]

OFFICERS:

FRANK DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT, Vice P[illegible]
President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING, [illegible]

This Company has no connection w[illegible] combination; its business is [illegible] the Lowest Paying Rates; each risk [illegible] to its own merits.

The [illegible] having been [illegible] for the above Company, are [illegible] to [illegible] applications and issue P[illegible] and Marine risks at equitable [illegible]

A. P. HOTALING & CO[illegible]
Office 25 First Street, Po[illegible]

[illegible] Agents for Oregon and W[illegible] Territory.
Agents wanted [illegible]

UNION

Insurance Comp[illegible]
[illegible] AND MARINE

Capital, [illegible]

Assets exceed - $1[illegible]

BRANCH OFFICE FOR O[illegible]
First National Bank Bui[illegible]

WM D. HACK[illegible]

[illegible]

ENLARGEMENT OF [illegible]

J. GILLESPIE,
M. KAN,
San Francisco.

[illegible] BROTH[illegible]

Wholesale Dealers in

Brooms, Wood & Willo[illegible]

They are now in [illegible]

A Large and Splendid [illegible]

Of every variety of Goods in the [illegible]

O. v. WI[illegible]TZINGER

Dealer in all kinds of

Books, Stationery, Notions, [illegible]

Picture Frames, &c.

No. 24 Stark St., next to Gas Comp[illegible]

Pictures framed. Orders from the country [illegible]ly attended to.

LOUIS PAU,

PRACTICAL OPTIC[illegible]

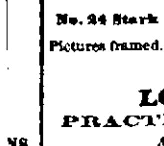
And Manufacturer of

Mathematical & Telegraph Instr[illegible]

No. 60 FIRST, bet. Oak and [illegible]

PORTLAND, OREGON.

HARRINGTON'[illegible]



OREGON C[illegible]

Prepared for [illegible] E. MARTIN & [illegible]

Is now ready and for sale by [illegible]
D. F. HARRINGTON, Portland.

PARTNER WA[illegible]

IN THE JEFFERSON [illegible] at Jefferson, Marion county, [illegible] address the undersigned.
Jefferson, Nov. 21, 1874.

[illegible] Oregonian.

[illegible], DEC. 9, 1874.

CITY.

[illegible] Wire.—Mention was [illegible] of the purchase of the [illegible] in the Oregon Iron Works, by [illegible] gentlemen of this city, [illegible] wise of constructing [illegible] large foundry in [illegible] the machinery will [illegible] building known as [illegible] between the present [illegible] A large force of men [illegible] in Albina next [illegible] the foundry. It is also the [illegible] Company to build a large [illegible]y. The persons identi[illegible] [illegible]prise are gentlemen of [illegible] and possess the requisite [illegible] of the same. We [illegible] business."

[illegible]—We have had the op[illegible] the "Book of Words," [illegible] Church concert this even[illegible] advise all intending visit[illegible] of the books at G. A. [illegible] the concert, as we are [illegible] number printed will be [illegible]. The book is embel[illegible] and other quotations [illegible] parts of the concert, [illegible] of the orches[illegible] of the "[illegible]," from [illegible] is a work of art. It reflects [illegible] on the typographer, Mr. [illegible] and we are quite sure this [illegible] will find a [illegible] sale. The [illegible] go to the Ch[illegible] fund. The [illegible] book will be 25 [illegible]

[illegible]—Gen. Howard desires us [illegible] in his behalf, to Lieut. F. K. [illegible] map drafted by that gentleman [illegible] ing by the General during [illegible] the Congregational Church, [illegible] sketched the map, which [illegible] service to the lecturer in [illegible] the various movements of the [illegible] "march to the sea." [illegible], Gen. Howard omitted [illegible] acknowledgement at the [illegible]

[illegible] AGENCY.—We are in re[illegible] from the new agency of [illegible], St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Row[illegible] the well known New York [illegible] Rowell & Co., and Mr. Ches[illegible] [illegible] cled the excellent paper [illegible]. The new firm are thor[illegible] conversant with the business, [illegible]ing, reliable and attentive; [illegible] success.

[illegible] in receipt of a letter from [illegible] written at Olympia a few [illegible] that she will be in [illegible] or so, and will give parlor [illegible] after her arrival. Her [illegible]

[illegible] The State Circuit Court [illegible] day, as was intended. [illegible] day for the spe[illegible] Saturday Court will [illegible] second Tuesday in [illegible]

[illegible] presence of all [illegible] is requested, [illegible] of the [illegible] residence, [illegible] is to be trans[illegible]

[illegible] ladies and gentlemen [illegible] this even[illegible] at Masonic Hall [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] will convene to-day.

[illegible] will run all week.

[illegible] cheerful day.

[illegible] ing at Eugene [illegible]

[illegible] but little cold weather [illegible]

[illegible], I. O. G. T., this [illegible]

[illegible] No. 1, K. of P., this evening [illegible]

[illegible] is making daily trips [illegible]

[illegible] have [illegible] added to the [illegible]

[illegible] has temporary command of [illegible]

[illegible] will not sail until 12 [illegible] day.

[illegible] last evening no arrest was [illegible] Court.

[illegible] improvements at Masonic [illegible] pleted.

[illegible] the Upper Columbia will [illegible] week.

[illegible] ing of City Rifles at their [illegible] this evening.

[illegible] rooms will be ready for [illegible] two months.

[illegible] being laid along Yamhill [illegible] Third and Fourth.

[illegible] busily engaged in making [illegible] the Police Court building.

[illegible] on the Postal Card before [illegible] numerous cards accumulate in [illegible] they have no address.

[illegible] to Trinity Church has [illegible] and placed in a building [illegible] and [illegible] streets.

[illegible] of the Herald, has [illegible] of Proof-Reader in [illegible] Office at Washing[illegible]

[illegible] the law office of [illegible] First Benedict's [illegible] the same imme[illegible]

[illegible] of Washington street, [illegible] ence of a man who [illegible] presence after dark, [illegible] rather uncomforta[illegible] [illegible] taught a lesson.

[illegible] PAID.

[illegible] marked increase in the attend[illegible] [illegible] ity Fair last evening. The [illegible], with books in hand, are fast fill[illegible] [illegible], much to their joy, and the [illegible] are most fortunate indeed. [illegible] are the gold headed cane [illegible]—the former to be voted to [illegible] editor (being modest we will [illegible]), and the latter to the most [illegible]. Other articles to be voted [illegible] placed in due season. [illegible] postal facilities will be duly [illegible] officials, as the young ladies [illegible], in many instances, to dis[illegible] [illegible]. They, as well as [illegible], are diligent and do [illegible] to prevent the necessity of ad[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] ment is in capable hands, [illegible] are sent away fully satis[illegible]

[illegible] presiding over the destinies of [illegible] stand are even sweeter than [illegible] they sell, and we fear the [illegible] are more attentive to the young [illegible] they are to the sweetmeats. [illegible] and mirth prevailed. They promise [illegible] with unabated vigor during the [illegible]

BUSINESS NOTICES.

[illegible], the popular dry goods mer[illegible] [illegible] Third street, has just received a large [illegible] of dress goods of every shade, color [illegible]. He also has camel's hair cloth, [illegible] cashmeres, empress cloth, [illegible], etc. Ladies should give [illegible]

[illegible] al custom, Van Fridagh has [illegible] the holidays, many new and attrac[illegible]. He p[illegible] to nothing old, as all his [illegible], and they will be agreeably [illegible] they see his novelties. We [illegible] about dry goods, but leave [illegible] with the ladies, who can [illegible] selves.

[illegible]ONAL.

[illegible], Esq., of Scio, called yesterday. [illegible] for Salem.

"SHERMAN'S MARCH TO THE SEA."

Gen. Howard delivered a lecture on the above subject, last evening, at the First Congregational Church, [illegible] in behalf of a benevolent society of ladies. The auditorium was crowded with a very intelligent and fashionable assemblage. Although quite lengthy, the lecture was listened to throughout with great pleasure.

MARCH TO FIRST OBJECTIVES—GORDON AND MILLEDGEVILLE—GRISWOLDVILLE BATTLE—TOWN SACKING—FORAGING—PROMINENT CONFEDERATES.

The march begins November 14th. There are so many contingencies that the objective points are taken tentatively. Kilpatrick reports to Gen. Howard; the *right* moves on Gordon as the first objective, the left on Milledgeville; seven days there is no communication with Gen. Sherman, who moved with the left. The right presses, cavalry in front meeting and driving Wheeler's cavalry toward Macon. Under the cover of this movement a bridge, across the Ocmulgee, is thrown at Planters' factory, and the command is crossed and takes up a new movement apparently on Macon in three columns; under the cover of cavalry and the display of infantry the trains are drawn off to Gordon and gradually parked. The trains of right wing, including the cavalry, stretched out some forty miles in length—*i. e.*, they would do so if in one row. The cavalry puts its train with the infantry, so as to be free to move. Gen. Woods' division of infantry is ordered to make a strong demonstration in the direction of Macon, placing his back towards Gordon. Walcott's brigade is thrown forward, supporting the cavalry. The enemy, under Gen. G. W. Smith, accumulates at Macon perhaps 5,000 men; goes out to drive back what is regarded as only cavalry; Walcott's brigade waits for this force in a good place near swamps, with its flanks protected first by the swamps and second by the cavalry outside of the natural obstructions. With the coolness of veterans it meets the old men and boys aggregated against them. The result was almost a slaughter of the enemy's assaulting column, with very small loss to the brigade. The loss to the enemy in killed and wounded was estimated at 2,500. All our wounded that could be moved at all were taken along in the ambulances; these included General Walcott himself. It was reported that not one of the wounded men died during the march, rough over corduroyed roads as it was. Gen. Howard, at the appointed time, was at Gordon with his entire force. Gen. Sherman, with Slocum's wing, had passed along the Augusta railroad, destroying it. Gen. Howard describes the way it was done; how the rails were heated and twisted, and the ties burned. Slocum turns off towards Milledgeville at Madison. General Howard shows what was done at this little town, and relates a characteristic and amusing incident, where a soldier seems to be carrying off a young lady, is arrested by an officer, turns out to be only a dressmaker's model. The joke is left upon the gallant officer who came to the rescue. Foraging; how restrained, its success and its dangers to the safety and discipline of a command. The approach to and occupation of the capital of Georgia. Howell Cobb; his warnings and threats, directed toward us. The legislator said: "Every citizen with his gun, and every negro with his spade and ax—you can destroy the enemy by retarding his march. Be firm!" Yet Howell Cobb and the legislators fled at Slocum's approach; nay, they ran before Captain Duncan and his twelve scouts, sent from the right column to communicate.

NOV. 22D—SECOND OBJECTIVE LINE, I. E.: MILLEN AND STATESBORO—KILPATRICK AND GENERAL DAVIS—WAYNESBORO PRISON PEN.

All up abreast of Milledgeville and Gordon, Sherman now sends Kilpatrick to operate on the left front. He has first to make the enemy feel confident that the whole aim is Augusta; to keep the train clear of Wheeler's cavalry; to speed away, break the railroad and save our prisoners at Millen. General Davis gives him generous support from his 14th Corps. He does all but rescue the prisoners. General Howard here speaks of the cavalry engagement in which Kilpatrick is sure to whip, whether he moves back or forwards. He never really believed he was defeated. Surely he kept Wheeler's entire attention, so that few infantry men saw an enemy's horseman. He broke Wheeler's lines at the railroad and drove him through Waynesboro.

The next line taken is a north and south one through Millan and Statesboro. The left wing meets with such opposition as has been mentioned; [illegible] the Oconee and the Ogeechee high up with comparatively little difficulty. The right wing passes through land low and swampy, along a narrow causeway. The Oconee crossing is defended by General Wayne; General Giles A. Smith sends on some cavalry and infantry; the cavalry are across but come back (those that are not killed or wounded) in haste; General Osterhaus is discouraged, as the causeway is covered so that every man that shows himself is shot. General Howard says: "Deploy your skirmishers; keep on till you receive no return fire in the thick woods up and down the Oconee." It is done; the bridge is thrown, and the enemy is gone. Only heads of the columns have been disturbed.

At Millen Gen. Howard stood by Gen. Sherman while the large Junction depot was burning. A German and his wife, on a porch near by, looked on with fear and sorrow. Gen. Sherman's face expressed a sort of triumphant satisfaction, mingled with curiosity as the peculiarity of the roofing displayed itself in skeleton in the flames. When the crash came he said, "*Now* let us go." Gen. Howard describes the log enclosure which held our prisoners.

DEC. 3D—OBJECTIVE LINE, SAVANNAH CANAL—BATTLE OF CORSE, SMITH, &C.—CITY INVESTED—CAPT. DUNCAN WITH DISPATCHES FOR FLEET.

We turned about Millen as a pivot. Gen. Howard's command, in three columns, two habitually on the right bank of the Ogeechee, and one (Blair's corps) on the left. Bridges were frequently made or repaired, so that the river should not be an obstacle to the moving columns. Gen. Slocum takes the road to the left, one near the Savannah; Gen. Baird, with a division, aids in covering the rear after our change of front. Gen. Hardee sent up a force to obstruct and hinder,—bridges were destroyed, the trees were cut and the roads were filled up. But we could repair breaches of all kinds, and made short work of felled trees. His troops we could flank. If they appeared on the left bank of the river, the right columns w[illegible] pushed forward, and *vice versa*. Rather than be out-flanked and caught the [illegible]y fall back. The really serious opposition began at the Savannah Canal, about 16 or 17 miles from the city, or rather at the crossing of our road on the left bank with the Kingsbridge wagon-road. Gen. Corse discovered about 600 infantry with two pieces of artillery, and by the aid of Gen. Jno. E. Smith, of the 15th Corps, the enemy is dislodged and driven within the outer defenses of Savannah, 8 miles from the city. Simultaneously, Gen. Slocum has come up abreast, encountering the same kind of hinderances, and finding small detachments of the enemy that speedily gave way before his advance. The whole country around Savannah for miles is swampy, marshy land, and very flat. The cypress grows large at the trunk, with knees and roots in the marsh and along the numerous branches into which the creeks are divided. The roads would not last till a wagon train passed without being roughened with cross-logs.

HOW GEN. HOWARD CAME TO GEN. SHERMAN'S COMMAND.

Gen. Howard first gave a running sketch, mentioning the principal events from the defeat of Lee at Gettysburg to his connection with the operations of Gen. Sherman. One large division was taken from the 11th Corps and sent, under Gen. Gordon, to the neighborhood of Charleston, S. C. The other two divisions, under Shurtz and Steinwher, keeping up the 11th Corps' organization under Gen. Howard, were ordered west. This fragment of the 11th, with the 12th under Slocum, constituted a new command for Gen. Hooker. It took Gen. Howard five days to move his command, bag and baggage (near 10,000 men), from the banks of the Rappahannock to Bridgeport, Ala., on the Tennessee. About the 1st of October, 1863. Marched up the Tennessee on the enemy's side; fought together with Geary the battles in Lookout Valley, on the nights of Oct. 28th and 29th against Longstreet; passed into Chattanooga, detached from Hooker and joined the army of the Cumberland, connecting with the flanking force of Gen. Sherman in the battle of Gen. Grant against Bragg that comprises the affairs of Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge; was joined to Gen. Sherman during Bragg's retreat and the Knoxville campaign; returning, went into winter quarters with his corps in Lookout valley, about the middle of December, 1863.

GENERAL PLANS AND ORGANIZATION.

Gen. Grant is transferred to the command of all the armies and Gen. Sherman to the Military Division of the Mississippi, March 9th, 1864. From this time till the op[illegible]ing of the spring campaign all officers of rank and responsibility, and probably hosts of others, are studying the military situation. [Gen. Howard here pointed out the existing lines of armies, Union and Confederate, already broken at the Mississippi—Lee's, Bragg's, now Joe Johnston's and Longstreet's, with smaller forces at Charleston and Mobile, presented a double line. Lee's strength was in his fine command; Longstreet and Johnston added great strength of position to tried troops. Gen. Grant seems to have had a simple plan, of which the battle of Chattanooga was a type: make strong demonstrations against a selected point on one flank or the other, so strong as to produce the conviction in the mind of his enemy, and even of his own soldiers, that the demonstration was the *real* attack. This would draw all available forces of the enemy thither; then press the center (and the other flank also if he has sufficient force) by *the real and vigorous assault*.

Apply this principle to the general line of armies between the Atlantic and the Rio Grande; let Meade attack Lee, and follow it up under his own eye so stoutly, even with loss, as to draw off Longstreet and other neighboring troops and leave Schofield free: Sherman to concentrate the three armies, "the Ohio" from the East, and "the army of the Tennessee" from the West," upon the Army of the Cumberland, at Chattanooga, and make this combined force make *the real and sure attack*, to break up the general line, separate the enemy's forces beyond the hope of mutual military aid or supply. The vigorous, simultaneous assaults, whether absolutely successful or not at Mobile and beyond the Mississippi, and the different cavalry raids, some of which were failures, helped, all helped the *main plan*, which, under Providence, was sure to win. So much for the planning.

Sherman and Grant separated at Cincinnati. Sherman came to us. The latter part of March, 1864, he inspected his army. General Howard was assigned to a new command—the 4th Corps (Army of the Cumberland), General Hooker to the 20th (11th and 12th consolidated). These, with the 14th Corps, under General G. H. Thomas, began the movement against Johnston at Dalton about the 18th of May, 1864. (General Howard here named the series of battles from Dalton to the last battle at Atlanta—the 28th of July—making almost 90 days of continuous fighting.) The Army of Johnston, to start with, numbered about 34,000, including all arms. Ours in round numbers, 90,000. Habitually the forces were 70,000 against 45,000.

HOWARD PROMOTED—HOOKER RELIEVED—BATTLE OF BETHEL CHURCH 28TH JULY, '64.

The 27th of July, 1864, General Howard takes command of the Army of the Tennessee, an army organized by Grant and held by Sherman and McPherson in succession. The army and its commander get acquainted the next day in a fierce engagement—Hood's third offensive attempt. Gen. Howard regards this battle as the proper beginning of the "Grand March," as it is the first battle south of Atlanta. He describes the battle briefly. The enemy leaves 642 dead on the field. Our loss comparatively small. The usual proportion is five to seven wounded to one killed.

FLANK MOVEMENT IN CURVES—BATTLE OF JONESBORO—ATLANTA FALLS.

The movement upon Hood's communications commences in the night of Aug. 20th. Army of Tennessee, (Gens. Logan, Blair and Ransom, commanding corps,) takes the outer curve, passing Fairburn and Renfro-place, surprising the enemy and saving the bridge across the Flint river; intrenching near Jonesboro all night; in the morning attacked by Hardee. Gen. Howard was credited by Gen. Sherman with the movement from Renfro-place; speaks of his Aide, Lieut.-Col. Stinson, under the shock of battle. Gen. Hardee, with half of Hood's army, was repulsed by Gen. Howard, and was defeated and driven from the field by the combined attack of the next day, where Gen. Jeff. C. Davis again added to his many laurels others of even greater freshness. Gen. Schofield, with the Army of the Ohio, held the pivot and Gen. Thomas described the intermediate curve. (The map shows the positions gained. Hood's forces are divided. By evacuating Atlanta and moving rapidly he reunites his army at Lovejoy station south of Jonesboro. Our army now moves quietly back to the vicinity of Atlanta to rest, get up absentees and supplies and be ready for the next move.

GEN. HOOD'S AGGRESSIVE OPERATIONS—ALATOONA

After gathering up all the forces he could, Hood moves by his left flank, strikes the railroad above us beyond the Chattahooche, but south of our secondary depot, (100,000 rations.) Alatoona.

Gen. Howard had detached one Division under Gen. Corse, from his army, and sent it to Rome, Ga., as soon as Gen. Sherman suspected Hood's intention. Col. Tourtelotte, now on Gen. Sherman's staff, defended the pass and the depot with three small Regiments. Corse came from Rome with two more; altogether, less than two thousand. The Confederate Division with at least 5,000, made the assault, October 5th. Gen. Howard describes the battle. Gen. Sherman telegraphs by signals, from the top of Lost Mountain, 15 to 20 miles distant. Corse answers that he had lost his right ear and part of his cheek, but could whip—— yet. Gen. Howard was with Gen. Sherman. Gen. Schofield passed so close that the enemy (French) had to withdraw.

Gen. Howard moved by Rome back to Resecca, through Snake Creek Gap (five miles through a narrow pass filled with fallen trees); the infantry kept marching; orderlies, aids, officers, pioneers, &c., throwing out trees for the artillery and wagons. Gen. Howard here speaks of Gen. Ransom—his beauty, his youth, his ability, his patriotism, his death. Ransom and Gaylesburg, Alabama, where the pursuit of Hood stopped, are associated in his mind. He was carried away here, with a sweet, sad smile on his face, supported by an army stretcher, carried to Rome, Georgia, to die. He has honor here and joy above!

IMMEDIATE PREPARATIONS FOR FRONT AND REAR—SHERMAN AT ATLANTA.

The army is now rearranged. Thomas and Schofield go back. The Army of Tennessee, now 33,000 strong, the Army of Georgia, under Slocum, 30,000, and 5,000 cavalry under Kilpatrick constituted the moving force. During preparations Gen. Sherman's headquarters were at Kingston, Georgia. (Gen. Howard relates three incidents that occurred here: one regarding the ladies of a Howard family that bitterly disclaimed all relationship with the Howards North; another regarding Hon. E. P. Smith, present Commissioner of Indian Affairs, arrested and brought before Sherman in a sad plight, while ringing the Church bell; he was an agent of the Christian Commission. Another about Gen. Sherman coming to Gen. Howard's relief when he was urged to drink whisky.) Gen. Howard, with his army refitted at Smyrna Camp Ground; when ready, the track of the railroad is torn up, his army reaches Atlanta Nov. 13th and halts one day; conversation with Gen. Sherman. He is suffering from neuralgia in his arm and shoulder; an orderly is rubbing him severely while he explains his contingent plans; the General speaks of the appearance of Atlanta, the inhabitants gone, the city is substantially destroyed.

Gen. Howard describes the five narrow roadways east of the Savannah river—two are the railroads, two dirt roads from the North and one from the West. Gen. Hardee had them well defended with heavy guns and infantry supports — swamps, lakes and flooded rice fields met us off the causeways, yet we closed in all around and prepared for assaulting, making rafts and portable bridges to be used in a sudden spring. Meanwhile Kilpatrick is sent to reconnoitre on our right. At the Savannah canal Gen. Howard sent a dispatch by Capt. Duncan and Sergeant Auriok. They were to float down the Ogeechee in the night, get through the obstructions with care, and communicate with the fleet if one could be found.

FORT M'ALLISTER.

Gen. Howard visited Gen. Sherman and asked permission to try McAllister, a Fort at the mouth of the Ogeechee that Kilpatrick reported too strong for cavalry assault. Then is explained the selection of Gen. Hazen's Division, the building of King's bridge by Col. C. B. Reese, engineer, 1,000 feet long, in less than three days, the crossing, the placing of one flank on the river above and the other below McAllister, the assault, Dec. 13, through abattis, torpedoes and rough ground, over parapet and behind traverses in the face of a terrible fire of artillery and musketry. Gen. Sherman and Howard look upon this assault from Cheves' rice mill, three or four miles distant, across water. The fleet is approaching but is not seen by Gen. Hazen; by signals they talk with Hazen and with a steamer in the Sound. The question from the steamer, "Is McAllister ours?" is hardly answered before the triumphant shout of victory is faintly heard at the rice mill. The Fort is visited. Our loss in killed and wounded was 90 men, and the enemy's between 40 and 50, and 150 captured with 22 heavy guns and ammunition.

THE EVACUATION AND CAPTURE.

Gen. Howard shows the condition of the troops, their need of speedy supply. A new base is now ours.

Gen. Hardee has about 15,000 men; can stand quite a siege, but of course, now it is only a question of time. He makes off the night of the 20th. December, by the Union causeway that we had kindly left open. His going saved life and saved time. Gen. Sherman came into Savannah soon after its occupation, and sent the following expressive and characteristic words to President Lincoln: "I beg to present to you, as a Christmas gift, the city of Savannah, with 150 heavy guns and plenty of ammunition, and also about 25,000 bales of cotton."

Gen. Howard then sums up the march—upwards of 300 miles in 24 days. A breadth of upwards of 40 miles was rendered almost barren, the railroad connections destroyed, the cotton, the main dependence of the enemy, destroyed or captured, &c., 10,000 negroes gone not to return, 13,000 cattle, 5,000 horses, 4,000 mules captured, nearly 10,000,000 pounds of corn and as much fodder regularly taken. Seventy thousand men had eaten through the country like grasshoppers. No inhabitant of Georgia can exaggerate the desolation of this march. Indeed, the words of Sherman have force when such men as himself make aggressive war: "War is cruelty and it is difficult to refine it."

General Howard closed by reading the dispatch of President Lincoln:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 26, 1864.

My Dear Gen. Sherman: Many, many thanks for your Christmas gift—the capture of Savannah.

When you were about to leave Atlanta for the Atlantic coast, I was *anxious*, if not fearful; but feeling you were the better judge, and remembering that "nothing risked, nothing won," I did not interfere. Now the undertaking being a success, the honor is all yours, for I believe that none of us went further than to acquiesce. And taking the work of Gen. Thomas into the count, as it should be taken, it is indeed a great success. Not only does it afford the obvious and immediate military advantages, but in showing to the world that your army could be divided, putting the stronger part to an important new service, and yet leaving enough to vanquish the old opposing forces of the whole—Hood's Army,—it brings those who sat in darkness to see a great light.

But what next? I suppose it will be safe if I leave Gen. Grant and yourself to decide.

Please make my grateful acknowledgments to your whole army,—officers and men.

Yours very truly,
A. LINCOLN.

AMUSEMENTS.

CONCERT THIS EVENING.—Under the auspices of the Ladies' Guild of Trinity Church, a grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given at Masonic Hall this evening. From the extensive preparations which have been made, the persons who are to participate, and the character of the programme announced, we feel warranted in saying that it will be one of the best conducted affairs of the kind which has been given in the city for years. Among those who are announced to appear are a number of the most talented professional and amateur musicians of the city. We mention the following participants: Mesdames Michler, Corbett and Rosenheim, Messrs. Harris, Schuyler, Thielsen, Upshur, Townsend and Lancaster. The Amphion Quartette Club will also appear. The orchestra will be composed of the following well known instrumentalists: Harris, Brenner, Frank, Kay, Bell, Yost, Hegele, Finck, Peterson, Wills, Schwendell, Zick, Thielsen and DeFrans. To those who attend a rich musical treat is in store.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

FRIDAY, Dec. 8, 1874.

A. Chrisfield, assignee, etc., vs C. M. Carter; cause dismissed by consent.

In re St. Helens Mill Co.; in bankruptcy; order allowing assignee to make settlement of claim against C. M. Carter.

U. S. vs L. H. Adkins; District Attorney not being present, cause continued until to-morrow.

U. S. vs John Smith and John Maxwell; defendants arraigned and plead not guilty; cause continued until Friday next at 10 o'clock A. M.

Court adjourned until to-morrow at the usual hour.

Try that new brand of tobacco. It is A No. 1. At Foster's—American Exchange building.

FASHIONABLE OUTFITS.—Attention is again called to the extraordinary opportunities which are just now being afforded by the extensive clothing house of JOS. KOHN, opposite National Bank. There is no place in the State where a larger or finer assortment both for gentlemen, boys and children will be found. At all times the prices have been the lowest known to the market, but at the present time it will be found that they have been greatly reduced. Mr. Kohn keeps constantly on hand a large and superior stock of furnishing goods and underwear.

TO THE LADIES.

On First Street, above Morrison,
In the windows you will see
New Styles of Ladies' Boots and Shoes,
All made by RODGERS, T.

In Ladies' work he takes the sway,
Surpassed he cannot be,
In cutting and making Ladies' Shoes,
That skillful RODGERS, T.

The Polish Shoe is all the rage,
Full scolloped to the knee,
The side-laced Shoe, the Queen of Style,
Cause a rush to RODGERS, T.

So, Ladies, if you want your feet
From dampness to be free,
As winter it is now at hand,
Go and see RODGERS, T.

And he will show you all the styles,
A GOOD FIT will guarantee,
Or he will give you back your coin—
Commendable RODGERS, T. n10d1m3p

LOOK AT THE PRICES FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Fine French China Tea Sets, 44 pieces	$7 50
" " Marble Vases, per pair	50
" " Hand " "	75
" " Chill Iced " "	75
" " China " "	75
" " Ruby " "	75
" " Dore " "	1 50
" " Sing-la " "	2 00
" " Poop-deo " "	1 25
" " Brackett Lamps	2 00
" " Stand " from 25 cts to	10 00

A very large stock of HOLIDAY GOODS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE and PLATED WARE at equally reduced rates. Give me a call.

H. W. MONNASTES,
129 First street, bet. Morrison and Yamhill.

PAUSE WHILE YOU READ THIS! The season for parties and balls has arrived and the cold dreary days and nights of winter will soon visit us. Every young man, old man and boy for that matter, likes to present a neat appearance when attending parties, the theater, or walking about the streets. They likewise desire to be well provided against the cold blasts of snow and rain. What contributes more to the personal appearance and comfort of a gentleman, or boy, than a nice closely fitting suit of clothes, set off with a heavy warm overcoat? Why will any one be so foolish as to go without either, when BECK & WALDMAN have everything in that line. Beck & Waldman in laying in their immense fall and winter stock of Clothing have exercised great care, and selected with reference to the demands of trade. They have purchased their goods low and are determined not to be undersold. Let the public note this fact.

For breaking up Colds, use JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

WANTS.

WANTED.

A SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER, BY A THOROUGHLY competent person, or will write up, post and adjust accounts. Address "M" at this office, or through the Postoffice. No objection to go in the country.

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HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITE AND SINGLE room pleasantly located on Third street, between Salmon and Main
d1d1m MRS. GEO. C. COOK.

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THE DENTAL ROOMS OCCUPIED BY DR. Cardwell. Inquire of R. W. GILLETTE, 64 Front street. n30tf

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THREE HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS centrally located. Enquire at N. E. cor. Third and B streets.

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For Sale,

THE DRUG STORE ON THE CORNER OF First and Ash streets. For particulars apply on the premises.

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HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

G W Church, Albany	S F Barker, Glencoe
S Montgo[illegible], "	B W Bryan, Prairie City
Mrs Lupen,	F Graham & wf, Corvallis
P Devlin, Ireland	B D Boswell, "
A M Smith & wf, Buena Vista	E Allen, "
Mrs O H Wagner, O City	C H Grubb, Vancouver
F Heizer, "	Col J R Wheatdam, "
J W Norris, "	E Goddard, San Fran
W J Martin, San Fran	W E Allen, Astoria
John Smith, "	Mrs E M Collender, "
	S F Scott, "

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

W P Burns, Oregon City	D P Mason, Scio
H B May, "	J B Irwin, "
C Buckner, "	R A Rumpey, Harrisburg
J K Toner, "	J G Bingham, Nisqually
J L [illegible], St Helens	F E Smith, K[illegible]
Mrs Smith East Portland	J V Ireland,
S H Gist, Salem	J Welch, Astoria
F Brown, Scowakawa	Miss Belle Wilch, Astoria
F C Congdon, Country	D Creighton, Dalles
G Silver, Nova Scotia	A C Fisher, Astoria
J Proebstel & wf, Vanc'vr	M Herrick, Waterford
Miss Anni Nye, "	R Malory, Salem

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

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P Nelson, Yamhill	A Willis & wf, "
John Mundy, "	F C Withers, "
John Marble, Klickitat	John Dodge, Oswego
F Jones, "	Marie Durel, Olympia
E N Thomas, Jefferson	H R Archer & wf, "
John Forbay, Albany	Mrs W D VanBuren "
A Whealdon, "	Fred Fluton, "
O J Carr, Salem	J B Foster, "
S S Jolly, "	J W Watt, Yakima
S Hughes, Forest Grove	L G Rodgers, San Fran
J Jones & wf, Dayton	E C Green, West Union
J T Lovelace & wf, Van	Nelson Gordon, Van
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C W Gardnor, Lewis R	S F Parker, Glencoe
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Wm. Whitney, Butteville	Geo Ramsey, Newburg
James Johnson, Yamhill	R Myore, Hillsboro
Isaac Davis & wf, "	J S Coats, Cascades
J T Harbin, Lafayette	J W Blottenberge "
J Glover, Eagle Creek	J H Sutterland, "
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REMOVAL.

JNO. FINNEN, dealer in the finest brands of TOBACCO, will be pleased to see his old patrons and the public generally at his new store, First st., two doors north of Alder. New brands of Cigars just received.

TO THE LADIES OF PORTLAND.

MRS. W. N. WALLACE has established a first class DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT in one of the new and Elegant Rooms on Stark Street, between First and Second, at which place she would respectfully solicit your patronage.

To Shake, or not to Shake!

Aye, that is the question. Is it better to quiver from head to foot in the paroxysms of fever and ague, or to banish the atrocious disease by a course of that standard anti-febrile remedy, Hostetter's Bitters. There cannot be much doubt as to the response of the malaria-stricken to this inquiry. From every locality on this continent whose inhabitants are tormented with the shivering plague comes an increased demand for the only genuine preventive and eradicant of malaria provided by science. The denizens of fever and ague districts well know how utterly inadequate to do more than give a brief respite are the so-called remedies of the faculty. Quinine, arsenic, bismuth—what are these but palliatives, which cease after a time to produce any beneficial effect whatever, and if persisted in wreak irreparable mischief upon the system? Everywhere they are being abandoned by intelligent persons, and that genuine vegetable specific for intermittent and remittent disease, Hostetter's Bitters, substituted in their place.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ABOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramps, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, nervous head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can *do it* by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease, and all billious complaints with the [illegible] vegetable [illegible]edy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBoyle & Co., Druggists, 504 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

DRY GOODS.

THE POPULAR CLOTHIERS,

FISHEL & ROBERTS,

Cor. First and Washington Sts.,

HAVE THE

Largest & Most Complete Stock

OF

Men's & Boys' Clothing

IN OREGON.

The PRICE of which they have

REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES!

THEIR

MERCHANT TAILORING

DEPARTMENT

Is under charge of a Gentleman formerly Cutting for the

WORLD-RENOWNED

Fashionable Merchant Tailoring Establishment of EDW. ELY & CO.

Chicago.

THEY WILL

GUARANTEE BETTER FITS

THAN EVER.

THEIR

STOCK OF CLOTHS

Consists of the very BEST of

French, English and Domestic Goods,

AND

PRICES THE LOWEST!

CLARKE & HEND[illegible]

NEW GOODS.

Just Received direct fro[illegible] Ve[illegible]ont, a [illegible] Lot of

MEN'S HAND-KNIT WOOLEN SOCKS

For Warm Winter Wear.

Also, NEW, a Great Variety of [illegible] GLOVES, in
Cloth, Kid, Buckskin and Rubb[illegible].

NEW--

Warm Woolen Reversible Shawls.

NEW--

BUTTONS, Entirely New Styles in ST[illegible], JET, OXYDIZED,
SHELL, &c.

NEW--

Dress Goods in Endless Variety.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1852.

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM!

WILLIAM BECK & SON,

Importers and D[illegible] in

GUNS, RIFLES AND REVOLVERS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Sporting Ammuniti[illegible] of [illegible]

Fishing Tackle, Fancy Goods, [illegible], Fancy Baskets, [illegible]
Cutlery, Bird Cages.

Al[illegible] Just Received, a Large Inv[illegible] of

CHILDREN'S REVERSIBLE CARR[illegible]

Which we offer at reduced prices, to make room for a LARGE and ELEGANT [illegible] OF

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS!

CONSISTING OF

Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Trumpets, Mechani[illegible] Walking Dolls

GAMES, DOLLS, STEAMBOATS, LOCOMOTIVES, [illegible]

Skates, Sleighs, Velocipedes, [illegible]

All of which we will sell, wholesale or [illegible], at the low[illegible]

Agents for California Powder Works [illegible]

REPAIRING AND NEW [illegible] MADE [illegible]

107 Front Street, Portland, [illegible]

FRENCH CHINA.

Owing to our overstock of the above [illegible] we will [illegible] of it at greatly reduced prices, in order to reduce st[illegible]

The Goods comprise a full [illegible] of

DECORATED AND PLAIN W[illegible] AND TEA [illegible], ETC.

They are of our own Importation direct [illegible] are of [illegible] gant Designs, and of the finest quality [illegible]. We [illegible]

SILVER PLATED WARE,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Tea Sets, Cake Baskets, B[illegible],
Card Receivers, V[illegible]

[illegible]

KNIVES, FORKS AND SPOONS.

We will sell all the above Goods at prices that would [illegible] any one, even a Granger.

W. JACKSON & CO.,
No. 30 [illegible]

S. SHERLOCK,

Whol[illegible] and [illegible] in

SADDLERY, HARN[illegible] SADDLERY HARDWARE,

HILL'S CONCORD STAGE AND BUGGY [illegible], ETC.

SALESROOMS No. 61 Front St., [illegible] No. 60 F[illegible]
PORTLAND.

150 DOZEN ASSORTED [illegible]

LUMBERMEN!

THE DIAMOND

SILVER STEEL CROSS CUT SAW!

GETS AWAY WITH ALL!

KIRK SHELDON, F[illegible]

The Exclusive Dealer for Oregon and Washing[illegible]

BLUE LICK

WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade, at jobbing rates.

H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT.
Whol[illegible] Dealer in W[illegible] and Liquors,
No. 147 First, near Taylor street.

HACHENEY & STEMMR,

GROCERS,

Cor. First and Taylor Sts.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

FRESH GOODS.

PROMPT ATTENTI[illegible] FREE DELIVERY

PORTLAND GLUE FACTORY!

OFFICE ON FIRST STREET, BETWEEN Taylor and Salmon; next door to Hook and [illegible]. We have always on hand Glue, Curled Hair and Neat's Foot Oil, at San Francisco Prices. n16d1m METZGER & STEEL.

SADDLERY.

WE[illegible] & MO[illegible],

FRONT ST., 66 DO[illegible]

Manufacturers and Importers of

SADDLERY,

HARNESS,

And [illegible]

SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER

Hill's Concord [illegible]

We Wa[illegible] all articles [illegible] we sell at the LOWEST RATES.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

L. B. HARRIS. | F. CLAY. | CHAS. L. DELL

HARRIS, DELL & CO.,

SHIPPING,

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

Proprietors

STAR LINE PACIFIC PACKETS

No. 40 California street,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

No. 88 Front street,
PORTLAND, OGN.

Liberal Advances [illegible]

WM. PF[illegible]DER,

APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,

Co[illegible] of [illegible] and Oak [illegible], (Portland)

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

The Daily Oregonian.

WED[illegible] 1874.

CHICAGO'S RIP VAN [illegible]

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE OF EPILE[illegible]—A PATIENT WHO HAS BEEN UNCONSCIOUS FOR 70 DAYS—HE WILL NEITHER BURN NOR SCARE OUT OF HIS SNOOZE.

[From the Chicago Times, Nov. 25.]

A very singular case has recently come under the eye of a *Times* reporter. It is undoubtedly a case of true catalepsy, and so rare are the instances of this disease, that it has caused a decided sensation among the medical fraternity of this city.

The man who furnishes the cause of all the speculations that are rife, and all the learned investigations that are daily taking place over his [illegible] insensible body, is one Michael Finnegan, a true Celt, as his name implies. Mike alive, well, and about his humble business if he had any at all, excited no interest whatever, and never succeeded in establishing himself as the centre of a coterie of wise and scientific gentlemen, but prone on his back, prostrated by a disease almost unknown, and when he can possibly derive no satisfaction from so doing, he at once becomes the object of the most

ABSTRUSE DISQUISITIONS,

and the exciting cause of lofty efforts to expound the [illegible] of his condition. His [illegible] has been the subject of essays and communications to medical journals, and he is in a fair way to unconsciously immortalize himself.

Of the early history of Finnegan's disease but little is known. About Sept. 15 he was found on the railway track near the Michigan Southern depot. He was standing in an almost rigid, unconscious condition, to all appearance contemplating what the result might be if a train should suddenly insist upon occupying his portion of the track. The policeman who arrested him and took him to the Harrison [illegible], said it was the queerest case of [illegible] he ever saw, and in all his experience with himself and numerous other [illegible] to thus affect a human creature.

Michael, in the police court, exhibited symptoms of insanity, and a day or two subsequently was

REMOVED TO ELGIN.

Here he [illegible] into a [illegible] unconsciousness and [illegible], his muscles became rigid, and he lost all power of voluntary motion. It was not a case that came within the province of the Elgin [illegible]stitution, and he was removed to the county hospital. Here he remained until the 3d of November, there being little or no change in his condition, when he [illegible]

He has [illegible] in this singular state for 70 days, [illegible] less, [illegible] helpless. He has been visited by a great many of the physicians and surgeons of this city, to all of whom he is a veritable sphinx.

There are diverse and different opinions about his [illegible], which exhibits a complication of symptoms which none of them have witnessed before. A large number of them hold that it is

A TRUE CASE OF CATALEPSY,

while others maintain that it is hysteria with assimilated catalepsy.

The [illegible] has as yet shown no change, [illegible] a falling off in flesh, he appears as he did when first brought to the institution. Various experiments have been made [illegible] him [illegible] this overpow[illegible] out [illegible]. At some times there has been reason to suppose him conscious, at others all expedients have failed to arouse either sensibility or consciousness. [illegible] difficulty, and at times he [illegible] to [illegible] thus [illegible]. For instance, the reporter [illegible] his arm [illegible] with [illegible] as if [illegible]ly conscious of the performance. But when the arm was raised it

[illegible]

and [illegible] requisite to [illegible], which apparently contradicts the [illegible] seems to prove that the apparent [illegible]tence is simply the [illegible] of [illegible] rigidity. At times [illegible] twitches, as if in pain. But this, too, can scarcely indicate a conscious [illegible]. On the contrary, he is apparently [illegible]. An iron [illegible] so hot that [illegible] of the physicians could bear [illegible] hands upon it, was applied to his body, without exciting any demonstrations of [illegible]. His eyes are closed, and it [illegible]. At [illegible] he slightly [illegible] his position, more often during the night than in the day time.

[illegible]

record a case of [illegible] the [illegible] was cured by being frightened out of it. Acting upon this idea the physicians have at[illegible]. They have talked at his [illegible] about [illegible], as his case was hopeless, and have scratched his neck with a tooth-pick, but the patient failed to scare any.

He is [illegible] fed by [illegible] food into his throat through a large-sized catheter. He eats in this way 60 ounces of milk and four eggs each day.

But [illegible] is done in the medical treatment [illegible] of the [illegible] system has been obtained by an administration of [illegible], but it was only temporary. [illegible] have been given [illegible]. The physicians are discussing the effect of a trans[illegible]

It is [illegible] he will come out of this singular state but with a

[illegible]

The case is of the [illegible] interest to medical [illegible] of its extreme rarity. But few have ever been seen. Hammond, a very voluminous [illegible] but three, and [illegible] have [illegible] very extensive, has observed but one. But three have been known in [illegible]

[illegible] REALLY [illegible], ISN'T IT!

The *Republic*, of New York city, says: We find the following extra[illegible] in a letter from the *Times* correspondent, now in Texas:

We must speak of the bridge as we find it. Personally I [illegible] well [illegible]. I have been taken to the Houston Club and made much of. I have [illegible] to private box[illegible] and played croquet. I have chatted with some very pretty ladies, and [illegible] one or two good dinners [illegible] of it, as if I was an exceptional Republican, which is very [illegible]. Now, in poor Louisiana, which has been so ill-treated by the [illegible], there is not one-tenth part of the [illegible] sentimentality which I have [illegible] in [illegible]. The people there were averse to secession, and voted against it, and were bullied, pushed, coaxed, shoved, urged and [illegible] into the Confederate ranks against their convictions. Yet see how they have been treated—given [illegible] to all [illegible], branded as traitors, and as nursers of rebellion in their hearts, plundered, [illegible], abused in every way; their ex-slaves set over their heads, their remonstrances [illegible] to shame, their statements [illegible] as lies, and all this to drag out a possible Republican majority? Louisiana will be recorded in history as the most ill-treated [illegible], when, according to every idea of justice, she ought to have been the most kindly [illegible]

Who would have believed that such language could ever be printed in a paper founded by that great Republican leader, Henry J. Raymond?

FREDDY'S PRAYER.—A bright-eyed boy of four years was saying his prayers the other night to his mother, and with his hands folded and eyes [illegible], he sweetly said:

"Now I lay me down to sleep,
I pray the Lord my soul to keep;
If I [illegible] die before I wake,
I pray the Lord my soul to take.
God bless papa, mamma and—"

He stopped all at once, opening his eyes, and exclaimed:

"Mother, mother, what shall I say if I have been a bad boy?"

"You should not stop to ask questions, my son, while you are saying your prayers," replied his mother.

"But mother, I have been bad; what shall I say?"

"Ask God to forgive you; but you should say your prayers all through when you begin, without stopping."

His question answered, he reverently folded his hands, and closing his eyes, continued:

"And will God forgive me for killing a hop-toad with a big stick, and throwing it down a big hole? Amen."

Children of a larger growth will do well to copy.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

[illegible]

TUESDAY EVENING, December 8, 1874.

Gold in New York, 111⅜.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 89½, selling 90.

[illegible] in San Francisco, 90½ buying, 91 selling.

Sight exchange on San Francisco, coin ⅜ ℘c discount; currency ½ of 1 per cent.

Sight exchange on New York, coin ¾ of one per cent prem., and currency ¼ of one per cent.

Gold bars, 735@750.

Price of Sterling exchange in New York, $4 84½@4 85.

Latest telegrams from Liverpool denote a quiet market. Quotations are as follows: For California cargoes on the spot, 10s 3d; Oregon ditto 10s 6d; cargoes Oregon, for shipment to Cork, 9s 4d; do. to Liverpool, 9s 1d per cental. Liverpool cargoes for shipment, 45s 6d per quarter of 500 lbs.

Telegrams from New York, as above indicated, denote a decline in the price of gold of ¾@1 ℘ cent owing to causes not announced but by some believed to be the vigor with which the President urges the adoption, by Congress, of some plan for a return to specie payments. One thing is certain, that should Congress devise and adopt such a plan, it would take some time to bring matters to that condition in which it could be set at work. But whether it come sooner or later the country will hail it with satisfaction, if it be accompanied with all the good results which the President predicts, and unattended by the evils which he seems to have hinted in portions of the message, evidently mutilated in its transmission over the wires.

In local monetary circles no general complaint is made, and the available funds on the market appear to be sufficient at the present to supply the existing demand. As the year approaches its close, buyers in the general market are dropping out gradually; purchases are now confined to actual necessities, if we except the holiday trade. It is believed, however, that the next month will witness a revival of the general trade of both country and city as the active grain movement which will be the rule during December, will carry with it a general diffusion throughout the interior of a very large amount of circulating capital.

Wheat and Tonnage.

Under foreign and San Francisco advices, indicating no change, our home market in this line continues to maintain a steady tone. Wheat is yet [illegible] in large volume, while the number of vessels loading, or ready to load, is growing smaller, and with current receipts kept up a week longer and no further arrival of ships, our market will be overstocked. There are doubtless vessels enough destined for this port to carry away the entire surplus of the State, but arrivals are slow, and such vessels as now come seeking, find ready takers at an advance on previous charters. In fact, the rise in tonnage on this coast has more than offset the advance noticed in breadstuffs in Europe last week. At present our home market is quotable at the same figure as before the European advance, but prices here are manifestly weaker than they were on the 1st of the month. We have now in port eleven vessels of the grain fleet, and one, perhaps two others, on their way up the river. Of these latter both are under charter and their cargoes in sight. Of those in port, three are loaded and about ready to sail, four others are loading rapidly, two of the remaining four are ready to load and their cargoes reported at hand, while the remaining two have not their ballast out. Several of these vessels were chartered prior to arrival, and the consignors expect to pocket a considerable loss on their cargoes. Others having been rechartered at the reduced rates, the difference will be made by the party first chartering to the party loading. A great deal of experience and business tact is necessary in those who would steer [illegible] in the grain business this year, but as a rule our market has been managed well, and producers who have elected to sell their grain have, generally, as we think, been paid as much as the many risks incurred by shippers and the state of foreign markets would justify.

Aside from the movement in breadstuffs there is no special activity in the produce market, and prices [illegible] rule steady at our last quotations.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamer for San Francisco did not sail to day, as previously announced, but will on Thursday next at noon.

The bark Cordova has been ordered to discharge her [illegible], when a survey of her hull will be made to ascertain the extent of her damage, if any, by her late mishap at the mouth of the river.

The vessels now loading at this port are the Valparaiso, Rifle, [illegible], and Privateer; the Reindeer and Glen [illegible] having finished.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—Sailed—British steamer McGregor, Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—Flour—$4 75a5 12½.
Wheat—Choice shipping, $1 52½; choice milling, $1 55.
Barley—Coast brewing, $1 30; light coast, $1 25; Bay brewing, $1 45a1 60.
Oats—Choice, $1 65@1 62½; light kinds, $1 35@1 45.
Hay—$10a17.
Corn—White, $1 45; yellow, $1 37½.
Rye—Good, $1 15.
Potatoes—Petaluma and Tomales, $1 25a1 40.

San Francisco Stock Market.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—Ophir 132; Gould & Curry 32; Savage 100; Chollar 71; Hale & Norcross 60¼; Point 67; Jacket 14¾; Belcher 48; Confidence 48½; Con. Va. 259; Overman 83½; California, 22½; Seg Belcher, 135.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

RE-OPENED!

CLARENDON HOTEL!

Corner of F and First Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURnished throughout in a superb manner, is now open for the reception of guests.

The Finest Rooms and the Best Table, in Oregon, at moderate prices.

Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the O. & C. and California and Oregon Central Railroads, and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company.

Street Cars pass the door.

Free Coach to and from the House.

Street Car tickets furnished free to guests.

HALLETT & KIMBALL.

THOMPSON HOUSE,

First and Jefferson Streets.

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 00
Board, without Lodging	4 00
Board and Lodging, per day	75

The House is new and hard finished, and the board is as good as any first class house.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Men with families will be charged moderately.

A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads

Employers in want of help, please call

Roseburg Hotel & Restaurant.

DOUGLAS CO., OREGON,
First Class House and the best in the City
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
GOOD BEDS AND CLEAN ROOMS.
GIVE ME A CALL.
H. H. HIGLEY, PROPRIETOR.
n3d3m

CHEMEKETA HOTEL,

SALEM, OREGON,
THOMAS SMITH, - PROPRIETOR.
Late of the Empire Hotel, The Dalles.

Having leased this Magnificent Hotel for a term of years, it will be my sole object to please.

Free Coach to the House. a18d1y

H. H. CARPENTER,

Not new Store but New Goods!

N. E. Corner First and Yamhill Streets.

CROCKERY, GLASS & CHINA WARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
LAMPS AND LANTERNS,
And a Fine Assortment of
VASES AND FANCY GOODS.
Also, GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c., &c.
H. H. CARPENTER.

Portland, Nov. 28, 1874. n28d&wtf

DRY GOODS.

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!

New Goods! New Goods!

THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE PUBLIC of Portland and vicinity that he has opened the

Great Eastern
CLOTHING STORE

On First street, between Morrison and Yamhill,
MONNASTES' NEW BUILDING,

The Stock comprises the very Latest Styles of

French and American Beaver Suits,
Scotch and Cheviot Suits,
Caston Beaver Suits,
Milton Suits,
And a full line of
BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SUITS,
Of the very Latest Styles.
CHILDREN'S GARIBALDIES, HATS and CAPS. Full Line of Men's & Boy's
FURNISHING GOODS,
TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

The above well selected Stock has been purchased at panic prices, and I am enabled to dispose of the same at prices which will defy competition.

WM. HARRIS.

n7 First st., Monnastes' New Building

TOBIN, DAVISSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF
American, English, French and German
FANCY GOOODS,
Perfumery, Millinery, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Small Wares, Stationery,
Linen Handkerchiefs, Pocket Cutlery,
Dress Trimmings, Hosiery, Yankee Notions, White Goods, Etc., Etc.
CORNER OF SUTTER & SANSOME STS.,
SAN FRANCISCO
s14d3m

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7.30 A. M.	Roseburg	7 10 P. M.
Roseburg	5.00 A. M.	Portland	4.15 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3.50 P. M.	Albany	8.25 P. M.
Albany	5.30 A. M.	Portland	10.05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6 15 A. M.	Junction	6.00 P. M.
Junction	5.45 A. M.	Portland	5.15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

☞Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing,
PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 4 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.,

To take Effect Monday, November 23, 1874, at 6 A. M.

Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	2.00 P. M.	St. Joseph	6.00 P. M.
St. Joseph	7.00 A. M.	Portland	11 00 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.

On and after Sunday, August 16, there will be no trains run on Sundays.

Freight received at the Company's New Warehouse, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11 20 A. M.	Tacoma	5.30 P. M.
Tacoma	6 30 A. M.	Kalama	12 40 P. M.

CONNECTING

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Wednesdays and Saturdays with Steamers for Victoria and Stikine Mines.

SUMMER EXCURSION

For Portland to Victoria and Return, via O. S. N. Co., N. P. R. R. and P. S. S. N. Co.

ROUND TRIP, $20!

To Tourists and Families forming CLUBS OF Five OR MORE, tickets, good for the entire season, will be sold for the above rates.

This route presents to tourists and pleasure parties one of the pleasantest and most comfortable trips on the Pacific coast.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.
H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.

Willamette River Transp'n Co.

Special Notice!

OWING TO AN ACCIDENT TO THE STEAMER "SHOSHONE," the Steamer "BEAVER" has been temporarily withdrawn from the Astoria Route.

Due notice will be given when she will return to that route.

FRANK T. DODGE,
d26tu1t Agent.

OSCAR KILBOURN & CO.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

☞A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

COAL! COAL!!

We have a nice lot of
PUGET SOUND COAL FOR SALE.
We want parties to
CALL AND TRY IT.
no23dtf EVERDING & FARRELL.

NOTICE.

NEITHER CAPTAIN WILKIE NOR THE UNdersigned is responsible for debts contracted by the crew of the "Reindeer," of Dundee.

WILLIAM REID, Agent.

Portland, Nov. 30, 1874. d5d4t

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS,

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange
(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on
SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,
Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on
LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President .... HENRY FAILING.
Cashier .... JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital........$1,562,500

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000 000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

BRANCHES
In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

AGENCIES
In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland,
New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

NO 6 POST STREET, MASONIC TEMPLE, San Francisco. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit—Dividends paid Semi Annually. Loans made on approved security. Certificates of Deposit issued payable at New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and the principal cities of the Atlantic States and Canada. This Bank solicits the patronage of all persons. Wm. H Culver, President; Frances Smith, Vice President; H. T. Graves, Sec'y; Leonidas K. Pratt, Attorney. a11d&w6m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic,

CURING

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach and Breath, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and Purifying the Blood, are the most congenial purgative yet perfected. Their effects abundantly show how much they excel all other Pills. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. They purge out the foul humors of the blood, they stimulate the sluggish or disordered organ into action, and they impart health and tone to the whole being. They cure not only the every day complaints of every body, but formidable and dangerous diseases. Most skillful physicians, most eminent clergymen, and our best citizens send certificates of cures performed and of great benefit they have derived from these Pills. They are the safest and best physic for children because mild as well as effectual. Being sugar coated, they are easy to take, and being purely vegetable, they are entirely harmless.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
DAVIS & SCHUYLER, Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY RELIEF OF

Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons,

Has been widely used during the last twenty-five years, in the treatment of these distressing diseases, and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes, or chills, once broken by it do not return until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy, and trusted specific for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayers' Ague Cure eradicates the noxious poison from the system, and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dysentery or Debility follow the cure. Indeed where Disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from Miasmatic Poison, it removes the cause of them and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure, but if taken occasionally by patients exposed to malaria it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travelers and temporary residents in Fever and Ague localities are thus enabled to defy the disease. The General Debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to Malaria and Miasm has no speedier remedy.

For Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy.

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GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
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CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
39 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco.
Refer by permission to R. C. KINNEY, Salem, Ogn.
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MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS, made to order, go to
J. BRADY,
No. 6 Washington Street
[illegible] promptly att[illegible] to.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1576.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN APPROPRIAtion out of the Street Lamp Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The sum of five hundred and thirty-three 50-100 dollars is hereby appropriated out of the Street Lamp Fund for the payment for gas consumed in the street lamps to Dec. 1, 1874.

Section 2. The Auditor is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant for the above amount in payment of the claim of the Portland Gas Light Co.

Passed the Common Council, December 2, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Dec. 4, 1874.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

d5d3t

Ordinance No. 1577.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Police Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Police Fund:

For pay of the Police force for services in November, 1874, eleven hundred and thirty five dollars.

For pay of the Police Force for services in the month of December 1874, eleven hundred and thirty-five dollars.

Passed the Common Council December 2, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved December 4, 1874.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

d5d5t

Ordinance No. 1578.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A CONTRACT with the Portland Gas Light Co. for lighting street lamps.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to enter into a contract with the Portland Gas Light Co. for a term not exceeding two years for furnishing gas, lighting, turning off and keeping clean all the street lamps now erected and fitted, or which may be hereafter erected and fitted for burning gas, at a rate not exceeding five dollars per lamp per month.

Section 2. Said contract shall contain the following provisions: That all lamps lit thereunder shall be kept lit during the hours specified in a calendar to be prepared and kept on file in the Auditor's Office, the aggregate number of hours of which shall not exceed the aggregate of a calendar filed Feb. 25, 1874, for the year ending March 1, 1875.

That the gas shall be of good quality, equal to the gas now in use, turned on to the full capacity of the burners. The burners shall be furnished by and be under the control of the City, and of the size and style now in use, or any improvement thereon, burning the same quantity of gas.

That the said Company shall keep the lamps clean and report promptly all repairs needed to ensure an efficient light. That the City shall make connections with the Company's mains for new lamps from time to time as may be deemed expedient, and the mains are extended within fifty feet of such lamps. That the claims for service under said contract shall be presented monthly and paid in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1414, providing for the payment of salaries upon the certificate of the Superintendent of Streets, approved by the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Section 3. Said contract shall also contain a provision to the effect that a failure to light or keep lit any lamp or lamps during any of the hours specified in said list or calendar, caused by the negligence of the contractor, pay therefor shall be forfeited and an additional sum equal to one tenth of the monthly contract price for lighting such lamp for each and every night of such failure.

Passed the Common Council December 2, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved December 4, 1874.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

d5d5d

City Assessment.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment Roll of the City of Portland has been duly filed, and will remain open at the Auditor's Office until JANUARY 1, 1875, prior to which time all applications for corrections of errors must be filed.

Particular attention is directed to the following section of Ordinance No. 1113.

Section 3. Any person deeming himself aggrieved by the assessment valuation, or listing of property, may apply to the Common Council for a revision of the same.

Such application shall contain a list of all the property subject to taxation for city purposes, owned by, in the hands of, or under the control of the applicant, and a concise statement of the particular item or items claimed to be erroneously assessed, which said application shall in all cases be verified by oath or affirmation of the applicant, and must be filed with the Auditor before the 1st day of JANUARY following the date of the filing of the Assessment Roll.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

December 1, 1874. d2dtd

Montgomery Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the city of Portland propose to improve that part of Montgomery street lying between the west line of First street and the east line of Fourth street, by grading, planking the roadway full width and relaying sidewalks where necessary.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec. 5, 1874. d5d10t

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland, dated Nov. 21st 1874, commanding me to levy upon Lot number six in Block 313 in the city of Portland, and collect assessment thereon, amounting to forty-five 34-100 dollars ($45 34), for the improvement of B street, between North Thirteenth street and the western boundary of said city, I have this day levied upon said Lot 6 in Block 313, and on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of December, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the court house door, in said city of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said Lot 6 to the highest bidder therefor, to pay said assessments, costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U. S. gold and silver coin.

J. H. LAPPEUS, Chief of Police.

Portland, Dec. 1, 1874. d2d1aw4t

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland, dated Nov. 21st, 1874, commanding me to levy upon Lot number one in Block 105, Couch's Addition to the city of Portland, and collect assessment thereon amounting to one hundred and twenty eight 83-100 dollars ($128 83), for the improvement of B street, between North Thirteenth street and the western boundary of said city, I have this day levied upon said Lot one in Block 105, and on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of December, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the court house door, in said city of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said Lot one to the highest bidder therefor, to pay said assessments, costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U. S. gold and silver coin.

J. H. LAPPEUS, Chief of Police.

Portland, Dec 1, 1874. d2d1aw4t

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of a Warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, dated Nov. 21st, 1874, commanding me to levy upon lot Number four in Block 105, Couch's Addition to the city of Portland, and collect assessment thereon amounting to one hundred and three, 2-100 dollars ($103 02), for the improvement of B street, between North Thirteenth street and the western boundary of said city, I have this day levied upon said Lot four in Block 105, and on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of December, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the court House door, in said city of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said Lot 4 to the highest bidder therefor, to pay said assessments, costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U. S. gold and silver coin.

J. H. LAPPEUS, Chief of Police.

Portland, Dec. 1, 1874. d2d1aw4t

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland, dated Nov. 21st, 1874, commanding me to levy upon Lot number seven in Block 315, in the city of Portland, and collect assessment thereon, amounting to ninety 41-100 dollars, ($90 41) for the improvement of B street, between North Thirteenth street and the western boundary of said city, I have this day levied upon said Lot seven in Block 315, and on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of December, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the court house door in said city of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said Lot 7 to the highest bidder therefor, to pay said assessments, costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U. S. gold and silver coin.

J. H. LAPPEUS, Chief of Police.

Portland, Dec. 1, 1874. d2d1aw4t

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the city of Portland, dated Nov. 21st, 1874, commanding me to levy upon Lot number five in Block 313, in the city of Portland, and collect assessment thereon, amounting to four hundred and eight 8-100 dollars, ($408 08) for the improvement of B street, between North Thirteenth street and the western boundary of said city, I have this day levied upon said Lot 5 in Block 313, and on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of December, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the court house door, in said city of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, will sell said Lot 5 to the highest bidder therefor, to pay said assessments, costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U. S. gold and silver coin.

J. H. LAPPEUS, Chief of Police.

Portland, Dec. 1, 1874. d2d1aw4t

Rock River Paper Company's

PATENT
FELT ROOFING.
PUT ON FOR $6 50 PER SQUARE.
PREPARED PLASTERING BOARD,
Sheathing and Carpet Paper.

For sale by H. C. MORRICE,
Glisan's Buildings, First st., near Ash.

Regalia and Trimmings,
ONLY REGALIA HOUSE IN THE STATE.
MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS,
[illegible], Fringes,
[illegible], Etc.

H. C. MORRICE,
Glisan's Buildings, First st., near Ash.

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SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 12 D[illegible] Building.

C. B. BELLINGER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Room 18, Dekum's Building,
Portland, Oregon.

W. W. MORELAND,
Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

GEO. H. DURHAM. H. Y. THOMPSON.

DURHAM & THOMPSON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
109 First street, opposite Occidental Hotel, Portland.

C. M. KINCAID,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Odd Fellows' Temple,
Room No. 10.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in [illegible]'s Building, Cor. First and Ash Streets, Portland.

JOHN M. GEARIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room 20, Dekum's Building

A. C. GIBBS. E. G. HUGHES.

GIBBS & HUGHES,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
Room No. 4, Dekum's Building.

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Or.

MARKETS.

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,
Has returned to the
COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,
Where he will be prepared to supply F[illegible]
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.
E. H. GARLING,
Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, [illegible] BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SMITH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his
NEW BUTCHER SHOP,
Washington St., one door [illegible] of Third.

HARDWARE IRON AND STEEL.

JOHN R. FOSTER,
CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.
Dealer in
Howe's Platform and Counter Scales.
THE BEST IN USE.
Shelf and Builders' Hardware.
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY
Miners's Goods,
Nails, Rope, Shovels, Anvils, Axes, Etc

All of which are offered at the L[illegible]

He invites buyers to call and examine [illegible] purchasing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention to [illegible] Builders' Hardware and House Tri[illegible] WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

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DR. S. PARKER

OFFERS HIS SERVICES AS PHYSICIAN, SURgeon and Accoucher to the people of CLACKAMAS COUNTY who may be in need of medical attendance. Office—Oregon City, Ward & Harding's Drug Store. Residence—Main street, East [illegible] but one to R. Canfield's store.

JOHN S. PILKINGTON, M. D.
OCULIST AND AURIST.
ROOM 2—DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.
Office Hours—10 to 12, 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. CHAS. SHUMACHER,
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Per Steamer Ajax,
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GO TO
JOE WATSON'S
(63 Front street,)
TO-NIGHT
For an A No. 1 Oyster Stew.

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M. KEITH,
Importer and Planter in
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Shoalwater Bay Oysters.
90 First Street, Portland.

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J. SIMON & CO.,
58 FRONT STREET.
DEALERS IN
DOORS AND BLINDS
WINDOW SASH, ETC.
1,000 Boxes Glass
ENAMELED GLASS.
STAINED GLASS,
CRYSTAL SHEET,
And CUT GLASS,
PRICES REDUCED
☞Call before purchasing elsewhere.
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Old BOURBON WHISKY,
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FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.
431 Jackson St., San Francisco,
And 35 Front Street, Portland, Oregon

THOMAS MAGEE,
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REAL ESTATE AGENT,
AND PUBLISHER OF
REAL ESTATE CIRCULAR,
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City Real Estate sold at full rates for absentees, and Investments made for those seeking city property. a12d3m

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North First st., bet. B and C, [illegible]

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[illegible]

A SUFFERER FROM [illegible]

FAIRBA[illegible]

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1,500 to 6,000

WAGON

6,000 to 40,000

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WARRANTED THE STANDARD

BEWARE OF IMITA[illegible]

GOLDSMITH & [illegible]

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DOMINION.